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REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

REGD. NO. B. 1065

PRICE: ONE ANNA

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VOL. XXIII. 154 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1935 SIXTEEN PAGES

26 DAYS UNDER DEBRIS, YET ALIVE!

NEXT SESSN OF ASSEMY

Will Meet On 2 But Will Not Elimi Special Sessi

SIML e 28.

Sir Abdur Rahim, nt of the Assembly, is expe reach Bombay on August and to arrive here on the 24 ust.

It is stated that the dura-tion and agenda of next session of the Assemb med a part of discussion in eroy's Executive Council met twice last week. An al an-nouncement is expect hortly. The forecast that the n will commence on Monda e 2nd September and co on Saturday the 28th s o be fairly accurate.

The Legislative Depar it is learnt, was keen on g a longer session and thus ing a special session in Nove but the idea had ultim to be given up on the reaso that even if the session could start-ed a fortnight earlier it not exclude the possibility a special session becaus the heavy nature of the ags In that case it will have be less to hurry Sir Abdur R and ask him to cut short his lean hour for an earlier session it-self.

STOP PRE

U. S. ADMINISTRATION LL

(Special Cable).

WASHINGTON, Ju

Following President Roo's message to Congress yesterde Administration Bill removing p of holders (governed) of secies employing gold clause and ir right to claim damagin courts was introduced by Mr. Steagall. Chairman House Representatives' Banking Comm. who said the Bill will be take by the Banking Committee Monday and reported on to House after about two days' ing.

The Bill stipulates that no der of the United States mon securities has suffered any da as a result of measures heret taken by the Government on monetary programme.

SETH WALCHAND ON IND SHIPPING.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

PARIS, June

The scheme for Rationalisa of shipping with a view to res ing economic freight rates lined by Lord Essendon at the ternational Chamber of Comm was criticised by Seth Walch Hirachand on the ground t it considered only the existing not potential supply tonna Seth Walchand agreed gove mental intervention in shipbui ing for political and not econo reasons was undesirable but s that there are countries wher is perfectly legitimate as m cantile marine is inadequa quoted the case of India and s the Indian national shippi owned only two per cent of h seaborne trade and attempts increase her tonnage were co sequently legitimate.

The scheme explained by Lo Essendon drawn up under th auspices of the Internation Shipping Conference provide compensation to owners for layin up or scrapping tonnage through international pool to be formed governmental co-operation in levy-ing a tax on all vessels.

Lord Essendon said that the scheme was already successfully applied to tankers.

Future Of "Free Press" In Balance

SEQUEL TO SECURITY FORFEITURE

Will Cease Publication Unless New Declaration Is Made

With the forfeiture of its security and failure to file a new declaration permission for which was granted by the Bombay Government, the future of "The Free Press Journal" has become uncertain. It is, however, certain that unless the new declaration is filed the "Journal" cannot come out as usual.

It is understood that, in the mean time, a meeting of the debenture holders of the Free Press of India Ltd. was held on Friday where the trustees were authorised to take necessary action to realise the debenture securities.

It is further understood that Mr. Sadanand, Editor of the "Free Press Journal", is holding consultations with those prominently associated with the concern regarding its future. A meeting of his supporters likely to be held to-day (Saturday) will finally decide the future of the concern.

The Government of Bombay have given permission to file a fresh declaration to the publisher of the Free Press Journal, the security of Rs. 20,000 of which was forfeited on June 19 last, under Sec. 8, Cl 1, of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931.

Sec. 8, cl (2) of the Act, states, "After the expiry of ten days of the issue of a notice under sub-section (1) declaring a security or any portion thereof, to be forfeited, the declaration made by the publisher of such newspapr under section 5 of the Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867, shall be deemed to be annulled."

The former declaration having thus been annulled, the publisher of the Free Press Journal had to file a fresh declaration.

There is a further provision in the Act with regard to newspapers, where, security has been forfeited more than once.

Section 10, sub-section (2), which deals with such instances, states: "After the expiry of ten days from the date of the issue of a notice under sub-section (1), the declaration made by the publisher of such newspaper under section 5 of the Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867, shall be deemed to be annulled and no further declaration in respect of such newspaper shall be made save with the permission of the Local Government."

As required under the above provision, Mr. S. Sadanad, the Editor, wrote to the Government seeking permission to file a fresh declaration.

As laid down in the same Act, the person filing such a declaration "shall deposit with the Magistrate before whom the declaration is made, security to such an amount, not being less than one thousand or more than ten thousand rupees, as the Magistrate may think fit to require. . ."

The Government have given permission to the publisher to file a fresh declaration.

The period of ten days after the forfeitur eof the deposit expired, on Friday.

Unless, therefore, a fresh declaration was filed, no issue of the "Free Press Journal" could be brought out after midnight of Friday.

The latest issue of the "Free Press Journal" was published at 11 p.m., on Friday.

The Government, it is stated, explained the position to the publisher of the "Journal," that under the provisions of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, no extension of time could be allowed for the filing of the declaration.

The declaration was to be filed immediately after the expiry of the period of 10 days of the forfeiture.

Until therefore, a fresh declaration is filed the "Journal" it will have to cease publication.

ANEY TO MEET KELKAR

Will Discuss Future Of Democratic Swaraj Party

YEOTMAL, June 28.

Mr. M. S. Aney, leader of the ationalist Party in the Legisla-ive Assembly, left for Poona to ave a heart to heart walk with r. N. C. Kelkar regarding the uture of the Democratic Swaraj arty.—A. P.

EMPSTER'S TALL SCORE

akes 100 Runs Through Boundaries

LONDON, June 28.

pster who is qualifying for t, hit with delightful free-all round the wicket, scored dred runs through boundaries. is innings lasted two hours y minutes.

partnership with Bradshaw the sixth wicket he put on 170 in 115 minutes. Bradshaw's chief hits were six fours.—Reuter's Special.

IDDON'S BRILLIANT BATTING.

Derbyshire won an exciting match against Lancashire. This is their first victory at Old Trafford since 1911.

Iddon in innings lasting 185 minutes hit 14 fours.

THREE BURIED UNDER DEBRIS

13 Coolies Injured Sequel To Rock-burst In Oorgaum Mines

MADRAS, June 28.

A telegram from Oorgaum says that 13 coolies were injured, one or two seriously and three others are buried under the debris as a result of a serious rockburst in Champion Reef mines on Wednesday night.

The injured persons were removed to the hospital while the three men are still under the debris.

Efforts are being made to rescue them.—A.P.

College Boys Extricate Cow

STORY OF RESCUED CAT AND KITTENS

LAHORE, June 28.

The party of 24 college boys and scouts who had gone to Quetta for relief work and worked there under Mr. Hogg, Provincial Scout Secretary, returned to Lahore last evening. They said that they population in the race course camp now numbered about 2,270 and 400 patients were still in hospital.

The boys who had taken part in salvage operations in civil lines said that a cow was taken out alive from the debris on the 26th inst., 26 days after the earthquake. Four days previously, that is on the 22nd, a cat and two kittens were taken out alive from the shelf of an almirah in the debris. Both the cow and the cat were unable to take in any food at first but later revived. The cat's leg and eye were injured. One of the kittens has been brought to Lahore by the boys.

Interviewed in this connection the Veterinary Officer said that animals could live for long periods without food or water and instances were known in which they had so remained for 40 days. —A.P.

ZANZIBAR INDIANS

S. O. S. To Andrews

SIMLA, June 28.

Mr. C. F. Andrews received the following cable from the Indian Association, Zanzibar.

"Indians are greatly perturbed in Zanzibar at their issue receding into the background. They would urge immediate action."

WIMBLEDON SURPRISES

France's Leading Player Beaten By America's Youthful Prodigy

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 28.

In the Wimbledon Championships the first upset was provided in the third round of the Women's singles where in Mrs. Fearnley Whittingstall who a few months ago almost decided to retire from the first class tennis defeated Peggy Scriven one of the three seeded English girls 6/3 6/2.

Kathleen Stammers the British Hardcourt s Champion in one of the best performances of her career beat Chilean star Anitalizana 6/2 3/6.

The other third-rounders are Saunders (Great Britain) beat Mary Heeley, British Internationalist 6/2 6/4 Joanhartigan beat Meule Meester (Belgium) 4/6 6/1 10/8. Donald Budge one of America's youthful prodigies beat Boussus, France's leading player 6/3, 6/2 3/6 6/0.

In the fourth round German champion Vocnramm playing one of the most classical games has seen Wimbledon disposed the other promising American youngster Genemako 6/0 6/1 3/6 6/1.

Fredperry and Dorothyround had easy victories and Perry beat Pallada (Jugoslovakia) 6—2. 6—2. 0—6 6—2 and entered last eight. Round beat Hargreaves (Great Britain) and reached last 16.

EDEN'S VISIT TO ROME AND PARIS

(Special Cable)

LONDON, June 28.

Sir Samuel Hoare will make a statement in the House of Commons on Monday regarding Capt. Eden's visit to Paris and Rome.

Armed Police Repel Rebel Forces

LEADERS IMPRISONED

Order Restored In Peking Before Citizens Prepare For Evacuation

TOKIO, June 28.

Martial law has been declared in Peking following the reported attempt of a band of thousand Chinese irregulars to force their way through the south gate. The troops of the city drove back the irregulars to Fengtai where they remain in the possession of the railway station.

The irregulars destroyed the railway track and communications between Peking and Tientsin are interrupted. Fighting it is reported, is proceeding.

WANFULING'S REBEL FORCES

The rebel forces belonged to the command of Wanfuling, who himself participated in the defence of the city.

Chinese circles allege, they are acting on behalf of the famous Marshal Wupeifu who was recently living quietly at Tientsin. The attackers threw shrapnel in many parts of the city from an armoured train to which the defenders replied with machine-guns and french mortars.

A communique says, mutineers are fleeing from Fengtai towards the demilitarised zone.

MARTIAL LAW LIFTED

LATER.

PEKING, June 28.

Martial law is lifted this noon.

The rebel leaders are imprisoned.

It transpires that the Chinese troops, believed to be remnants of Yuhsuehchung's army occupied Fengtai Railway station, but an attempt to enter the city headed by an armoured car by the Yungting gate which was hurriedly barricaded by sand-bags was repulsed by armed police aided by General Wanguling's troops.

Simultaneously police thwarted an uprising within the city, planned by a group of "Plain clothes" men.

The residents have begun preparation for hasty evacuation, but order has now been restored. The Japanese authorities announce that there is no cause for intervention at present.—Reuter.

Perry Wins Open Golf Championship

Burly Professional Sets Up Amazing Record At Muirfield

(Special Cable)

MUIRFIELD, June 28.

Sunshine tempered with a stiff south-westerly breeze and ideal golfing conditions enabled leaders to end the third round of the open championship.

Perry won the British Open Golf Championship at Muirfield to-day with the aggregate of 283, that is, 69/75 67/72.

Perry, the burly leather-head professional and former assistant of James Braid has the amazing record in the third round.

Going out: 5; 2; 4; 4; 3; 4; 3; 2; 3; 4; Birdie's fifth sixth and seventh holes; Eagle eighth hole; Homecoming 5; 4; 4; 2; 4; 4; 3; 5; 4.

LEADERS IN FOURTH ROUND.

The fourth round leaders at 4 p.m. are Charles Whitcombe 76/288, Kenyon 29/297, Allis 75/298, Ernest Whitcombe 78/299 Reginald Whitcombe 82/303.

Perry's 283 equals the record. Padgham of Sundridgepark was the second scoring 287. 70/72 74/71.

Charles Waitcombe of Crewshill was third 71/68, 73/76.

The fourth place was shared by Bert Gadd of Brandhall 72/75, 71/71, and Lawson Little of America 75/71 74/69, Little being the leading Amateur.

Henry Picard of America was sixth 72/73. 72/75.

Henry Cotton was seventh 68/74, 76/75.

THE SCORES.

Perry 67; Aggregate 211;
Charles Whitcombe 73 and 213;
Padgham 74 and 218;
Picard 73 and 217;
Cotton 76 and 218;
Kenyon 74 and 218;
Gadd 71 and 218;
Lawson Little 74 and 220;
Boomer 75 and 220;
MacDonald Smith 75 and 221
Padgham 71 and 287.
Lawsonlittle 69 and 289.
Picard 75 and 292.
Easterbrook 71 and 293.
Ayton (senior) from Southshields 74, 73, 77, 71.
Boyer 71 and 296.
Boomer 77 and297.
Busson 78 and 297.
Rodgers 75 and 299.
Lacey 80 and 300.
Davies 75 and 303.
Mahon 75 and 306.
Sweeny 82, 80. 307.
Gadd 71/289;
Cotton 75/293;
Branch 74/294;
Coxs 75/297;
MacDonald Smith 78/299;
Brews 74/302.

"PRINCESS ROYAL" MAKES RECORD RUN

Midland Scottish Engine Does 194 Miles In 186 Minutes

LONDON, June 28.

(Special Cable)

Fastest run on record between Liverpool and London, 194 miles, was made in 186 minutes by the Midland Scottish Locomotive, "Princess Royal," drawing 15 [illegible] over 160 tons.

RAJEN BABU'S PUNJAB TOUR

Will Renew His Efforts To Unite Two Wings Of Congress

LAHORE, June 28.

According to the latest arrangements Babu Rajendra Prasad's Punjab programme will extend till 5th July.

Mr. Jamnalal Bajaj is arriving here to-morrow from Mussoorie and Dr. Khan Sahib Dhularam of Deraghazikhan and others are expected by the 30th. After paying flying visits to Sheikhupura, Lyallpur and Jaranwala to-day and to-morrow, Babu Rajendra Prasad will return in time to attend the Central Committee's first meeting at eleven on Sunday morning, second meeting will be held on 1st July.

From 2nd July to 5th July, Babu Rajendra Prasad will visit other towns in the Punjab. The local Congressmen are working to present a large sum to Babu Rajendra Prasad for Quetta Relief.

It is understood that the President will renew his efforts to unite the two wings of the Punjab Congress in which connection Congressmen will meet Babu Rajendra Prasad on the 1st of July.—A. P.

U. P. SPECIAL POWERS' BILL

May Be Extended For Another Three Years

NAINITAL, June 28.

It is considered likely that the U. P. Government would extend the Special Powers Bill for another three years though no definite decision on the matter has yet been arrived at.

The Bill will not come up for consideration at this session of the Council which is expected to conclude on 2nd July.—A. P.

INDIAN JOURNALISTS CONFERENCE

R. C. Chairman To Consult Chintamani

ALLAHABAD, June 28.

Mr. Mrinal Kanti Ghose, president of the Indian Journalists' Association and chairman of the Reception Committee of the forthcoming All-India Journalist Conference is in Allahabad to meet Mr. C. Y. Chintamani, in connection with the Conference.

He met several Journalists in Allahabad.—United Press.

HUNT FOR COMMUNIST LITERATURE

Editor Of Calcutta Daily Arrested And Let Out On Bail

NEW DELHI, June 28.

Mr. Niranjan Singh Talib of the "Deshdarpan", a Punjabi Daily of Calcutta, who was searched yesterday in the running train between Lahore and Ludhiana, for alleged possession of Communist literature was arrested to-day by the Delhi police in connection with some sedition case that is going on in Calcutta.

Mr. Talib was produced before the Additional District Magistrate who enlarged him on bail, which was furnished by Dewan Singh, editor of "Riyasat."

It will be recalled that Mr. Talib was Secretary to the Ex-Maharaja of Nabha.—United Press.

KING RETURNS TO LONDON

(Special Cable)

LONDON, June 28.

The King returned to London from Sandringham looking brown well after the recent rest ordered for his throat.

TABULATED ADLETS

ONE Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Deparument, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Educated home trained beautiful Parsi Ladies of diverse ages, capable of big dowries contemplate matrimony with Parsee Bachelors of decent earning and education. For particulars apply to Yazdana Matrimonial Bureau,, 668, Parsee Colony, Dadar. (4427).

5. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted an Accountant and Head Clerk with good experience of Life Office apply to the Secretary, B. N. Railway Death Benefit Fund, Ltd., Chakradharpur, B. and O." (1287).

Wanted Immediately thoroughly experienced Stenographers, Anglo-Indian Motor Driver-Mechanic, Apply personally Asiatic Service Bureau, Fourth Flour, Ismail Bldg., 381, Hornby Road. (4452).

Required Supervisors to control Folding and Bundling Departments in Making-up Departments of Mill in Bombay manufacturing high class qualities, please apply giving full particulars of experiences and qualifications and stating salary required to Box No. 1289 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted urgently for Bombay Mill, Carding, Spinning, Dyeing-Bleaching, and Weaving Masters. Apply with certificates personally or State in details salary required Royal Service Agency 369/371 Hornby Road, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay. (4449).

Wanted a graduate with Persian. Expected to join services immediately. Apply with testimonials, pay, mother tongue etc to the chairman, Modasa Education Society, Modasa (Dist. Ahmedabad). (1279.)

Wanted highly competent Bleacher, Finisher, Dyer for Bombay Mill, experienced in fine counts fancy goods and Cheese dyeing preferred. Apply Box 4417, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted young and energetic Clerks for Weaving Department of local Cotton Mill. Those who hold full experience need apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 1266, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an Experienced and clever folding jobber having knowledge of English and good Experience of the folding line. Apply with testimonials Box No. 4438, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Intelligent, Matriculated, diligent youths under twenty for Electric apparatus manufacture. Partial investment essential. One year's unpaid training free. Apply Box No. 4425, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Branch Secretaries, Superintendents, lady superintendents and agents upto Rs. 250 p. m. Apply Lakshmi Bonds Corporation Ltd., Lahore, (4423).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Experienced Motor Driver seeks employment. Excellent testimonials, please apply Gujarsing, 8|10, Bora Bazaar Street, Holichakia, Fort, Bombay. (4443).

12. TO BE LET

To Let at Khar, 12th Road, near Ramkrishna Mission Ashram, a fine bungalow with electric lights, outhouses, garden and garage. Rent moderate. Apply F. J. Ginwala, 107, Esplanade Road, Fort. Phone 22777. (4442).

To Let—Chowpatty, Gilbert Building flat of four large bed-rooms, near Babulnath. Apply Kanji Cursondas, 187, Hornby Road. (4441)

To let spacious and airy Godowns, pucca built, 20 ft. high measuring 75 x 75 with bath rooms situate at Nesbit Hall, Nesbit Road, Mazagaon. Apply Mithibai Merwanjee Jeejeebhoy. (4395).

42. SECONDHAND WANTED.

Wanted second-hand circular mild steel tanks in good condition capacity 25,000 gallons or more. Write giving full particulars, dimensions price, etc. to Box No. 4434, "Bombay Chronicle."

38. PETROL PUMPS.

Cheap Petrol—One rupee per gallon Bombay Delivery. Register your requirements with Resoline Agency Bombay No. 21. (4450).

44. MEDICAL.

For Ladies Dreading Pregnancy: Menestrin Capsules are the safest contraceptive by mouth. Price Rs. 1-8 per bottle. Stockists:—P. M. Zaveri and Co., Princess Street, Bombay, or from manufacturers, Oriental Research Laboratory, Vepery, Madras. (4266).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Secure Jobs—Join at once Saraswati Commercial Institute, Parel which imparts expert training in all commercial subjects. (4445).

For expert and excellent French tuition special or in classes. Apply to Dighe veteran French Specialist, Hanuman Terrace, near Pathe. (4451).

Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution, established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Expert individual training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy. Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (4322).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Fresh Classes for Diploma Courses, such as F.C.R.A., F.S.P.A., F.I.S.A., F.C.C.S., D Com. M C and Shorthand are started. Enrol soon to avoid disappointment. ALEXANDRA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE (Estd. 1905), York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. (4448)

Senior Cambridge Institute has got an up-to-date staff to coach you for Cambridge examinations. Last date of enrollment for December examination 10th July. Apply immediately Senior Cambridge Institute, Sirdar High School premises near Pathe Cinema, Lamington Road. (1176).

Learn:—Electrical and Radio Engineering. City and Guilds London Diplomas. Low charges. Recognised instructions. Prospectus on three annas stamps. Bombay Technical Institute, Bombay 10 (4318).

American Dental College—intensely practical dental training leading to successful career. Excellent facilities. Efficient Staff. Session begins 15th July. For Illustrated Prospectus, apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D. D. S. Karachi. 4307

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Marriage Financial Aid. Given up to Rs. 100 by purchasing marriage gift certificates of rupee one each. Admission as. 4. Chief Agents and Organisers wanted. Lakshmi Bonds Corp. Ltd., 35 Nisbat Road, Lahore. (4424).

2,500 Loan granted with Thousand Rupees Policy. Apply with testimonials for Agency. Unemployed preferred. Shakti Insurance Co. Ltd., Fort, Bombay. (4436)

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Agents Wanted—Applications are invited on handsome commission and salary up to Rs. 150 per month to introduce silk sarris and suitings manufactured in our mills. Apply to:—The Punjab Textile Mills, Ravi Road, Lahore (Punjab). (4328).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

75. INVESTMENTS.

Belgian Government Guaranteed Bonds. Safest investment, big prices. Authorized Agents, Kass and Co., Parsee Bazaar Street, Bombay. Agents wanted. (9867).

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Ten years' annual life reading. Rupees Two. State Birth Time, date, year. Poolors, Bakerahmed Street, Secunderabad. (4419)

118, TAILORING

Assured way to earn decent living in 6 months, is to get trained in Scientific Tailoring with London Diploma. Rao's Tailoring College Sai Bhuvan, Princess Street, Bombay. (4447).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Sexus Paste, best Contraceptive Jelly. Complete outfit, Rs. 2,12. Refill, Rs. 2. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (4440).

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Appreciable extraordinary delicious Bombay, Langra, Krishen Bhog mangoes Rs. 5 per 100 net. Safe arrival guarranteed season poor. Advance immediately Grafts Catalogue Free. Supdt. Raja Nursery, Darbhanga, No. 21, Bihar. (4420).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE VULCAN INSURANCE CO LD

Lost Or Mislaid.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that (10) ten shares Nos. 67013 to 67022 of above company standing in the name of Vadilal Sankalchand Vora are LOST or MISLAID. Any claim in the respect of the above should be notified to the above company within one month from the date hereof otherwise duplicate share certificates will be issued to the said share holder.

(Sd.) VADILAL SANKALCHAND VORA. 4446.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

SEWERAGE SCHEME FOR THE NORTHERN PART OF BOMBAY.

TENDERS for works in the construction of Main Sewer (N3-M3) from the junction of Elphinstone and Sayani Roads to the proposed Pumping Station near the Purification Works at Dadar, will be received upto 1-0 P.M. (Bombay Time) on WEDNESDAY, the 17th July, 1935.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender together with a deposit of Rs. 2,500.

Forms of tender, specifications, &c., will be issued on payment of Rs. 5 to any one deputed to receive them by the City Engineer, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the Tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

N. V. MODAK.,
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices.
Hornby Road, Fort.
Bombay, 27th June, 1935.
1284

Legal Notices

NOTICE

Re: Estate of EMILY CARMELINE FERREIRA .... Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claim against the estate of the late Emily Carmeline Ferreira also known as "Amelia C. Ferreira" also as "Mrs. Amelia C. Ferreira Miranda", Indian Christian Inhabitant, late of House No. 11D Nickadwadi Oart, Girgaum, Bombay, who died a widow at Charac Clinic Hospital, Charni Road, Bombay, on the 5th day of January, 1935, and Probate to whose Will was granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 11th day of April, 1935, to Mr. Lawrence Mary Miranda the brother of the deceased and the sole executor named in the Will of the said deceased, are requested to send in their claims within one month from this date to the undersigned Solicitors for the said Executor, at their Office in Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, after which date the Executor will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognised.

And all persons indebted to or holding any Securities or property belonging to the said deceased are hereby required forthwith to pay the amount owing by them and/or to deliver up the said Securities or the property as the case may be to the said Executor at the Office of the said Attorneys Messrs. LITTLE and Co., at their address aforesaid.

Dated this 29th day of June, 1935.

LITTLE & CO.,
Attorneys for the Executor.
1292

Public Notices

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY INFORMED that Messrs. A. GHASWALA and DAMJI N. BHOJANI are no more our Agents. Those dealing with them in respect of our Society shall be doing so on their own responsibility.

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR.
The Golden Provident Funds Society Ltd.,
4453.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LTD. S.D.30.

Lost Allotment Letter.

Notice is hereby given that Allotment Letter No. 5872 in respect of Ten Ordinary Shares Nos. 433886 to 433895 standing in the name of the late Mr. Antone Doming Gonsalves has been lost, mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Post—Fort, Bombay, No. 1, within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate Allotment Letter will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1935.
DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN,
Attorneys for Aujeline widow of Antone Doming Gonsalves.
(1286)

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

Insolvency No. 471 of 1934.

Re: ARDESAR RUSTOMJI LAKDAWALA alias DAROOWALA of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant, residing at 93, D'Lima Street, Mazagaon, Lately a Liquor merchant doing business in Country and Foreign Liquors in his own name at D'Lima Street, Reay Road and also conducting Liquor shops of Indirabai Narayan and Others at Gunpowder Road, of Darasha Hormasji Bharucha at Bhendy Bazar, of C. D. Umrigar at Duncan Road, of Jehangir Ardeshir at Mujawar Pakhadi Road and Byculla and of Framroze Ardeshir at Vincent Road upto April 1933 and also a Landed Proprietor: An Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 20th day of August 1935 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 26th day of June, 1935.
S. J. RAHIMTOOLA.
Offg. Insolvency Registrar.
1288.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will of BHUKHANDAS BRIJVALLABHDAS DESAI alias BHUKHANDAS BHANABHAI, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Sandhurst Road, without the Fort of Bombay a Government Pensioner. .... Deceased

(1) JADAVBAI alias JADAVAVAHU, widow of the said Bhukhandas Brijvallabhdas Desai, residing at Sandhurst Road, (2) RAMLAL MANEKLAL SURTI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Clerk at 3rd Parsi Wada, Girgaum, without the Fort of Bombay. (3) CHHABILDAS BHUKHANDAS, a Merchant, and (4) RAMANLAL RANGILDAS, an Articled Clerk, the last two of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Sandhurst Road, without the Fort of Bombay .... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness CECIL PATRICK BLACKWELL, Esquire, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 25th day of June, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-five and in the 26th year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 25th day of June, 1935.
Messrs BHIMJI & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
1291

Legal Notices

Re: LOSS OF SHARES CERTIFICATES and TRANSFER DEEDS of the OKHA CEMENT COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificates of the above Company relating to shares Nos. 15837 to 15841 standing in the joint names of Dilfina D'Souza and Francis Desouza and to shares Nos. 21331 to 21335 standing in the joint names of Savitagavri Chhotalal Shivlal and Madangavri Kanchandlal Manchharam and to shares Nos. 1330 to 1334 standing in the name of Premji Chaturbhuj and the relative transfer deeds signed by the abovenamed parties as Transferors and the Share Certificates relating to shares Nos. 3027 to 3031 and 14057 to 14066, standing in the name of Haji Abdulla Noormahomed have been STOLEN, LOST or MISLAID, from or by our client Haji Abdulla Noormahomed. Any claim in respect of these Share Certificates and the shares comprised in the Certificates and Transfer Deeds should be notified within one month to the Registered Office of the Company, Yusuf Buildings, Church Gate Street, Bombay, otherwise duplicate share Certificates will be issued in the names of the aforesaid holders of the shares to the said Haji Abdulla Noormahomed. Dated this 28th day of June, 1935.

THAKOREDAS & CO.
Attorneys for Haji Abdulla Noormahomed.
1285.

Auction Sales

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE ON SUNDAY THE 30TH JUNE 1935 AT 10-30 IN THE MORNING.

BONAFIDE SALE of Secondhand Motor Cars, Motor Trucks, Buses and Commercial Vehicles of various makes:—Austin, Fiat, Morris, Chrysler, Essex, Hillman, Standard, Hudson, Studebaker, Wolseley, etc. being closing of Messrs. L. Lari and Co., at Arthur Bunder, Colaba, on SUNDAY, the 30th June, 1935, at 10-30 a.m.

Cars on view.

25 per cent. deposit will be required at the time of sale and the balance shall be paid and the cars removed within three days of the sale.

Further particulars may be obtained from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

GANDHI & CO.

Telephone No. 24927.

SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT FALKLAND ROAD, 8TH CROSS LANE.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Desai & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Okhaji Jivanji & Co., the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Bai Halimabai, wife of Mahomed Ebrahim and Guardian of Chhota Gulam Peermahomed and Haji Karim Peermahomed, under the Mortgage Deed dated 16th May 1931, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immovable Property on Saturday the 29th day of June 1935 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on Premises.

All that piece of Lease hold land together with the house situate at Falkland Road 8th Cross Lane containing by admeasurement 55 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector under New Survey No. 5587 and Cadastral Survey No. 978 of Girgaum Division and assessed by the Municipality under D Ward No. 2218 and Street No. 16.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale please apply to Messrs. Desai & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees or to the undersigned.

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Mystery Of Muslim Girl's Fatal Fall

Jury Hold It Was Accident Or Suicide

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Coroner of Bombay concluded his enquiry to-day into a the sensational case in which a 18 year old Muslim girl was believed to have fallen from the third floor of Hirji Govindji Building at New Nagpada.

The Police produced evidence to show that the girl had been suffering from hysteria for the last two years and was accustomed to jumping and running away, while she was suffering from that malady.

Dr. C. L. D'Avoine who testified to having been consulted about a girl named Munnabai two years ago for some nervous complaints, said that he could not say that the girl who had fallen from the third floor of the building was the same girl that came to his dispensary two years ago. Nor could he identify the girl from the Photo, which had been taken after the girl's fall.

The Coroner's Jury, however, from the evidence before them, returned a verdict of death due to "accidental or suicidal fall."

Dr. D'Avoine Called

Dr. C. L. D'Avoine, M.D., who was the first witness to be examined sat beside the Coroner.

The Coroner wanted to know from the doctor in connection with which case he had come to give evidence. The doctor replied that the Police had called him to come and tender his evidence in connection with the death of Munnabai Latif, who fell from the third floor of Hirji Govindji Building at New Nagpada some time ago.

Coroner: What do you know about this girl?

Witness:: She was brought to me two years ago for treatment.

Coroner: How can you say that this is the same woman?

Witness: I cannot say that.

Coroner: Then how do you know?

Witness: The police came to me sometime back and asked me whether I had treated a girl named Munnabai at my dispensary two years ago. I looked into my register and found that this girl was brought to my dispensary on the 15th, 16th and 17th of June 1933 for treatment.

She was suffering from nervous complaints. The girl told me that she had this trouble for sometime and so I thought she was suffering from hysteria and advised her to consult a lady doctor. The girl was brought to my dispensary at Nagpada by one Fatmabai whom I know.

About a week ago Fatmabai came to me and told me that Munnabai had died and that the cause of her death was under investigation by the Coroner.

Inspector Bird: Can you identify the woman from the photograph? (A photograph of the deceased girl after her fall was shown to witness) Dr. D'Avoine: No, I cannot.

To a further question the doctor said that he had not seen the dead body of Munnabai.

Sister-in-Law's Evidence

Fatmabai, the sister-in-Law of the deceased, was further examined to-day. At a previous hearing she had stated that on the day in question she had been to a dispensary for taking some medicine for herself. She came back and went up to her flat and lay down on a cot.

Sometime later she heard a commotion and learnt that Munnabai had fallen out of the kitchen window into the lane and was lying unconscious. She went down and removed the girl to the J. J. Hospital, where Munnabai died later.

At to-day's hearing, questioned by the Coroner, she said that about two years ago she had taken Munnabai to Dr. D'Avoine as her sister-in-law was suffering from hysteria.

Inspector Bird: Why did you lie down on a cot after you went up to the flat on the day in question?

Witness: Because I was exhausted after climbing up the stairs.

Q:—Who were living in the flat?

A:—Myself, the girl, a servant and a child of mine.

Q:—Do you suspect any foul play?

A:—No.

Q.—Was there any quarrel?

A.—No.

No Fits For Two Years

The jury then put the following question to the witness:—

Q.—When did the deceased have the last attack?

A.—She had no fits for the last two years.

When this question was repeated witness stated that Munnabai had fits fifteen days prior to her arrival in Bombay from Cawnpore. Witness also added that the deceased was getting fits now and on.

Juror: After the fall was the girl unconscious?

Witness: Yes, she was unconscious.

Juror: Are there bars to the window?

Witness: No, it is absolutely open.

Q.—How high is the window.

A.—Up to the height of a man's waist.

Q.—Is there a possibility of any person, who goes to the window and leans forward to spit, overbalancing and falling?

A.—Yes, he might fall.

Before the conclusion of Fatmabai's evidence, Inspector Bird attached to the Nagpada Police Station said that there was no evidence to show that the deceased had fallen down. The witness in the box did not know if Munnabai fell down or jumped out. It was for the jurors to see what it was from the evidence before them.

Husband Examined

The husband of the deceased, Mahomed Latif, the owner of a firewood works at Cawnpore, deposed to the effect that his wife was getting hysteria now and then.

Questioned by the Coroner he said that he did not suspect foul play.

Q: Why was she brought to Bombay?—It was very hot at Cawnpore.

Q: When was she married to you?—I married her more than three years ago.

Q: From when did she begin getting Hysteria?—After my marriage, since the last two or two and half years.

Continuing he said that she was treated by several local doctors at Cawnpore, some of whom stated that she was suffering from epileptic fits, while some others said that she was suffering from Hysteria.

Witness came to Bombay recently, after receiving information about his wife's death.

Jumping Or Running?

Inspector Bird: What did she usually do when she got these fits?—Whenever she got either fits or hysteria, she was either jumping or running.

A Juror: What about the girl's parents. Where are they?—Her father is dead. The mother of the girl is living in a village in the Etawah district in U. P.

Juror: Does the mother know that her daughter is dead?—Yes.

Juror: Have you received any letter from her?—I do not know whether she has written a letter, because I am in Bombay.

Juror: Has she got any brothers?—Yes he is also living at Etawah.

The Coroner addressing the Jurors said "It seems to me from the evidence that this is either a case of suicide or accident. What is your opinion?"

The First Juror agreed that death was due either to accidental or suicidal fall.

The Second Juror asked "Can any certificate be produced that she was suffering from hysteria?"

Coroner: Dr. D'Avoine gave evidence to that effect.

The rest of the Juros agreed with the first Juror.

The Coroner then returned the following verdict: "Death was due to shock and haemorrhage following upon multiple fractures caused by a fall from the third floor of Hirji Govindji Building. The fall was either accidental or suicidal."

FAST TRAINS TO HALT AT DADAR

The B. B. & C. I. authorities have issued pamphlets stating that the Up and Down Bandra-Grant Road Fast Trains will stop at Dadar according to the following timings from July 1, next.

Up Trains will arrive at Dadar at Hrs. 9-22, 9-40, 10-12 and 10-32 in the morning. These trains will again halt at Grant Road and stations beyond.

Down Trains from Grant Road will halt at Dadar at Hrs. 5-12 (as usual), 5-55, 8-10, 8-23, and 8-48 (as formerly).

This arrangement is considered a great relief to the passengers from Dadar.

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1919	BRITISH INDIA	10,00,000	24,88,998	27,42,822	0.9	3.3/4
1919	JUPITER GENERAL	23,74,610	45,26,263	16,86,556	2.7	6-1/2.5
1919	VULCAN	15,32,070	26,86,671	8,30,012	3.2	5
1919	UNIVERSAL	5,47,830	9,30,342	3,60,388	2.6	2-1/2
1930	INDIAN GLOBE	3,06,247	3,77,573	1,55,337	2.4	...
1931	NATIONAL FIRE & GEN.	3,00,000	3,90,457	1,76,582	2.2	...

HEAD OFFICE:— SIR PHEROZESHAH MEHTA ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE INDIAN MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Lady Student Chases Interloper On Platform At Byculla Station

Other Passengers Join And Suspect Is Eventually Caught And Charged With Serious Offence

A city clerk jumping from a local train and taking to his heels on the Byculla Station Platform.

A lady student after him in pursuit,—

The capture of the clerk by other passengers.

These were the exciting scenes witnessed on Monday evening as the Kurla local train pulled up at the Byculla Station.

"INDECENT OVERTURES"

The Kurla local was due to leave the Victoria Terminus Station at 6-55 in the evening. Miss Maneckbai Yeshwant Potdar, undergoing training in one of the Maternity Hospitals in the city, as a nurse, entered the ladies' compartment.

A youngman was seen hovering round the ladies' compartment and his strange behaviour attracted the attention of one of the passengers in the train.

Thereafter it was noticed that the same man alighted from the train when it stopped at the Masjid and Sandhurst Road Stations and, it is alleged, he made indecent overtures to Maneckbai who was in the ladies' compartment.

Flight and Capture.

At the Byculla station, however, there was a great commotion as the train pulled up, and a man jumped out from the ladies' compartment and took to his heels.

He was chased by Maneckbai and several passengers joined in and he was eventually caught and handed over to the Railway police.

On enquiries it was found that the man in question was one D. M. Fernandez, a clerk employed in the Divisional Transportation Superintendent's Office, at Victoria Terminus, Bombay.

Serious Charges.

Fernandez was taken to the Victoria Terminus Police Station and was later released on bail.

The police have registered an offence of assault, attempt to outrage the modesty of a woman and of entering the ladies' compartment on the train (an offence under the Railway Act).

Sub-Inspector Phatak of the G. I. P., Railway Police is investigating.

STUDENT KNOCKED DOWN BY LORRY

Was Crossing Road To Enter Grant Medical College Hostel

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Mohanlal Popatlal, a medical student residing in the Grant Medical College Hostel, was knocked down by a motor lorry on Parel Road at 9 a.m. to-day.

As he received severe injuries to the head and other parts of the body he was immediately removed to the J. J. Hospital where he has been detained for treatment.

It appears that motor-lorry Bom. No. 1361 was being driven along Parel Road towards Byculla Bridge when in front of the hostel it knocked down Popatlal who was crossing the road on his way to the hostel.

The Nagpada Police are making enquiries.

BOMBAY EUROPEAN CONSTITUENCY SEAT

July 6 Fixed For Election To Council

The Bombay Government Gazette notifies:—

A vacancy having occurred in the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay by reason of the resignation of Lieutenant-Colonel H. C. Smith, a member elected to the said Legislative Council by the Bombay City (European) Constituency, His Excellency the Governor of Bombay is pleased, to call upon the said constituency to elect, a person for the purpose of filling the said vacancy on or before the 6th July 1935.

The Local Government is pleased to appoint the dates, hours and place for the election as follows:—

Friday, 28th June 1935 Nomination of candidates.

Saturday, 29th June 1935 Scrutiny of nomination papers.

Friday 5th July 1935, 8 a.m. to 12 noon and 1 p.m. to 6 p.m. Voting.

Saturday, 6th July 1935, at 12 noon, at the office of the Collector of Bombay Counting of votes.

LOANS FOR SMALL INDUSTRIES

Bombay Government's Scheme To Come Into Force From August

Director of Information, writes:

A resolution of the Government of Bombay states that the sanction of the Legislative Council having been obtained to the scheme of affording financial assistance to small industries, rules have been framed for the grant of loans. The rules come into force from 1st August, 1935, and will be printed in the form of a booklet.

The main provisions of rules (called the Bombay State Aid to Small Industries Rules 1935) are summarised below:—

The purposes for which loans may be granted include construction of buildings, wells, tanks, etc., purchase and erection of machinery and purchase of raw materials.

All applications for loans must be made in writing to the Director of Industries, stating the amount and purpose of the loan, the total estimated capital required for running the industrial concern and the time in which the loan will be repaid.

The Director of Industries can sanction loans for amounts not exceeding Rs. 2,000. For loans beyond that amount Government is the sanctioning authority. No loans exceeding Rs. 10,000 will be granted to anybody.

CONDITIONS OF LOAN.

One of the conditions of granting a loan will be that the borrower shall pledge to Government any buildings that may be erected or any plant purchased with the loan money. The borrower must also give collateral security.

The applicant must obtain valuation certificates of his property from the Collector or the Executive Engineer according to whether the property given as collateral security is land or buildings and the applicant must also declare any encumbrance or charge on the property.

REPAYMENT WITHIN 10 YEARS.

Loans will be disbursed in one or more instalments according to the actual requirements of the borrower and they will bear compound interest at the same rate of interest as "tagavi" loans granted under the Land Improvement Loans Act. The period for repayment shall in no case exceed 10 years from the date of disbursement of the loan, which will be repaid by instalments fixed in the orders granting the loan.

All sums must be spent in accordance with the objects for which the loan is sanctioned and the borrower must submit within three months a certificate showing the amount actually spent by him and the purpose for which it has been spent and, if he is satisfied that a loan is not being used for the purpose for which it was given, the Director of Industries may order the whole amount to be repaid. The Director of Industries is given power of inspection of the books, etc. of the industrial undertakings in respect of which the loan has been granted.

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ALEMBIC BORO-THYMOLIN with TOOTH PASTE
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Miss William,
Miss Azuri,
Miss Sophi,
Mr. Jamnaprasad.

TABLA TARANG
Kumari Kaushalya.

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Bai Vatsalabai Kumtekar— Radio Star.
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Prof. Ahmed Dilawar.

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Master SHARAD B. N. MAHESHWARI.

Tickets will be available from:—

IBRAHIM JAFAR, Chakla Street.
H. H. JUMA, Zaveri Bazaar.
RAHIM KARIM MISTRI, Bhatt Mansion—Chaupati.
HAJI MUSA HAJI ABUBAKER, Kolsa Lane—Pydhonie.

FILM FARE FOR THIS WEEK

"WEDDING NIGHT" (CAPITOL)— "NAUGHTY MARIETTA" (REGAL)— "RUGGLES OF RED GAP" (PATHE)— "GAY DIVORCEE" (WELLINGTON)

"Usha" New Film At The Majestic A Marathi Picture

"NAUGHTY MARIETTA"

At The Regal

Haunting music of Victor Herbert, blended with thundering drama of the founding of a great city, and with a delicate love romance running through it; such is "Naughty Marietta" Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's spectacular translation to the screen of Victor Herbert's masterpiece, now playing at the Regal Theatre. Jeanette MacDonald, who never was more beautiful nor sang so divinely, and Nelson Eddy, young American operatic baritone, who makes his debut as a screen hero with a performance that indicates he is one the screen to stay, head an elaborate cast. The story is staged on a spectacular scale. Huge settings, including a replica of old New Orleans of Creole days, gorgeous costumes, and intense dramatic action embellishing such song hits as "Ah, Sweet Mystery of Life," "I'm Falling in Love with Someone," "Chansonette," "The Italian Street Song" and other immortal Herbert music. W. S. Van Dyke, directing, injected many deft touches of artistry into the romance of the French princess who fled to New Orleans to escape a state marriage, and there found romance in a young English army officer. A specially elaborate cast surrounds the two principals including Elsa Lanchester (Mrs. Charles Laughton), Frank Morgan who plays the pleasure-loving governor, Douglas Dumbrille as the stern French prince and others. Miss MacDonald wears several elaborate costumes throughout the action of the picture in Paris and Louisiana. Miss Lanchester in a whimsical role which she plays deftly, is also elaborately costumed. Comedy is provided by Edward Brophy and Harold Huber as Eddy's two sergeants, and little Cora Sue Collins (Baby Garbo) adds charm as little Felicie. Other notable players in the great cast are Akim Tamiroff as the puppeteer, Joseph Cawthorne as Herr Schumann, Greta Meyer, Walter Kingsford, Cecilia Parker and Walter Long. The pirate capture of the ship bearing the Casquette Girls, the great "Marriage Auction" of New Orleans, the fight in the Everglades between scouts and pirates, the recapture of the princess, are among the dramatic highlights of the production. Gorgeous photography by William Daniels, and masterful handling of the orchestra by Herbert Stothart do much to enhance the glowing Herbert masterpiece, hailed as one of the five greatest operettas ever composed in this country.

"Naughty Marietta" at the Regal. Jeanette MacDonald and Nelson Eddy Starring

"BROKEN COIN" AND "TWISTED RAILS"

At The Edward

The attraction at The Edward for the current week consists of two thrilling pictures full of stunts and dare-devil actions: "The Broken Coin" and "Twisted Rails.' 'Both are raleased by Evergreen Pictures. "The Broken Coin" stars Earle Douglas, the great athletic screen personality, ably aided by a cast that includes William Desmond and Philo McCullough. The story concerns three war buddies, who managed to survive the war, have formed a pact, agreeing to meet once a year at a reunion dinner. Of the three, Bowman, who to all outward appearances is an honest, upright businessman, is a crook and is having secret dealings with gangsters. His daughter Gail is in love with Hugh, and many complicated situations arise after Hugh begins to suspect the movements and character of Gail's father. "Twisted Rails" is a mighty drama of the roaring rails, in which Jack Donovan, the great athletic sportsman, heads a splendid cast of favourites. It deals with a gang of crooks who are causing wrecks and pillages of a certain freight cars of a Railway. The story leads to many thrilling incidents, and in the end the gang is detected by the exploits of Jim Conway, who turns out to be the son of the President of the Railway.

"Karwan-I-Husna" will be shown at the Minerva

"GAY DIVORCEE" FOR THE FOURTH WEEK

At The Wellington

The popular stars and dancers Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers have been so vociferously acclaimed and applauded for their splendid new dances and lilting tuneful songs with half the Hollywood beauties, that the Management of the Wellington Talkies have been compelled to screen the "Gay Divorcee" again for the fourth and the last week.

Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers register another triumph as a screen romantic, comedy and dance duo. Here is a picture which should please. It is a musical which can really boast of a genuine, complete, laughable, romantic story, one so complicately funny that to describe it would spoil the enjoyment of those who have yet to see it.

Ginger is her usual vivacious self. Fred beats his performance in "Flying Down to Rio," he is a light comedian of charm and whimsicality and his dancing is again one of the bright spots of the film. The big sequence "The Continental," is not only a demonstration of a new dance, with perhaps an exhibition step or two, but a brilliant spectacle with hundreds of dancers in evening dress as a background, a welcome change from the usual "legs" dance ensemble. The settings are lavish, the music really good and dialogue witty and refreshing. Supporting the stars are Alice Brady and Edward Everett Horton who almost steal the picture with their brilliant comedy work. There are some novel numbers, particularly the dance of the French Dolls and good direction and fine work by the principles, make "The Gay Divorcee" a picture which should not be missed, and one which sets a new standard for this type of film, altogether excellent entertainment.

"DAKSHA-YAGNA"

At The Majestic

"Daksha-Yagna"—a pouranic picture by Radha Film Co. (Calcutta) is running its fourth week at the Majestic Cinema.

"MAGIC-WAND"

At The Globe

Kikubhai Desai's production, "Magic Wand" runs second week at the Globe Talkies. Its cast includes Mr. Shiraz, Miss Champa, Miss Gulbanu, etc.

"JUDGMENT OF ALLAH"

At The Imperial

Sagar Movietone's all talking, singing Muslim picture "Judgment of Allah" alias "Al Hilal" is running its third week at Imperial Cinema. It stars Mr. Kumar, Indira, Sitara, Yakub, etc.

"WEDDING NIGHT"

At The Capitol

A stirring and romantic drama, the love story of a sophisticated New York author and a New England farm girl, comes to the Capitol Screen from to-day in Samuel Goldwyn's "The Wedding Night" in which Gary Cooper and Anna Sten appear for the first time as a romantic team. Cooper proves that he can be just as convincing and thrilling a lover as he is a soldier and fighter, and the fair Anna sheds all trace of her Russian birth and training, emerging as a full-fledged American star. The film provides another cinema triumph for the directorial genius of King Vidor, who made such famous pictures as "The Big Parade" and "Street Scene" and whose "Our Daily Bred" recently won the League of Nations gold medal for the world's best motion picture of the year. Cooper is the author and Helen Vinson his wife. Together they return to his country home in Connectient because his finances are low and he vainly is seeking an idea and back-ground for a new book. He finds unexpectedly, the colour and theme for his manuscript in the lives and customs of the neighbouring tobacco farmers. After he sells a tract of land for 5,000 dols. his wife insists upon returning to gay New York but he, following a quarrel with her remains in the country because he is eager to write his book and thereby regain his fame and recoup his fortunes. Then, to add to his troubles his Japanese servant deserts him, leaving him alone. He meets a neighbouring farm girl, played by Anna Sten, and she offers to care for his material wants, cooking his meals, tidying the house. Each finds keen interest in the other because they are from entirely different worlds. He is sophisticated, urbane, high educated, typically modern and she while born in America, lives in the shadow of the traditions, customs and habits brought to the new land by her parents when they emigrated from Europe. Against this background of the ageless conflict of the old and the new the constant struggle of the younger generation, to live in conformity with the more liberal social order of America, is told the dramatic love story. The girl's father makes a "marriage bargain" for her and commands that she weds a man not of her choice. She realises by then that she loves the author and that he loves her. But both know there is a wide social chasm between them, that he is married and she betrothed, and his wife will not willingly relinquish him. Siegfried is thoroughly convincing as the harsh stern father who clings blindly to the traditions of his native land and his ancestors; Ralph Bellamy is perfect as the sturdy young tiller of the soil selected to marry the girl and Helen Vinson plays the role of the fashionable, luxury-loving wife with effortless ease. "The Wedding Night" released through United Artists is grand entertainment. See it by all means.

"COLLEGE GIRL"

At The West End

"College Girl" runs its fifth week at the West End.

Miss Madhuri is acting as a college girl.

The cast includes Raja Sandow Ghori, Dixit, and others of your favourite stars.

"BHARAT-KI-BETI"

2nd Week At The Krishna

Eastern Arts' Social super "Bharat-ki-Beti," has been very warmly received, and as such will be continued for a week more at the Krishna Talkies. The chief role is played by Ratanbai. She is supported by an all-star cast with Dadi Sarkari, Gope, Hamid Sarojini, Kamala, and Amer Karnataki, the famous South Indian Columbia star.

"RUGGLES" LAUGH HIT

At The Pathe

The long awaited appearance of Charles Laughton, brilliant English actor in a full-length comedy role finally occurs in Paramount's "Ruggles of Red Gap" which opens at the Pathe Cinema to-day, and proves beyond any shadow of doubt the man's consummate artistry.

In sharp contrast to the many sinister and villainous characters Laughton has portrayed so perfectly in his other film roles, he is now the charming, lovable rollicking Ruggles, just as Harry Leon Wilson, the author of the famous story, might have imagined him.

Supported by Mary Boland, Charlie Ruggles, Roland Young, Zasu Pitts, and Leila Hyams in this bright and imaginative story of America in the 1900's. Laughton makes of this character of a sophisticated English butler in provincial Western society a role full of laughter, surprise, twists and delight.

The picture opens in London when Laughton passes from his titled master to Boland and Ruggles, acting American tourists, as part of the stakes of a poker game.

His first contract with the strange democracy of his new master occurs when he and Ruggles start out to view picture galleries and end up in a drunken spree.

Brought to the United States, Laughton is introduced to Ruggles' friends as a Colonel and becomes the lion of Red Gap society.

The consequence of so much democracy finally has its effects on the butler when he begins to pay court to the town's leading widow and decides to start in business for himself as a restaurateur.

The latter part of the film is devoted to the amusing reaction of Red Gap's startled society and the surprise turn of events which finally make Laughton's project successful.

Capable performances by Miss Boland and Charlie Ruggles feature the contributions of the supporting cast. Among the minor characterisations the most impressive are those of Maude Eburne and Leota Lorraine a newcomer.

Leo McCarey long recognised as one of the best of Hollywood's comedy directors, has done a commendable and thoroughly enjoyable joy on "Ruggles of Red Gap."

"Gay Divorcee" now shown at the Wellington

"WAILINGS OF THE THE OPPRESSED"

At Swastik Talkies

Swastik Talkies now offering this week "Ah-e-Mazlumaan" or "Wailing of the Oppressed" will, no doubt enhance its reputation, as it is one of the most artistically produced modern social drama.

A strong and capable cast give full justice to their respective roles. The principal roles are played by such well-known stars as Miss Jamnabai, Gulamnabi, Bengali, Abdullah, Rahmi, Amrit Bibi (Amateur Opera Theatre) and five-year old child Sharifa in dances.

"Wedding Night" with Ana Sten and Gary Cooper At the Capitol

"THE MERRY WIDOW"

At The Palace

Gay Viennese music, continental joyousness, Parisian revels and charming old world romance blend with massive spectacle in "The Merry Widow," Ernst Lubitsch's production of the Franz Lehar masterpiece, which is returning to The Palace for current week. Reuniting the triumvirate of Lubitsch, Maurice Chevalier and Jeanette McDonald, the M.-G.-M. picture is staged on a spectacular scale, its whimsical comedy, gay humour and charming romance being backgrounded by gorgeous settings and hundreds of beautifully costumed players. The picture is in every way what might be termed a super-production. The picture is said to have cost more than a million dollars and to have been eight months in production. The dazzling splendour and impressive size of the various palace scenes, the colourful brilliance and sparkle of the great Ambassador's Ball and the spectacle of the sequence at Maxim's cafe in Paris with hundreds of dancers and an orchestra of a hundred pieces—all bring about an illusion of grandeur and richness, the like of which has not been seen on the screen in some time.

"VALLI WEDDING"

Tamil Talkie At Apollo (Sound Talkie

South India in Bombay cre fered a plent entertainment the manasent of the above eatre by ping up an excel- nt Tamil tie entitled "Valli's edding" thweek. This Tamil icture ran weeks together in adras and acclaimed by one nd all to b picture of high uality in mic, music and ting. Missajlakshmi who is iven the m role carries the ighest hon for singing and cting, and the supporting cast onsists of urite stage stars t Madras.

We are imed by the management of above theatre that is very esive to bring Tamil alkies of a qualities for South Indians Jombay, and so to meet their and they are compelled to ise their admission rates sligh We trust all the cine-goers terested in Tamil Talkies will appreciate this and patronize theatre in order to encouragem in bringing other pictures the type in future. Some of Tamil pictures are said to ben better in technique than Hindi Pictures. We wish all ess to the management of above theatre in this new vent

"Naughty Marietta" at the Pathe from this week

ARSEN DISCOVERED IN BMAN VILLAGE

Police aid House And Arr Wanted Dacoits

RANGOON June 23.

A com outfit for the manufacture re-arms and ammunition is tried to have been discovere the course of a police raid at house of a Burman village Shwebo District. Following cent dacoity a police party d the house and discovere eral stolen articles, the allege enal and a locally made de-loading gun.

Thre arrested several persons, of whom were identified as ots.—A. P.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL EVENTS

Hindu: Jeth
Muslim: Rabi 1354
Parsi: Deh 2
Sunrise: 5h.
Sunset: 7h. 20
High Tide: 1
Low Tide: 4

S S Rajputana mails sails at 1 p.m.

Harwood Lecture (Bon): R. A. (Colaba) on I. Co-operage. 3-30 p

Women's Univ... Hall 5 p.m.: ... to deliver Convocation ... SUNDAY.

Quetta Day

Flag Salutation ... House at 8 a.m. (S.T.)

Domestic...

LADY CURRIMBHOY gave birth to ... 24th inst.

KHOJA SHIA ISNA ... MAT
The first meeting ... year of the above ... held to-morrow Sunday ... (S.T.) in the Musjid ... Palla Gally) Samuel St...

BOMBAY PROV... U.C. MEE...
A meeting of ... of the Unions affiliat... I.U.C. will be held to-day ... 6-30 p.m. in the head ... L.P. Railway Workers' ...

RELIGIOUS ...ES.
Swami Vishwana... Krishna Math, Khar... the Weekly Public Cl... Institute to-day (S... 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) and a... to-morrow (Sunday) ... S.T.)

BOMBAY SE...
The annual gene... of the Siolimmenses will be ... 5 a.m. (S.T.) on (Sunday), ... at the St. Sebastian ... School Hall, Dabul, to re... port, and accounts, ... naging Committee ... Auditors for the e...

LEAGUE AND M...TIES.
Under the auspices ... Men's Hindu Association ... enka-teswaran will deliv... turn in the premises of ... tion, Girgaum Back Road ... rday) at 6-30 p.m. on ... tions and Minority Ques...

BOMBAY STU... HO...
Mr. S. G. War... (Saturday) at 6-30 ... day hood premises on ... her the Students". The lec... the public.

PUBLIC MEETI...
A public meeting ... of Malad will be held ... glo-Marathi School, Is... gaiow, Ghod Bunde... (Sunday) at 9 a.m. ... the Malad Praja ... Chunilal Barfiwalla, ... Bombay Suburban ... Board will preside. ... served for ladies.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—Naughty Marietta" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Ghar Jamai" Time as usual.

CAPITOL—"The Wedding Night" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.

SWASTIK—"Ah-E-Mazluman" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.

PATHE—"Ruggles of Red Gap" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Gay Divorcee" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 p.m.

WEST END—"College Girl" Time as usual.

GLOBE—"Magic Wand" Daily, at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m

KRISHNA—"Bharatki Beti" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Judgment of Allah" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Daksha Yagna" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Unperscribed Mails for Jedda (Hedjaz) per S.S. "Jehangir" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 9-30 a.m. on Monday the 1st July 1935.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

S.S. Steamer Clan Murray left Suez on the morning of Thursday, June 27.

The N. Y. K. Steamer "Anyo Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 26th June and is due to arrive here on Sunday morning June 30 at 9 a.m.

SHRI RAM SANGIT VIDYALAYA.

There will be a musical concert in the Gayan-Hall of Shri Ram Sangit Vidyalaya (Suratwala Building) New Charni Road, Girgaon to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. The programme consists of Dilruba and Violin by Master Bhaskarrao Phatak and flute by Mastai Baboo Akolkar.

S. I. FLUTIST IN BOMBAY

In aid of the South Indians' Welfare Society's Primary School, a benefit music concert by Mr. R. Gnanasagar, the talented Flutist of Madras, with accompaniments will be held tomorrow (Sunday) at 4-30 p.m. at the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Hall, Matunga, G.I.P.

ARYA SAMAJ LECTURES.

To-day (Saturday) Pandit Dwijendranathji Shastri will deliver a lecture on "The Vedic Gods" under the auspices of the Matunga Arya Samaj Mandir at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-morrow (Sunday) Swami Onkar Sachitanandji will deliver a lecture at the Girgaum Arya Samaj Mandir on "The Origin of Religions" at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

At the Fort Arya Samaj Mandir (Frere Road) Pandit Dwijendranathji Shastri will deliver a lecture on Universality of the Vedic Religion on Sunday at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.).

LISSA SUGAR COMMITTEE MEETING.

A meeting of the Lissa Sugar Committee of representatives of Commercial and Public Bodies of the City appointed at the Public Meeting on June 6 will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the Chamber of Sjt. Ambalal P. Parikh, Advocate, at Jambu wadi, Kalbadevi Road, under the presidency of Sjt. H. A. Begmahomed, J. P.

THE CITY To-day & To-morrow at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

SAM WYN presents

MARY ... OPER

...NA ...STEN

IN A M... WOULD... In that ... he could ... and anat... and...

THE WEDDING NIGHT

his own ... moment!

Directed by ...

Released thro...

BRIMFUL ... AND L...OVE!

WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION

Sir C. V. Raman To Deliver Address

The Convocation of the S.N.D.T.I.W. University will be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Public Hall at 5 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

Mr. S. S. Patkar, the Chancellor, will preside

Dr. Sir C. V. Raman will deliver the address.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-0 noon. Time Signal. Selection of Indian Music Gujerati Records.) 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. Lunch Hour Selections. 4-30 p.m. Children's Hour. Rasiklal T. Vin (In Gujerati). 5-0 p.m. Auntie Beth and Uncle Dick. 5-30 p.m. European Programme. 6-30 p.m. Indian Programme Hill Songs by Kakoo Ram. European Programme 7-30 p.m The "Request" Hour. A programme compiled from Listeners' requests. 9-15 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin. Indian Programme. 8-30 p.m. General News in Hindi and Commercial News. 9-0 p.m. Time Signal. 9-30 p.m. A Variety Programme. Prof. Mohan Murti. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-25 p.m. The Royal Air Force Display, including a commentary by Squadron-Leader W. Helmore, R.A.F. Relayed from Hendon Aerodrome, near London. 8-0 p.m. The Juvenile Concert. 73rd Annual Great Choral Festival broadcast by the English Schools Music Association (incorporating the Tonic Sol Fa Association). Conductor, R. Walker Robson. Relayed from the Crystal Palace, London. 8-30 p.m. The Maurice Igor Nomad Orchestra. 9-0 p.m England vs. South Africa. An eye-witness account by Captain H. B. T. Wakelam of the first day's play in the second Cricket Test Match. Relayed from Lord's Cricket Ground, London. 9-20 p.m. The Vario Trio. 9-30 p.m. "London Goes Home." An impression by J. C. Cannell of Londoners leaving work, given from a window overlooking the Strand. 9-45 p.m. Dance Music. 10-00 p.m. The News. 10-15 p.m. Dance Music. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

*Electrical recording.

INDIAN FOOTBALL LEAGUE.

The following are the fixtures in the above League for the week ending June 30:—

Saturday:

4-45 p.m.—Portuguese Heroes vs. B. K. Samaj.

5-45 p.m.—Bengal Club vs. Havero F.C.

Sunday:

4-45 p.m.—Mahim Sports vs. G. S. Medical College.

5-45 p.m.—Bombay City vs. Portuguese Asan.

"A" WARD DISTRICT FLAG SALUTATION.

The monthly flag salutation ceremony of 'A' (Fort) Ward District Congress Committee will be performed by Shriyut Purushottam Trikamdas at 8 a.m. (S.T.) to-morrow (Sunday) at 24, Monordas Street, Fort.

'C' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

Under the auspices of the Bhulabhai Desai Memorial Institute, Cumballa Hill, Mr. Pandit will deliver a lecture on "Indian Constitution" at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-morrow (Sunday).

VILE PARLE FLAG SALUTATION.

The monthly Flag Salutation will be performed at Vile Parle on the 30th inst. at 7-30 a.m. at the Chhavadi Building, Ghod Bunder Road.

After the Flag Salutation there will be a mass prayer for the Quetta disaster, and house to house collection for the Quetta Earthquake Fund will be made thereafter.

FLAG SALUTATION AT SANTA CRUZ.

There will be a monthly Flag Salutation to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) in Jamnalal Bajaj Wadi, Station Road, Santa Cruz.

Immediately after the Flag Salutation there will be a public prayer at the same place for the Quake-Stricken people at Quetta.

FLAG SALUTATION.

The Monthly Flag Salutation Ceremony will be performed to-morrow (Sunday), at 8 a.m. (S.T.), at the Congress House. Sjt. K. F. Nariman, President of the B.P.C.C. will unfurl the Flag.

Help For 'Quake Orphaned Boys

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Anjuman-e-Khuddam-e-Islam, Madras, held on Monday last it was resolved to adopt five boys orphaned in the recent earthquake at Quetta. Therefore, those interested may communicate with Hajji Hakim Syed Makhdoom Ashraf Sahib, 37, Wallaja Road, Mount Road P.O., Madras.

QUETTA DAY IN BOMBAY.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Quetta Earthquake Relief Committee, there will be a public meeting and prayer in connection with the Quetta Earthquake catastrophe to-morrow (Sunday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House compound. Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai will preside.

QUETTA QUAKE FUND.

After the Flag Salutation, members of the Managing Council of 'C' Ward Committee, workers for the Ward and volunteers will go round for collecting sums for the Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund.

The case in which Pherozeshah Ankleseria charges Pherozeshah Mistry with adultery with his wife, Jarbai P. Ankleseria who met death on April 13 at the Parsi General Hospital under tragic circumstances, was postponed to July 12 at the Girgaum Court on Friday.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Stah Correspondents)

Jubilee Sweetmeats

The letter written by the secretaries of the Dadar Bhagini Samaj containing the resolution that it strongly resented the decision of the Schools Committee to distribute "Mesur" and "Halva" to school children on the occasion of the King's Jubilee in utter disregard of children's interests and therefore demanded the immediate cancellation of the decision in favour of more wholesome food, supports the view expressed by the various correspondents to the "Chronicle" in this connection. The letter, however, was recorded by the Committee at its meeting on Friday. It may be remembered in this connection that various packets of sweetmeats received by the Secretary of the Schools Committee were minutely examined by the members, when a resolution apropos of this, was brought before it. One can only hope that the selected packets were really satisfactory and that those that will be actually distributed will be at least tolerably good.

Indian Insurance

By no means the least encouraging feature of the spread of the Swadeshi movement is the progress of Swadeshi Insurance. To take the case of a Company that held its annual general meeting only yesterday, the Industrial and Prudential Assurance Company Ltd. in their report for the year 1934 give very encouraging account of their progress. During the year 5,140 proposals were received for assurance amounting to Rs. 1,00,84,250 and £200 in the Ordinary Branch, of which 4,332 proposals resulted in policies, assuring the sum of Rs. 76,77,700 and £200. The total number of policies in force in the books of the Company is 16,862, assuring in all the sum of Rs. 3,18,33,508. The Company has declared a dividend of 8-1/3 per cent. per share for the year. It is satisfactory progress and it is to be hoped the Company will continue to show even better progress in the years to come.

AMERICAN COTTON EXCHANGE CASE

Definition Of "Customer" "Bookie" And "Punter"

At the resumed hearing of the American Cotton Exchange case before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, third Court on Friday, the defence counsel pursued his line of cross-examination that the transactions entered into and negotiated in the Exchange were normal, every day transactions are quite legal.

Sub-Inspector Gawde further cross-examined by Mr. Pandit maintained that the transactions done in the Exchange were gambling transactions.

In this case Chimanlal Purshotam, Managing Director of the American Cotton Exchange who was arrested in a raid on April 9 by the C.I.D. is charged under three sections of the Gaming Act for aiding, abetting in the commission of an offence, namely of keeping a common gaming house and being found in it.

Definition of Punter.

Mr. Pandit asked the officer in the box on Friday, questions relating to who was a "Punter" and a "Customer".

Mr. Pandit:—Whom do you call a punter? Is it the man who went to the Exchange to do business?

Witness:—The man who goes there to lay a bet.

Mr. Pandit:—Whom do you then call a bookie, is it the man who takes down the order from the customers?

Witness:—The man at the Exchange who accepts the bets.

Counsel then cross-examined the witness at length on the details of Teji-Mandi business. He stated that ordinarily all bets on Teji, laid by punters were entered on the left side of the page, while Mandi transactions were on the opposite page.

Mr. Pandit at this stage contended that if the transactions were gambling transactions then no brokerage could be charged. The witness pointed out that brokerage was collected on all transactions whether legal or illegal.

Counsel:—Can you give an instance of the latter?

Witness:—Yes. In "Sutta" business brokerage is paid to the man who receives the bets on behalf of the bookie.

Counsel: That is not brokerage? That is commission?

Witness:—Brokerage and commission are one and the same.

Window Dressing.

Mr. Pandit then pointed out to the witness that items entered in the books showed that the trades were related to actual cotton bales.

Witness said that the bales entered in the books were mere "window dressing."

He had obtained his information from the members of the Association and from the punter regarding the value of the transactions done in the Exchange.

Bombay Student's Success In England

It is learnt that Mr. Rustom Dosabhai Banaji of Bombay has been awarded the degree of B.Sc. (in Textile Chemistry) by the University of Leeds.

Mr. Banaji went to England two and a half years ago after obtaining the B.Sc. degree of Bombay University.

THRICE CHARGED WITH THEFT

Lad Remanded To Borstal School

A sixteen year youth appeared at the Girgaum Police Court on Friday, thrice charged with theft and misappropriation.

Abu Dawood, the youth, misappropriated Rs. 15-4-0 on June 8 last, as a tiffin carrier.

His aged father, unable to maintain his family with his meagre earnings, stepped into the witness box and requested the Court that the boy be sent to the Borstal school for three years.

Remarking that it was a fit case for detention in a Borstal institution, the magistrate (Mr. T. M. Mehta) remanded him to the Borstal School at Dharwar for years.

On another charge of stealing a ginning machine valued at Rs. 40 on June 10, the boy was awarded six stripes.

On yet another theft charge, the boy was bound over in the sum of Rs. 100 for a year.

COMMERCE MEMBER'S ITENERARY

SIMLA, June 28.

Mr. Stewart, Commerce Secretary, who has left Simla on a brief tour halts at Calcutta from June 28th to 30th and will be in Bombay from July 2 to 4.—A. P. Special.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

G. I. P. Railway

MAILS AND EXPRESS TRAINS.
Timings at Victoria Terminus.

Trains	Arrivals H.M.
Madras Mail	9 05
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	9 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 00
Calcutta Mail via Cihseki	2 35
Madras Express	10 35
Deccan Queen	10 40
Punjab Mail	10 45
Poona Mail	11 05
Nagpur Express	12 25
Poona East Passenger	10 25
Poona Express	12 25
Allahabad Express	20 10

Trains	Departures H.M.
Allahabad Express	7 00
Poona Express	8 15
Poona East Passenger	11 30
Madras Express	12 45
Poona Mail	13 30
Deccan Queen	17 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	17 30
Punjab Mail	18 20
Calcutta Mail via Cihseki	21 05
Madras Mail	22 00
Nagpur Express	22 10
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	22 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway.

Mail, Express and Passenger trains in force from 1-4-1935.

ARRIVALS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL.

	H.M.
No. 9 Up Passenger	5 35
No. 20 Up Delhi Express	5 50
No. 2 Up Gujarat Mail	7 00
No. 10 Up Kathiawar Mail	7 40
No. 4 Up Frontier Mail	9 30
do. on Saturdays	3 05
No. 12 Up Passenger	14 20
No. 18 Up Mathiawar Express	16 40
No. 6 Up Passenger	20 05

DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY CENTRAL.

	H.M.
No. 15 Down Kathiawar Express	5 45
No. 9 Down Passenger	8 55
No. 11 Down Passenger	10 25
No. 1 Down Gujarat Mail	10 25
No. 3 Down Frontier Mail	21 30
No. 5 Down Kathiawar Mail	21 40
No. 19 Down Delhi Express	22 10
No. 7 Down Passenger	22 15

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

	H.M.
Frontier Mail (on Saturday only	

The grandest cast of comedy stars ever corralled to bring you Harry Leon Wilson's side-splitting saga of the wild and woolly West!

RICH IN HUMOR!

A glowing tribute to a never-to-be-forgotten generation! America's own comedy classic . . .!

RICHER IN TRADITION!

The heart-warming romance of Ruggles, the gentleman's gent from London who suddenly discovered himself a ladies' man in Red Gap!

RICHEST IN SENTIMENT!

Adolph Zukor presents

RUGGLES OF RED GAP

with

CHARLES LAUGHTON
MARY BOLAND
CHARLIE RUGGLES
ZASU PITTS
ROLAND YOUNG - LEILA HYAMS

A Paramount Picture Directed by Leo McCarey

PATHE 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M. Sunday Morning 10 A.M.

THE REGAL Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m. to accommodate the rush!

THE BIG MUSICAL SHOW!

A Big, New Idea in Melody Drama!

JEANETTE MacDONALD · NELSON EDDY

VICTOR HERBERT'S

Naughty MARIETTA

8 NEW SONGS Be the first to learn them!

CHILDREN'S ACT AMENDING BILL.

Move To Prohibit Publication Of Names

A Bill to amend the Bombay Children Act, 1924 has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette.

Its aim is to prohibit the publication of names or other details concerning children or young persons involved in offences.

The relevant portion of the amendment reads as follows:—

(1) No report in any newspaper or news-sheet of any offence by or against a child or young person or of any proceedings in a Court relating to such a child shall disclose the name, address or school, or include any particulars to lead to the identification of such child or young person, nor shall any picture be published as being or including a picture of any such child or young person.

(2) Any person who publishes any report or picture in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be punishable with imprisonment of either description for a term not exceeding two years or with fine or with both."

Telegrams "Chronicle" Registered No. B-1168.

The Bombay Chronicle

Bell House, Parel Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1935

DEPLORABLE LAXITY

Full eight months have passed since the last Congress session was held and commended to Congressmen and the country in general a sound programme of constructive work. But how many Congress Committees can claim to have done satisfactory work on the lines recommended? The fact cannot be denied that there is a deplorable laxity in many Congress organisations, and time and energy are being dissipated in idle discussion or mere routine clerical work. Even as regards the comparatively simple task of strengthening the Congress organisation by enlisitng a large number of members, though Congress workers have been expected to concentrate their best efforts on this during the last several months, the progress is said to be very disappointing. And many organisations under the old constitution have disappeared without their place being taken up by new ones under the new constitution. Naturally in the centres where there are no Congress Committees at all, little or no organised work is possible. This regrettable state of things is ascribed by several Congress workers to the defects in the new constitution. But it may be that earnest efforts have yet to be made to give the constitution a real chance.

Congress Responsibility

Even where Congress Committees are fairly functioning, the prescribed programme of work seems to have made but poor progress. One reason for this is that a number of earnest trained Congress workers are now fully engaged in the separate institutions like the All-India Spinners' Association, the Harijan Sevak Sangh, and the more recent All-India Village Industries Association and are not available for the general work of the Congress. On the other hand several Congressmen think that, though a comprehensive programme of work is prescribed for the Congress, its most important items have been taken over by the bodies mentioned above. Here is a serious, though common, misconception. It is wrong for Congressmen to believe that they have little to do with these items of work merely because some special organisations have been brought into existence mainly to attend to the technical part of the work concerned. The A. I. S. A. is, no doubt, specially charged with the task of organising the production of pure Khaddar. But it is the duty of the Congress to popularise the use of Khaddar. Similarly, the A. I. V. I. A. is specially concerned with the production of hand-made goods. But it is the special responsibility of Congress to popularise the use of such goods. And it does not require much imagination to realise that by popularising Khaddar and other products of village industries Congress can do much to organise villages on sound lines and spread Congress influence among them.

Unmerited Criticism

It is a pity that some Congress workers who claim specially to champion the cause of peasants do not realise the importance of promoting village industries. The Gujerat Congress Socialist Conference, for example, has adopted a resolution stating: "The scheme of trying to ameliorate conditions of the peasantry by village self-sufficiency scheme as proposed by the A. I. V. I. A. will not solve the real problems of the peasant masses. This conference believes that real improvement in the condition of the peasantry can only be brought about by the abolition of rural indebtedness, transfer of land to the peasants, freedom from Imperialism and abolition of landlordism." The rights demanded for the peasants are quite just. One can even legitimately pitch the demand higher still. But it must be some time before these rights can be actually won. And it is neither logical nor fair to the peasants to depreciate the value of measures like the promotion of village industries that can meanwhile ameliorate their present wretched condition. However, those who think they can serve the peasants in a more effective way may demonstrate their methods by actual service. And if those methods are found to be really more helpful to the peasants, Congress will not be slow to copy them. Meanwhile it is the duty of all those who have faith in the Congress programme to bestir themselves and work it out with the earnestness that is legitimately expected of them.

Bungling Diplomacy

The Laval-Eden meeting in Paris, says Reuter, ended inconclusively and Captain Eden has returned to London. This is not surprising. It is difficult to imagine how else it could have ended in view of the bungling diplomacy—which, as Lord Strabolgi said, might be described in certain circles as "slim tactics resorted to by Great Britain. The Agreement with Germany, whatever the fundamental motive, certainly constitutes, in the manner of its conclusion, a deliberate ignoring of France. And Lord Strabolgi rather pointedly asked in the House of Lords, "what Government would have said if the French had concluded an agreement with Germany for equal submarine flotillas, or if Britain had made an arrangement with the Japanese behind America's back."

Nor was Lord-Londonderry's reply at all convincing. It may be that "Germany was already increasing her naval strength beyond the limits imposed by the Versailles Treaty." It may also be, indeed it is so, that "the best method of promoting that general settlement to which the London communique referred was not to enter upon a further period of competitive building but to endeavour by an agreement with Germany to circumscribe the effects of the decisions announced by Germany." But the method adopted has frustrated the very aims that were sought after. Unilateral negotiation with Germany on questions arising out of the Versailles Treaty or any breach of it is to negative the basic principle underlying the London communique and the Stresa Resolutions. The principle may be right or wrong, but France and Italy were justified, in view of recent precedents, in assuming that nothing will be done or negotiated without concerted consultation among Britain, France and Italy. Britain has certainly come to a settlement with Germany behind the backs of the other two. What is worse, the agreement, almost entirely because of the procedure adopted, has, so far from checking competitive building, only given the signal for a greater and more feverish naval armament race.

Peoples' Duty

The British Baluchistan (Emergency Administration) Regulation has been published and brought into force yesterday. The remarkable feature of its provisions is not that it indemnifies officials, civil and military, from anything they may have done in the exercise of their duties during the period from May 30 up to the commencement of the Regulation or that there shall be no appeal from convictions under the Regulation; but that it shall remain in force, in the first instance, for one year and, furthermore, the said period may be extended "from time to time" by any period not exceeding six months. A careful and close perusal of the provisions makes it obvious that Government do not propose to remove the restrictions in Baluchistan in the near future. So far, therefore, as the rest of the country is concerned, it has to resign itself to the Regulation and Official Communiques from Simla until the next Session of the Assembly when, as we hope, the whole question will be threshed out.

Meanwhile, the duty of the public and the Central Relief Committee is quite clear. Under the direction of the Congress Presidents, prayer meetings are to be held all over the country to offer prayers for the dead and sympathy to the survivors. That there is no single Indian who does not deeply sympathise with the sufferings of his or her brethren and sisters, there can be no manner of doubt. We are, therefore, confident that every Indian will also cheerfully give practical expression to his sympathy and duty by liberally subscribing to the relief fund. There are thousands of refugees spread all over Sind and the Punjab and even the U. P. and Bombay. They need help and they will continue to need help for a fairly long time. To be able to assist them the Central Relief Committee requires not thousands but lakhs. The Central Relief Committee looks to the people of India, whose representative it is, for those lakhs.

IN THE LAW COURTS

Apartmentitis

(BY N. H. P.)

Social life in modern India is in a state of disturbance. The enactment of the Sharda Act, the non-compliance with the provisions thereof by parents from whom better conduct might have been expected, and the demand of womanhood to enforce the Act in all strictness, are symptomatic of the present times. The responsibility in this regard as also in other matters of social interest, lies primarily with parents. Their thinking or the want of it, leading them into more and more troubled waters, the result of which can only be a more insistent demand for further social legislation.

Social Freedom

It is said in some quarters that "there is no discipline among Indian youth, now-a-days. Boys and girls go as they please. Youth focusses its attention, on dancing, sport and social affairs," and so on. The answer to these strictures is a simple one and assigns any fault that arises upon the facts to parents rather than to their children. What wonder that the modern youth resent the conditions into which they were born and the failure of their elders who failed to hand on to them as goodly a social heritage as those elders themselves received from their forbears. Secondly, what have parents done to provide a "home life". They have fallen a prey to the social disease of "apartmentitis." To live a barrack-life, where household work is reduced to a minimum and husband and wife are freed from the trouble incidental to the menage of a home, food and recreation being provided from outside, has, of late, become quite common in Indian cities. Parents do and act as they please and are engrossed in their own affairs. So if children are left but with little or none of the old-fashioned parental interest in their doings, it is but natural that they also should "go as they please". If the bulk of young Indians of today respond in their maturity to the obligations that are imposed by law and morals on every community of people worthy of a place in the world, it is due to their inherent bias for good citizenship rather than to any parental tutelage in that behalf.

Private Detective Agencies

With the complexity of "civilisation", there have grown up in England and other countries in the West, a number of detective agencies. These are private enterprises and have no connection with the official Criminal Investigation or Police departments. The private detective is found to be a necessity, primarily in reference to divorce cases in England. Sometimes however, he is employed in commercial cases, where it is impracticable to obtain official police assistance. Respectable Agencies are generally to be found on the books of reputable firms of lawyers, who, from time to time, have reason to use the services of private detectives. Sometimes before undertaking a case, a firm of solicitors will instruct a private detective to ascertain whether, the grounds suspected or alleged by the client for proceeding at law in the matter, do in fact exist at all. It is a question for consideration whether there is not a need of some such respectable private investigation agencies, in a city like Bombay.

Undoubtedly, these agencies, if not kept under proper guidance are susceptible to unpleasant activities of a very disturbing character. A bogus inquiry agent is oft-times an imperfectly disguised blackmailer. Moreover, there are stated to be in England certain inquiry agents who will not only undertake a divorce investigation, but will also undertake to secure evidence, whether such evidence exists or not or failing that, to create grounds for divorce themselves.

Continued On Page 7

THE WORLD CRISIS

Lessons For India

By K. F. NARIMAN.

Japan, the latest addition to the noisy, blustering team of bluffing diplomats, has outstripped all western experts in this game of European Diplomacy. This tiny Asiatic edition of Western Imperialism has out-Hitlered Hitler, and makes no apologies or excuses for her Dictatorship. She issues commands and directions beyond her boundaries, as if she were the accepted and acknowleged Mistress of the whole of the Far East, and none in the old or new world, dare interfere or protest. Only a few years ago several international treaties and pacts were made, whereby China's territorial integrity was acknowledged and she was to be protected from foreign assaults and encroachments. The Nine Powers Pact, the Locarno Convention, the League of Nations' Resolutions and numerous public declarations and announcements, ensured her safety. Still Japan, a member of the League and party to the pact and convention, grossly violated these terms and conditions and without any excuse or provocation, swallowed the whole of Manchuria, after a few weeks' military operations. In vain did China involve the assistance of all these solemn treaties, resolutions, pledges and declarations. All that the united powers would do was to send out a lordly and expensive Commission of Inquiry to the Far-East, whose report, adverse to Japan, is consigned to the Waste Paper Basket, because this little Asiatic Dwarf could defy all the mighty Giants of the West. Japan's only reply was "Might is Right," a doctrine first introduced by the West.

Pledges Ignored

No treaty, pact or convention has any moral or legal sanction or authority unless it is backed and supported by "brute forces," the binding force is not the pen that affixed signatures, but the sword that strikes. Although Japan after a close and almost judicial inquiry, was found to be guilty still none had the courage to enforce the only penalty always against her under the League Constitution. According to the League Constitution, the defaulting party is to be completely boycotted, commercially as well as politically, by all the other powers who are members of the League; but instead of boycotting, Great Britain has since entered into a fresh trade-agreement with Japan and diplomatic relations have improved since this breach. On the other hand victimised and aggrieved China, has discovered rather too late to her cost that to rely upon assurances and pledges for protection of Europe or even America is to rely upon broken reeds and has now begun to inculcate, cultivate and develop national virtues of self-help, and self-reliance.

In spite of such recent outrages and tragedies of broken pledges and treaties, before our eyes, in our neighbourhood, it is really surprising that there are still Indians gullible and soft enough who desire to appeal to the League of Nations, and such other external and foreign agencies for help and intervention in purely domestic questions and seek justice from this supposed International Tribunal.

Lessons To Be Learnt

At the same time Indian Nationalists can also derive a valuable lesson from the recent tragic events. Self-reliance, self-help, national unity and consolidation of all national resources and, above all a burning passionate and devotional patriotism these are the great Hitlerian mottoes and doctrines that have enabled Germany to be on her legs again so soon after such a terrible national disaster, standing proud and erect without mendicancy or supplication, she demands what she considers her national birth-right and dictates to her enemies terms consistent with her national self-respect, national revival she has furnished a glorious and inspiring example, particularly to the struggling subject-races of the world, that once a united nation has generally determined to achieve a particular objective, nothing in the world can obstruct or prevent its success. And difficulties will be surmounted provided national unity and patient perseverance are maintained. Hitler has many faults and failings. His ruthless policy and autocratic dictatorship is often revolting to modern ideas of democracy and individual freedom. Nevertheless he will be remembered in European History for ages as the Redeemer and Re-Creator of Modern New Germany. A further comforting and consoling moral lesson for Indian nationalists to be drawn from the recent political events in Central Europe, is the demonstrable fact, that no nation can be forced to submit or be tied down for long against its will, to a paper constitution or treaty, provided it expresses itself in one united, disciplined, and determined voice to break the trammels and end the imposition.

The destinies of nations cannot be entirely controlled and guided by outside agency, but the internal affairs of a country can be moulded and shaped according to the will of the people, which is supreme provided it is solidly united and courageously expressed. Then no force in the world can prevent its assertion and execution.

Will India Learn?

Will nationalist India profit by such precious and valuable moral and political lessons derived from recent events in Central Europe?

Will she learn to express her will with one United voice?

India's redemption lies within her own boundaries, and it is both humiliating and futile to appeal to foreign tribunals like the impotent League of Nations to come to her rescue and settle her internal domestic squabbles. Recent events in Central Europe and Far East have conclusively proved that the League is reduced to a mere farce. It cannot enforce its own resolutions against its members. The sooner that expensive and empty show is wound up, the better, as at present it is converted into a mere glorified debating society or a political club without any sanction or authority to enforce its will on the smallest State in Europe or Asia.

Frankly Speaking

ABYSSINIA DOOMED?

It is, of course, blatantly obvious that Signor Mussolini has been using imaginary and real—if any—incidents to subjugate Abyssinia, practically to annex that country as a glorified colony of Italy. It is also equally obvious that he wants war. What is remarkable, however, is that the British Press should have editorially discovered the obvious. We need not doubt, but that the British representative at Geneva has been making gallant efforts—though not quite unassuming—to save Abyssinia from Italy although, in view of the fact that Britain also has "interests" in and near that part of the world we do not believe that the gallantry was entirely altruistic. But even those efforts seem to be in danger of being given up. The "Daily Telegraph" says that a "strong campaign" would probably have "dangerous repercussions in Europe and deplorable effects upon the League of Nations". Is it the suggestion that the League should now betray Abyssinia even more deliberately and cynically than China, that "dangerous repercussions in Europe" should be avoided by sacrificing an innocent country possibly by partitioning it off among Britain, France and Italy?

TRUE TO THEIR SELF

The Justicites are up and doing talking. At a meeting held under the auspices of the South Indian Liberal Federation, the Madras ministers, Messrs. Subbarayan and Dewan Bahadur Ramaswami Reddiar gave expression to their usual venom against the Congress. The "achievements" of the Justice party were of course recounted at length and a schoolboy discourse given on the "blessings of the British raj." Mr. Rajan justified the Justice party's support to Government in putting down Civil Disobedience but practically gave himself away when he added that if they had not done so they "would not be worth their salt." He is not in the larger international country and the nation that Justice party supports each and every action of the Government but because it would otherwise not be worth its salt. It is the party that seeks to weaken the Indian National Congress and it is by such arguments that it hopes to kill Congress in Madras has, however, already given the Ministers Liberal and Justicites the only reply Need we remind them of the results of the recent elections?

—BUT NOW TO BUSINESS.

In a vain attempt to justify their subservience to the Government the two Ministers trotted out some other equally lame excuses also. It was stated, for instance, by Mr. Subbarayan that Congress should not support Bengal that had made India into one nation. It a matter of course, British rule resulted in the creating of the national-ness and the common interests but the common observer knows that the Congress Ministers the Congress Assembly Party being a national party has always stood for equality between Indians and Indians and that Bengal should be treated equally with the rest of India. Mr. Subbarayan also referred to the "so long conflict between Hindus and Muslims as an obstacle to Swaraj." Even politics and economics apart the two are in most cases identical.

TIME TO CREATE INDUSTRIES

The Government of Bombay have published the rules that will govern the grant of loans to afford financial assistance to small industries. The purposes for which loans may be granted include construction of buildings, purchase and erection of machinery and purchase of raw materials; and the Director of Industries will be authorised to sanction loans not exceeding Rs. 2,000. The need for such a provision to help the small industries was very urgently pointed out. The scheme will be welcomed by the small middle classes, who could not raise [illegible] in their [illegible] efficacy of the rather difficult and complicated process by which the manufacturer is to receive the loan. If the scheme is worked in a way that the small manufacturer who is sought to be helped is scared away by the difficulties in getting a loan, its very purpose will be defeated.

—PRESS VIEWS—

Bombay Enterprise

Bombay has all along been more enterprising in industrial pursuits than its rival, Calcutta. It is an indisputable fact that Bombay is the premier manufacturing city in India, and projected automobile industry for which Sir M. Visvesvaraya has got an ambitious scheme, true to the traditions of Bombay, promises to grow up in the city. There is immense scope for such an industry flourishing in the country, considering the fact that no fewer than fifteen thousand motor cars are imported in to India annually, and had these cars been cheaper, probably the figures would have been far greater. Good cars at lower prices than those of imported ones [illegible] attraction, they will be [illegible] into the homes of [illegible] their being [illegible] India. The exports [illegible] the car produced as the [illegible] may sell at Rs. 2,000 and [illegible] chassis at about Rs. 1,[illegible] annual turnover of ten [illegible] cars and five thousand [illegible] expected. It is learnt [illegible] necessary capital will be [illegible] The scheme [illegible] ed into action the [illegible] country as it will prev[illegible] lakhs of rupees from fly[illegible]

—"National Call."

Jhalwar Gives La[illegible]

The Rana Sahib of [illegible] State in Rajputana, ha[illegible] ed, thrown open all t[illegible] State to Harijans. [illegible] Harijans will be abl[illegible] these temples, like [illegible] Hindus without any [illegible] whatsoever. We hop[illegible] example set by His [illegible] be followed by [illegible] and that [illegible] India at least will b[illegible] the [illegible] at [illegible]

—"Hindu."

[illegible] DO SENTIMENTS [illegible] IN W[illegible]

Asks [illegible]din Bori Bunder.

No. There quite peaceful [illegible] only Abyssinia's resistance will [illegible] war. And then it [illegible] only the fault of the "ar[illegible]" Ita[illegible].

But [illegible] we [illegible] forgetting that our [illegible]-In contemporary [illegible]ed ranging its spots.

* * *

[illegible], June 22.

"The Bastian (Emergency Regulation of 19[illegible] into at 9 o'clock this [illegible]."

[illegible]ough beginning to wonder it cease to be in [illegible]

May we [illegible]ratulate Baluchistan, is to the earth it how achieved equal[illegible] of art "Emergency" [illegible] with [illegible] provinces of [illegible]

* * *

The Co[illegible] has refused [illegible] appeal against the order [illegible] Bombay High Court decli[illegible] to [illegible] against the three [illegible]esrs. B. F. Bha[illegible]. Bharucha and M. [illegible] professional misconduct.

[illegible] this refusal, we [illegible] think that there is [illegible] introduce a few safe[illegible]s in the India Bill.

* * *

An [illegible]usive talk with [illegible] Cavalcanti Anthony, [illegible] later, returned to Lon[illegible].

[illegible] the Anglo-German [illegible] post at home?

* * *

[illegible]ri, the Minister of Nan[illegible]ndig, "questioned [illegible] followed its [illegible] in entering into (Amman) agreement [illegible]

[illegible]nswer Britain [illegible] tea[illegible] empi[illegible]

* * *

[illegible]OSCO BOOKS

[illegible]EE [illegible] PRISON.

[illegible]adlin[illegible] orward for [illegible]hessa[illegible] Faridpur. [illegible]howe[illegible]ne to be sur[illegible]

* * *

[illegible]rding [illegible] Press report [illegible]Mamsa[illegible] said, it is an[illegible]noced, whe[illegible] Seaham [illegible]ostume[illegible] next general [illegible]elem." announced [illegible] if [illegible]uald is preventing [illegible] so "it would [illegible] be o[illegible] teardown in [illegible]hen."

* * *

[illegible]ding announcements, we announce in advance: [illegible]nald's unfortunately inability to [illegible]rest S[illegible]

* * *

[illegible]he re[illegible] George-Snow[illegible] announced un[illegible]ployment intolerable to a wro[illegible]

Funny people do [illegible]aggera[illegible]

* * *

No m[illegible] we learn, may [illegible] along biggest cyna[illegible] membership of [illegible]ogue [illegible]000.

But [illegible] many as six[illegible]pen [illegible]

* * *

OR NOT

[illegible]nded persons "Co[illegible] Clause (299 of [illegible] have [illegible] deep-laid plot [illegible] on th[illegible] one or other [illegible] to up[illegible]r's award be[illegible]s ten years' [illegible] so they have [illegible]en sensible."

—Anglo-India.

* * *

[illegible]imes', London, [illegible]dian Reserve [illegible] Bar[illegible]

[illegible]perienced guid[illegible] Smith it will [illegible] to India the [illegible] the advantages [illegible]th a minimum [illegible]. the transl[illegible]

[illegible]es of the old [illegible]).

* * *

[illegible]r operation yet.

[illegible]o said I was [illegible]

[illegible]s telling father[illegible]s goin' to be [illegible]w' thoroughly

Bay Claims More Seats In w Legislature

CORATION MAKES RESENTATION

Need Adequate Safeguard Special Interests

The Co on Friday considered as an urgent matter the report of ittee of the Corporation regarding the ques- tion of secur te representation to Bombay City on the Reformed ts. The Committee prepared a represen- tation to be d to the Secretary to Government, Poli- tical and Re rtment.

Usually sentations are signed and forwarded by the Mayor, but Mr. K. F. Nariman would not sign the re- presentation is reasons, which would be done by Sir J. B. Boman-Behra

The represe nter-alia" stated:

CASE FOR SP SIDERA- T

In the new tion, the Corporation ar he prin- ciple of nom to be practically don h; and that the scope elective principle is ce than doubled. This n mere fairness, react city's re- presentation in al Legisla- ture in at least responding proportion of it The cre- ation of a larg of spe- cial constituenc ny to re- present organiz merce, in- dustry or labou of cer- tain communiti rter pro- portion of whos th would be found in Bo y, ough not to prejudic ength o the City's repre in the Presidency Legis rom the general territori tituencies of Hindus and madans. For, from these instituencies, Bombay Ci or may not obtain her of such special constitue reserved seats "e.g." fo n. The reasons which ju the opi- nion of the au he new Constitution, the of such special constitue nd the strength and im of the interests sought resented through such tuencies, would provide the means for Bombay City ain just and adequate entation through those But these reasons do equally nor are they th in all particulars to the of re- presentation for ake this City through its general electorate. The C n see no need to distin length between these sets siderations for these ifferent groups of constituen venues of representations. y hope and trust Govern n give due regard to mission herein made and rd to the Bombay City eneral territorial represents fair measure and st ng seats which the corpora ure to suggest should not than 16.

EFFECT OF IN ELETIO

One more aside of far reaching importance. rporation would particula hasise in support of s c theirs for a just proti general and Muhamman ntation to Bombay City. he new Constitution, el ope, the Corporation unstay the indirect process the pro- vincial legislatu wt their respective quo Central Legislature. T ons of the Central Go nd the powers of the slature are, in the new on so devised, that th terests and concerns of re of commerce and us this City and such a le tax- paying unit for Government would directly and particularly The City representati gene- ral constituencies have a special responsib there would thus be need why the City rep should be just in propo ade- quate in strength tee an effective safeguan commercial, financial ustrial interests. The onstituencies for some interests for the Cen lature may provide some ation for them as from ency; but the Corpora hend that the general the City population- ndustrial, commercial ancial would not be ade cured unless the genera hamma- dan as well as mma- dan from the Cit e in an adequate num Provincial Legislature.

REPRESENTATIVE ED.

Sir J. B. Boman oved that the represen for- warded to the Se the Government. Polit Re- forms Department. Sir Je- hangir said usually some members of the Corporation were deputed to represent the Corpora- tion, but since there were two members of the Corporation al- ready on the Delimitation Com- mittee, the Government did not see their way to ask for representa- tives of the corporation to go before that Committee.

Mr. Govindlal Shivlal moved to adjourn discussion of the matter as the councilors had received the copy of the representation only a few minutes before.

Dr. M. C. Javle said no useful purpose would be served by ad- journment as the representation should be before the Delimitation Committee by 30th June.

Prof. K. T. Shah urged to em- phasise the importance of the City in relation to its wealth, pro- perty and population.

The adjournment motion was thrown out and the proposition was carried.

PROPERTY ASSESSMENT.

Dr. J. N. Choksy then moved;

That the Standing Committee in consultation with the Commis- sioner be requested to report whe- ther the present assessment of owner- properties is satisfactory and whether a revision with a view to increase is necessary.

Dr. Choksy said the Assessment department was partial in assess- ment of owner occupied properties which he thought was not satis- factory.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji asked Dr. Choksy to give specific ins- tances of partiality instead of asking the Commissioner to make report in a round about way.

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin said Dr. Choksy was a Socialist and, there- fore, he had brought that resolu- tion. He assured the House that the Assessment Department was not partial. On the ohetr hand, though he was a municipal coun- cilor, he was over assessed.

PUBLIC HEALTH SCHEME.

Mr. M. A. Karanjawala said in nine cases out of ten, the property holders is not give the rigdl Shsc holders does not give the right value o their properties.

The resolution being put to vote was lost.

Mr. Mathradas Tricumji then moved:

That with a view to impart ge- neal instructions to the public on the elements of personal and public hygiene and sanitation, the Medical Relief and Public Health Committee when constituted be requested, in consultation with the Commissioner, to draw up a scheme with an estimate of cost and submit the same to the Cor- poration within two months.

Mr. Gunwant Kapadia seconded the proposition.

Mr. K. H. Goregaoker in sup- porting the proposition gave an instance of Mr. H. K. Kirpalani who one went for his rounds with members of "D" ward when some rubish was thrown him from a window. He thought that like local wards committee, there should be local health committees to educate the public in matters of personal hygiene and sanita- tion.

The proposition was carried.

The Corporation the adjourn- ed till Monday.

I. C. S. EXAMINATION IN 1936

Govt. Issue Rules And Instructions

SIMLA, June 28.

Rules and instructions for exa- minations for the Indian Civil Service to be held in India during 1936 have been gazetted to-day. The candidates accepted for ad- mission to examinations will be informed at what place in Delhi or Rangoon and what hour they should present themselves. The maximum number of candidates to be admitted to the examination which will be announced later, will be limited to a number, not being less than 200 as the Gov- ernor-General-in-Council may de- cide.—United Press.

EXPERIMENTS WITH INDIAN COTTON

Bulletin On Results Of Combing Of Good Quality

The Publicity Officer, Indian Central Cotton Committee, writes:

There is enough evidence to show that the present-day ten- dency in the cotton textile indus- try lies in the increased produc- tion of yarns of finer counts. This can be achieved either by using superior quality cottons or by sub- jecting cotton of a given quality to some such mechanical treat- ment as will appreciably raise its spinning performance.

Among the latter, the most effective method now available is that known as combing. This method consists essentially in the extraction by the combing ma- chine, of a known percentage of the relatively short fibres which are to be found to a greater or less extent in all cottons. The comb- ing process besides serves to parallelise the fibres which results in a greater regularity and higher strength of the yarns. It also serves to reduce such undesirable features as neps from a cotton.

BOMBAY EXPERIMENTS.

Hitherto the combing process has been almost exclusively restricted to the long staple non- Indian cottons. This restriction is presumbly based on the assump- tion that combing, with its conse- quent rejection of a large percent- age (generally from 15 to 25 per cent.) of the fibres, is economi- cally suitable for such cottons only. In order to examine the limiting performance, as a result of combing, of Indian cottons and to test, among other things, the validity of this assumption, a series of experiments were carried out at the Indian Central Cotton Committee's Technological La- boratory, Bombay. Four Indian cottons of good quality were selected for these experiments. Each cotton was combed to the extent of 20 per cent. and 30 per cent. and spun into appropriate counts of yarn on a ring frame using the ordinary and a high draft system of spinning. The comber wastes extracted from these cottons were respectively mixed with four Indian cottons of suitably low quality, and the mixtures were spun into carded yarns of appropriate counts.

These tests form the subject of a Technological Bulletin (Series A, No. 27) of the Indian Central Cotton Committee. The bulletin comprises five sections and a com- prehensive appendix and contains such items of practical interest as a description of the cottons and the machinery used in these tests and full details of treatment ac- corded to each sample. The re- sults obtained are suitably tabu- lated and include particulars of fibre-properties, yarn test results, waste perentages, yarn breakages waste percentages, yarn breakages evenness and neppiness of the yarns spun from the various samples.

BULLETIN.

The joint authors, Mr. R. P. Richardson, F. T. I., and Dr. Nasir Ahmad, M.Sc., Ph.D., F.Inst.P., discuss the implications of the various results at some length and they offer the chief conclusions drawn from them in the form of a summary.

The work embodied in this bulletin is a valuable contribution to the subject of cotton combing and in its 31 pages will be found much data, of a specific character, which will be of great value to the practical spinner.

COMMUNIST DEPUTY JAILED

BERLIN, June 26.

Wilhelm Kasper, Communist De- puty of the former Prussian Diet who was arrested immediately after the Reichstag fire in February 1933 and has been in custody ever since has now been sentenced to the maximum of three years penal servitude by the People's Court on the ground he has circulated subversive pamphlets among the police before the Nazis came to power as also made instructional tours on behalf of the Communist Party before these were actually declared illegal.

Kasper gave evidence for de- fence in the Reichstag fire trial.— Reutes

SLAVERY CONVENTION AND NEPAL

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

It is understood that the Lea- gue of Nations will soon address an invitation to the Maharaja of Nepal to accede to the Slavery Convention of 1926.

Similar requests to the rulers of the Indian State through the Government of India will be made in order to have the 1926 Slavery Convention operating uni- formly throughout India.—United Press.

NIONAL ACE BALLOT

Re Shows Ten-Million Fa All-round Reduc- n In Armaments

SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, June 27.

Ne 2,000,000 votes were cast on equestion asked by the Natio eace Ballot, the result of wh was announced by Lord Cecil an enthusiastic mass meeti the Albert Hall. The final s showed that over 11,000 votes were cast in fa- vour Britain remaining a membr the League, and only 356,000 ied in negative.

Near 500,000 favoured an all-roeduction in armaments by an international agreement agains 62,000 "Noes." while 10,500, oted in favour of the prohibi of manufacture of armam for private profit with 775,600 nst to the question whethe nomic and non-mili- tary sanc should be applied by the resor nation. Ten- millions d in affirmative, and 635,000 egative, but only few voted in our of military mea- sures if essary, and 2,351,000 against.

Lord C said that what was one of the bright spots in the internati sense is that the British acy of the League had grow more vigorous and outspoken and hoped that the results of ot would show that the world safely rely on Bri- tish supp for a collective sys- tem.

GENEL ELECTION NOLIKELY IN CTOBER

LONDON June, 27.

The likood of a British General Elon in October is receding, s Reuter's Parlia- mentary Cspondent. In ad- dition to a y legislative pro- gramme, inling the new un- employment gulations it is un- derstood th Government is shortly init ng soundings with a view to ke London the venue of a val Conference which the Gnment hopes can be convened the autumn. Therefore the election is more likely early xt year.—Reuter' Special Servi

IN THE W COURTS

(Continued om page 6).

It follows that person who may be desirous of ing the services of private detetves should take care to appoi a really well- known and re able firm which his solicitor n recommend; otherwise, he m have difficulty in extricating hself.

"Desirab Allen.

"It seems to wholly wrong to grant a recomendation for deportation in a case," said the Recorder (. E. G. Hem- merde) at Liverpool Sessions in a recent case, aving the ap- peal of Samuel ac Applebaum, of Liverpool, Russian general merchant, against sentence of three months' imisonment and a recommendatio or deportation for alleged offees under the Aliens Act.

The Recorder allowing the appeal, observed hat the whole object of deportan orders was to rid the countr of undesirable aliens. Applebau was brought to England when or seven by his father, who bame a naturalised British subje

There were no ences against Applebaum. It w obvious he was a desirable cizen. He had married a Dublin irl and he regarded Liverpool s his home.

The three or fo incorrect statements he had ade consti- tuting offences und the Aliens Act, did not justify recommen- dation for deportati

The Recorder allowed the ap- peal against the remmendation for deportation, ashed the sentence of imprisonment, and instead imposed fine amounting in all to £50.

5s. Divorce

"I suppose some day before long they will be dog this e at the post office for pment of a small free" said Lord Hewart at Sussex Assizes, recely after granting fifteen divos decrees.

"What is the cost o a dog li- cense now"? he said Counsel for a wife.

"Seven and six ce," replied Counsel.

"Well, then, purh 5s" com- mented Lord Hewa

A Growing Public Mischief.

In 1933, there were in England, 9 per cent of calls of false alarms of fire. In 1934, out f 8831, as many as 1118 were bogus, while the present year's figres show no improvement on 1934

GRAIN GODOWNS GUTTED

Disastrous Fire In Ahmeda- bad Causes Heavy Damage

AHMEDABAD, June 28.

A disastrous fire broke out in the small hours of this morning outside Kalupur Gate as a result of which about a dozen godowns full of various kinds of grains in- cluding a soap factory were com- pletely gutted. The fire raged furiously for full eight hours caus- ing damage to the extent of about Rs. 60,000. The fire is said to have originated in a soap factory.—A. P.

INDIAN TRADERS ABANDON SHOPS

Gather At Narok Govt. Headquarters For Protection

NAIROBI, June 28.

The Masais are at present quiet but the business community is still nervous. Indian traders abandoned their shops and ga- thered at the Narok Government headquarters for protection.

Acting Governor Wade gave an account in the legislature about the attack and said, about forty warriors in three parties attack- ed Capt. Buxton's camp, refused to halt when ordered to do so and three armed tribal police opened fire.

The same party later rescued a number of prisoners under the escort of a policeman and tribal retainers.

The situation is well in hand. —Reuter.

SEC. 144 IN MULTAN

Procession Terminates Peacefully

MULTAN, June 28.

Section 144, Criminal Procedure Code has been promulgated in Multan.

During the disturbances in Multan at the end of April Syed Zehnulabdinshah Gilani was ex- terned from Multan District. Those orders having now been withdrawn, Multan Muslims last night made preparations to take out a procession for Abdinshah but the police insisted on the organisers taking out a license. This the organisers refused to do and apprehending a breach of the peace Section 144 was pro- mulgated until further orders.

Later the organisers applied for a license which was granted but the route of the procession was fixed. Abdinshah was this morn- ing taken in processsion which terminated peacefully. No meet- ing was allowed.—A.P.

RAJEN BABU AMONG REFUGEE PATIENTS

Visits Mayo Hospital And Talks To Injured

LAHORE, June 28.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, Con- gress President, accompanied by Doctor Gopichand and the Presi- dent of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee visited the evening the Mayo Hospital and inspected the various wards, where about 150 Quetta sufferers are lying. He spent there 90 minutes. He was photographed with Captain Mirajkar and Con- gressmen.

Rajen Babu goes to Sheikhpura by car late in the evening where he addresses a meeting at 7 a.m. to-morrow. He will proceed to Jaranwala by car and will meet the representatives of the differ- ent relief committees. He attends the Quetta Central Committee's meeting on June 30 at 11 in the morning and addresses a public meeting in the evening.—United Press.

(Continued from Col. 7)

Committee may point out in this connection that England had her Cotton Textile Industry protected in its infancy by high tariffs even when cotton had to be wholly im- ported as at present! The policy of discriminating protection has been put into operation in the past not without some niggard- liness!

The Committee had naturally expected Government to show greater consideration to the re- commendations of the Tariff Board in respect of Indian Glass Industry after all this delay, but they have to confess themselves to a sense of disappointment. The Committ- tee cannot, but emphasise here the need of Government trying to give a full measure of protection to an Indian industry for a reason- able period especially when the Tariff Board recommend it as in this instance.

Your Duty To Help 'Quake Victims

Send Donations Quickly For Relief Of Refugees

In order to enable all classes of people easily to contribute their bit to the work of relief, for the sufferers from the Quetta Earthquake, the "Bombay Chronicle", the "Bombay Samachar" and the "Bombay Sentinel" have in association, decided to open a fund called "The Three Paper Quetta Relief Fund" in their columns. All sums not below Re. 1 will be accepted and acknowledged in the columns of all the three papers.

The proprietors of the three papers have donated a sum of Rs. 1,001 to the Fund.

The readers of the three papers responded, beyond our hopes, to our call for help to swell the Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund. The Quetta calamity is vastly greater than that which had overtaken Bihar. The need for relief and consequently for money to provide that relief is much greater. We have no doubt our appeal to the readers of the "Chronicle", the "Samachar" and the "Sentinel" to contribute at least 10 per cent. of their monthly income will evoke a generous and immediate response. We need hardly add that relief delayed is relief denied.

All cheques should be drawn in the name of "The Three Paper Quetta Relief Fund."

Contributors are requested to see that they get receipts from this office for the amounts contributed by them.

THREE PAPERS' FUND

List of donors to Quetta Earth- quake Relief Fund Received on dated 28-6-35 is as follows:—

	Rs.
Previously Acknowledged	14445-3-9
Olga Ringhaff Esq.	20-0-0
A Symyathiser from Co- lombo	151-0-0
Maganlal Jugaldas Cam- bay	25-0-0
Keshavlal Bhailal	11-0-0
Total	14652-3-9

"Quetta Can Never Be Rebuilt On Same Spot"

MARSEILLES, June 28.

Quetta can never be rebuilt on the same spot, according to Mrs. Karslake, wife of the G.O.C. of the troops just returned from the recent earthquake region.

As an example of upheaval it took five days to locate Grindlays Bank in the main street of Quetta.—Reuter's Special.

MAIN ISSUE OF PROTECTION IGNORED

Maharashtra Chamber Protests Against Govt. Policy In Shelving Tariff Board's Proposals For Glass Industry

The Secretary of the Maha- rashtra Chamber of Commerce has addressed the following to the Secretary to the Govern- ment of India, Department of Commerce, Simla.

The Committee of this Cham- ber have to enter their strong protest against the way the Government of India have dealt with the Tariff Board's Report on the Glass Industry.

The original representation was submitted by the All India Glass Manufacturers' Associa- tion in July 1926, in which pro- tection was claimed for all blown and pressed glassware. Further in 1927, the U.P. Glass Works and later the Allahabad Glass Works, Naini, asked for protection for sheet glass and for figured and ribbed glass respectively.

INORDINATE DELAY.

In the first place, it took the Government of India more than five years to think over the matter and arrive at the con- clusion that there was a prima facie case for reference to the Tariff Board in October 1931. The Tariff Board submitted their Report to Government by March next year; but it is in June 1935, more than 3 years after that that Government have made available to the public the Tariff Board's Report and their resolu- tion thereon explaining the ac- tion they propose to take! It is thus nearly a decade since a for Tariff Board inquiry he Glass Industry was ori- made by the All India Manufacturers' Association view to secure protection! a very slow and tardy and the Committee think ans must be found out of matters both in respect rnment's reference to the ard and later publication port and their action

KERING WITH IT

this inordinate delay, regretted that the t are unable to see with the Tariff Board. up their mind in re- main issue of grant of portection to the Glass In- dustry of the country! They have deferred action on this, and have announced in the meantime some relief by means of rebate to the manufacturer of the entire im- port duty on British and Colonial Soda Ash used in the glass manu- facture, and refund of any excess over 10 per cent. ad valorem in case of other Soda Ash. This concession is to operative for 3 years, and the whole question is again to go to the Tariff Board. Government then think that there exists prima facie case for protection.

The Committee like to point out that Government have chosen to take their present attitude, be- cause they consider that the absence of [illegible]

advantages to the industry which cannot possibly be balanced by any advantages which it possesses in other respects. This is just the opposite of what the Tariff Board think after a full and detailed inquiry! The Tariff Board observe in paragraph 43 of their Report as under:"

"We are satisfied that on the balance the glass industry does possess such natural advantages as to justify its claim for protec- tion." This concluding para- graph of Chapter II, reproduced here, summarises the full and de- tailed survey of the natural ad- vantages of the Indian Glass In- dustry made by the Tariff Board in their Report. In paragraph 42 of their Report the Tariff Board state: "If at this price of Soda Ash the Indian Glass Industry may be expected ultimately to dispense with protection, it ne- cessarily follows that the handi- cap imposed on the industry by its having to import Soda Ash is sufficiently balanced by the ad- vantages which it possesses in other respects. On this view of the case, "we hold that the fact that the Indian Glass Industry is now dependent on imported Soda Ash does not invalidate the claim to protection, especially when there is a reasonable prospect that the manufacture of the material in India will be resumed.

INDIAN SUPPLIES.

The Committee like to point out in this connection that in the Sari Shakti Alkali Works of Dhrangadhra there is available a good source of indigenous Soda Ash and though this well-equipped factory may not be working at the moment, it is expected, that it may soon begin to manufacture Soda Ash. It is capable of pro- ducing a substantial proportion of Indian Soda Ash requirements. Khewra in Punjab may yet be an- other useful source in the near future. In either case as soon as indigeneous Soda Ash becomes available, Government must see that this rebate on imported Soda Ash is no longer there as its con- tinuance will mean a disadvantage to indigenous product.

MAIN ISSUE IGNORED.

The Committee of this Cham- ber believe that Government have done great injustice to the strug- gling Indian Glass Industry by virtually refusing to take their final decision for the present on the larger issue, taking their stand on the by no means very convincing plea of non-existence of indigenous sources of Soda Ash. The Committee like to point out here that the Tariff Board's esti- mate that limited by the quantity of the principal raw materials used, Soda Ash does not exceed 25 per cent. of the total quantities in the more efficient factories of India (Paragraph 39), shows, if anything, that the importance [illegible]

CONCESSIONS TO IRRIGATORS

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As a result of cold wave of 14th, 15th and 16th January, 1935, Sugarcane planted from June to October 1934 and also other crops were totally damaged in the Nasik and Ahmednagar Districts.

Government promptly stopped all collections of Irrigation and Land Revenue, Tagai collections and also co-operative dues in the Nasik District and promised to do the same in Ahmednagar District. A conference of the Deccan Irrigators waited in Deputation on Mr. W. W. Smart, I.C.S., the Commissioner, C.D., on 11th February 1935, who promised to recommend to Government extension of the concessions given in Nasik District to Ahmednagar District.

In the Council also on 22nd March 1935 the Hon'ble Mr. R. D. Bell, General Member spoke as follows:—

"Another question raised had reference to the remissions which will be allowed to Bagaitdars on account of the damage due to frost. In the case of the last year's frost, certain remissions and suspensions were given viz. in cases where the damage was 75 per cent and above full remission was given in cases where the damage was 50 to 75 per cent half the water-rate was remitted and half suspended and when the damage was 25 to 50 per cent. half was suspended. It is proposed—orders have not issued yet to repeat these orders this year."

Mr. L. R. Gokhale, M.L.C. asked "I only wish the orders will go out soon."

And what do we find?

Though it is now the end of June, collections are being made in the Ahmednagar District. This means that either Government have not issued any orders yet to the Commissioner or Commissioner's orders are not yet carried out.

We hope the elected Councillors of the Bombay Legislative Council, will heckle the General and Revenue Member of the Bombay Government and will try to bring to book the Revenue Officers who have not carried out Government orders if at all they were sent out to Ahmednagar District.—Yours, etc.,

K. B. BHAGWAT.
General Secretary,
The Irrigator's Central Committee (Deccan Canals), Poona.

'Prosperity Under Fascism'

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read in your esteemed paper of yesterday an interview given to a Reuter's reporter by a certain Mr. J. Brown, ex-salesman, ex-bricklayer, ex-sailor and author, therefore an indisputable authority himself.

All the improvements gained by Italy since the advent of Fascism, have suggested to his ex-salesman's mentality the comparison of a shop with attractive windows, but badly provisioned. He has seen magnificent buildings in some parts of Rome but very old and badly ruined lodgings in other parts. Has he probably seen the new excavations, the ancient ruins and the demolitions all along the "Via dei Trionfi" and they have not sufficiently appealed to his ex-bricklayer's mentality?

He was struck by unemployment, low wages and poverty in Italy. But he had evidently forgotten the wealth in current gold and colonial possessions of his mother-country and, notwithstanding, its long hungry rows of unemployed!

The poor Italian villagers, he says, cannot cook their food for seven months and are obliged to eat only artichokes, bread and macaroni. Fancy, these poor beggars, having to eat macaroni as rice (but why not directly from the macaroni-plant?) without cooking them!

At the end of his nice interview with Reuter's reporter, he expressed his horror for the military training of the Italian youths, forgetting the institution of cubs, boy scouts and cadets of his mother-country. Does not it speak very highly of his senses of an ex-sailor?

Taking for granted, Sir, that in the British countries the expression of public opinion is quite free, may I ask your kindness to give hospitality in your esteemed paper to my reply to the ex-author, Mr. Brown?—Yours, etc.,

O. S.

Bombay, June 28.

Gliding In India

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It was very interesting to hear a "Talk" on "Gliding in India" given by the Chairman of the Indian Gliding Association through the Radio about 6 months ago and we were surprised to hear the Chairman broadcasting an appeal to All-India for the financial support for an organization of Gliding Associations throughout India. It is indeed very regrettable to learn that an Association of this nature, although in existence and officially recognised by the Director of Civil Aviation in India had not met the approval of the Government of India. From the instances quoted by the Chairman, it appears that India lags considerably behind time compared to other nations like France, Italy, Germany, America and even Russia where in spite of unfavourable weather conditions, fine performances in Gliding have been achieved. Whereas in India it is said that the "Thermal" currents are the best in the world and as such it would permit extraordinary achievements for Gliders and hence we do regret the lack of appreciation on the part of those in authority Gliding movement is destined to grow in strength and soaring flight has already become a sport compelling not only national but international interest. Subsidising the Gliding movement will certainly be a great boon to India. The appeal made by Lord Semphill during his visit to India in last November in this respect, is laudable and we entirely agree with him that Gliding should be embodied in the curriculum of Indian Universities. It is very surprising to note that the British Air Ministry has already donated £5,000 for five years to help the Gliding movement in England, but it has not yet dawn upon the Government of India, after having obtained sanction from the Secretary of State to allot nearly one crore of rupees for aerodromes Meteorological and Wireless Departments to subsidise for, they may have had some doubt about the possible value of Gliding as preparatory training for the pilotage of power driven aircraft and therefore considered State assistance unwarranted. Gliding is now considered throughout Europe and America as valuable to those who are subsequently going to pilot power driven aircrafts.

The Indian Gliding Association which was organised in August 1931 was affiliated to the British Gliding Association and has since done very good work for the benefit of the Indian nation. Its work is really commendable and the Chairman was rightly calling upon the Government of India to treat this line of Aviation as a national duty and hence appeals to the Government for the Finance Support. If the Chairman wishes he could easily have finance from some benevolent well-wisher but as the Association wishes to treat the sport from the national duty point of view, we earnestly hope the Government of Bombay in whose presidency this Association has been inaugurated and launched, will co-operate and request the Central Government to do all in their power to help the Gliding Movement throughout India, with an adequate subsidy, and thereby bring India up, at least in the line with other tiny countries of Europe and America.

Where does Gliding take place now? Why do not the authorities bring the gliding close to Bombay? Is the Association dying a natural death? I will be very much sorry indeed, if this be the fate of an important association, for want of funds. Will other enthusiasts take up this matter in press?—Yours, etc.

"AIR-MINDED.

One of the Well-known Insurance Companies

of India with attractive policy conditions suitable to all requirements and with liberal commission or salary or both, invites applications for Agencies for life insurance business in Bombay Presidency from persons with experience and good standing. Those only capable to introduce substantial business need apply immediately to the Bombay C[illegible]

PROTECT HELPLESS SHAREHOLDERS FROM BEING MISLED

Mr. Davar's Plea For Making New Company Act All-Embracing

The first quarterly meeting of the Bombay Shareholders' Association was held in its premises in Dalal Street on Friday evening under the presidentship of Principal Sohrab R. Davar, Bar.-at-Law.

A brief survey of the activities of the past three months of the Bombay Shareholders' Association was made by Prof. Sohrab R. Davar.

Mr. Davar at the outset referred to the appointment of Mr. Sushil Sen as Special Officer to revise the Indian Companies' Act of 1913, to whom the Shareholders' Association had sent a special memorandum suggesting amendments in the Indian Companies' Act.

Mr. Davar proceeding said:

"The Companies Act, is, so to say, the pivot of the modern business world on which the whole business system revolves. In view of the enormous economic importance of this piece of legislation no amount of money, labour or time, devoted with a view to amend it to as much perfection as is humanly possible to amend, may ever be considered as wasted. If I may point out to the Commerce Department, as well as the Government of India with great respect on your behalf and on behalf of your Committee this most complicated and highly technical form of legislation cannot be satisfactorily amended, or expected to be amended by any reasonable person to anything like perfection through the efforts of a single individual.

NEED OF EXPERTS' COMMITTEE

"A Committee of Experts therefore is an imperative necessity, who should be empowered not only to invite opinions and suggestions from all parts of India, but they should also be authorised to hear witnesses and ultimately take a dominant part even in the drafting of the Preliminary Act before it is submitted to the legislature for consideration. This may no doubt take time and result in the same expenditure, but considering the high economic importance of this Act to the future well-being of our industries and commerce, no time or labour or expenditure should be spared. How a hasty legislation brought about in a cursory way would fail to achieve its object has been conclusively demonstrated by the failure of the English Companies Act of 1929 to achieve its objective.

Though prior to this Act careful investigations were instituted by two Royal Commissions, the Act when it was brought into Parliament had to be rushed through, because of its impending dissolution and the passage had to be effected through an economy in time by various compromises with the Opposition. The result was that no sooner was the Act passed, than certain company failures brought about a hue and cry from the British public, as to the inability of the Act to prevent the abuses and irregularities. If we do not wish to share a similar fate it is necessary that we should go about our business in a thorough calculating manner and bring about an amendment which will be satisfactory and lasting. This can only be achieved through a careful investigation by a Committee of Experts of the type your Association has suggested repeatedly.

He then congratulated the Shareholders' Association that even in London the Shareholders had formed a "Shareholders' Protection Association" recently on the line of the Shareholders' Association in Bombay, and hoped that the directors and managing agents would co-operate with the Association, and thus earn goodwill and support for the expansion of company enterprise in this country.

NEW ZEALAND'S EXAMPLE.

He was glad that the New Zealand Government had appointed a Bureau for the protection of rights of the investing public. The Bureau in appropriate cases is recommended to have also the power to apply to the Court for an injunction, or to institute proceedings alleging an offence against the Act. The Court is recommended to have the power to disallow unconscionable transactions of profits, or transactions are closed or settled, it is suggested that they should be given the power even to re-open them, or order a refund or re-settlement on a basis directed by the Court.

A further recommendation is that the powers of injunction which are given to the Court should be such as to enable them to deal with the objectionable practices described in general language to be interpreted by the court rather than [illegible] letter of the Companies [illegible] Branches of the [illegible] institute prosecutions. Of c[illegible] the information received th[illegible] the Bureau's investigations is[illegible] be kept in the strictest [illegible] dence as secret information [illegible] where the Bureau thinks th[illegible] is of a nature which re[illegible] publicity as a remedy, or [illegible] which involves an applicatio[illegible] the Court. Further, it [illegible] down that in order to fa[illegible] desirable changes in the law [illegible] year to year the Bureau [illegible] be required to make an [illegible] report to the Minister in [illegible] and should recommend [illegible] legislation as might be deem[illegible] cessary.

A TIP TO SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

"Continuing Prof. Davar [illegible]: "It will thus be seen that [illegible] reau if established, would [illegible] or less perform the work wh[illegible] Association such as [illegible] trying to do in the [illegible] way without any [illegible] and within the limited [illegible] to it. It would not be [illegible] place therefore for the [illegible] Committee that may be [illegible] for the amendment of [illegible] panies Act to consider [illegible] some such organisation, [illegible] modifications or alterat[illegible] of the suggestions [illegible] above, should not be [illegible] and brought within [illegible] of our own Companies [illegible] for the protection of [illegible] public and the [illegible] cerned, but for the [illegible] steady amendment [illegible] from time to [illegible] to keep the [illegible] pace."

He would up [illegible] referring to the [illegible] Full Bench of the [illegible] Court in regard to [illegible] Bank and said:

"The most pertinent remarks of the Chief Justice the Lahore High Court in [illegible] of his judgment, to which [illegible] attention of the Government of India may be invited, [illegible] ture when the Co[illegible] amendment is under [illegible] deration are the [illegible]

"Limited liability [illegible] India are in their [illegible] holders and creditors are [illegible] misled. It has been [illegible] once that fraudulent directors have no difficulty in this country in deceiving shareholders and creditors. While the [illegible] of shareholders and [illegible] cannot undoubtedly be taken into consideration, these [illegible] of persons in India at present [illegible] to be protected against themselves."

This is exactly [illegible] committee on your [illegible] emphasising for [illegible] legislation [illegible] years it was [illegible] shareholder [illegible] ought to, and [illegible] protect his [illegible] many points [illegible] for, in the Act [illegible] prevented directors from carrying on [illegible] way, mal-practices and abuses, as they have done a number of cases that have come to our notice during [illegible] years.

The judgment of the Full Bench of the Lahore High Court, must now serve to remove [illegible] erroneous assumptions on the part of legislators, because it has been clearly demonstrated not only in case of company failures in India, but even in the United Kingdom of England, Scotland and Ireland, that shareholders and creditors are easily misled.

MAKE IT ALL-EMBRACING.

In fact, in our country, the bulk of the investors are "small-fry" ant of Companies. Company practice and [illegible] Organisation. In fact, the majority of them do not even know how to read and write the English language in which the Company Act is written, and the reports as well as the Company Accounts are usually published. It is the most important that the new Act should be all-embracing and provisions calculate to protect the helpless shareholder being misled as the Learned Chief Justice of the Lahore High Court correctly emphasises.

After the president's speech a general discussion followed.

COMPANY LAW ELSEWHERE.

Mr. Muzumdar observed that the defects in the Company Law are common to [illegible] capitalist countries. The [illegible] interested in [illegible] India than [illegible] so the existing [illegible] vantageous to [illegible] be changed. He drew the attention of the shareholders to the action taken in changing the Company Law in Italy, Germany and Roosveltian merica. He said that it is imperative to protect the shareholder in other countries as well, and pointed out how efforts in Calcutta failed [illegible] foreign interests influencing those who were [illegible]

KING'S TRIBUTE TO QUETTA OFFICIALS

SIMLA, JUNE 28.

The King-Emperor has sent the following message to the Viceroy of India:—

"From all accounts I have received of the disaster at Quetta, I have been deeply impressed by the measures taken with such promptitude and efficiency to relieve the distress and help the sufferers. Please convey to all concerned, both men and women, my heartfelt thanks and admiration for their splendid efforts in meeting such an awful tragedy."

The Viceroy has sent the following reply:—

"I am deeply grateful to Your Majesty for your sympathetic and encouraging message regarding the relief of distress amongst those who have suffered in the disaster at Quetta. I will personally convey to those who have taken part in the work Your Majesty's gracious recognition of the splendid way in which all concerned have dealt with the organisation of relief."—United Press.

RAILWAY GUARD ACQUITTED ON APPEAL

Conviction On Legally Inadmissible Evidence Quashed By High Court

The sentence of three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 60 passed on Nathan Vi[illegible], a guard of the G. I. P. Railway, by the First Class Magistrate [illegible] on the charges of theft or [illegible] property was [illegible] by Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Macklin at the High Court in appeal.

On June 8, 1934, a certain firm of Madura consigned to their Bombay shop [illegible] packages of cloth; [illegible] was in charge of [illegible] by which the [illegible] despatched. The packages were delivered in Bombay on June 20. Subsequently articles valued at Rs. 120 were found to be missing from the packages.

On September 28 while the police were investigating another theft case, they searched the house of the appellant and recovered certain saris which were identified as part of the missing property of the Madura merchants.

The [illegible] appeal to the [illegible] owing the conviction based, to [illegible] legal admissible evidence in law.

RAILWAY GUARD ACQUITTED ON APPEAL

Poona Magistrate's Sanctions Rs. 100

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, June 28.

The magistrate of Poona City Mr. [illegible] evening a resolution [illegible] a grant of Rs. 100 [illegible] Oyamshah, for arranging Robin Chatterjee's performance and Rs. 100 for the receptions to be accorded to Mr. Khaggiwale, Bar-at-Law, and his companions for breaking the motoring record between India and England.

Robin Chatterjee is keeping hale and hearty after fourteen hours spent in water.

through the vernaculars is necessary for a direct approach to the people. He quoted the case of Japan where directors work on a self-governing principle, but not as sleeping partners. The Government is not unaware of the defects in Company Law, but is yet keeping quiet, why? Only agitation through people can mend the matter.

NEED FOR ORGANISATION.

The president concluding the proceedings said that the silence of a democratic state like Britain on the mater in question is due to the principle of non-interference with the individual as much as possible. But happily things are changing now where individuals' interests are concerned especially after war. A change [illegible] tendency of centralisation of currency [illegible] monetary in Britain since the [illegible] interests there were very powerful defect in the democratic state.

He said, he was aware that the Commerce Department is seriously considering the changes in Company Law. He hoped that in the future Constitution where middle and lower middle classes will have more representation [illegible]

ADEN CONVICTION SET ASIDE

Bombay High Court Quits Italian In Resid[illegible]

SESSIONS JUDGE ACTS BEYOND HIS POWER, SAY THEIR LORDS

Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Macklin at the High Court on Friday afternoon delivered judgment in the revisional application filed by L. M. Munro, an Italian residing in Aden against the sentence of a fine of Rs. 100, in default one month's rigorous imprisonment by the Sessions Judge of Aden on the charge of causing death by a rash and negligent act while driving his car.

The petitioner was in the first instance tried by the First Class Magistrate of Aden who acquitted him. The Sessions Judge set aside the acquittal and sentenced him as above.

The petitioner then approached the Bombay High Court in revision, challenging the jurisdiction of the Sessions Judge to treat the matter as an appeal. It was further contended that in such a case there could only be a revisional application which could be solely entertained by the High Court. The Sessions Judge had acted in contravention of the provisions of the Civil and Criminal Regulation of Aden, and exercised such powers which even the High Court had not got.

In quashing the conviction and sentence, their lordships observed that the Court had to consider whether the Sessions Judge's powers could be defined or limited. It had been argued that the legislature could not handed to confer wid powe[illegible] Sessions Judge[illegible] than enjoyed by the Hig[illegible] Court. Their lordships could not anything which amo[illegible] tutory definition o[illegible] Judge's powers. Neither thought, the powers were case revisional pers. Sess[illegible] Judge had of extraordinary and discre[illegible] powers of superin[illegible]dan revision. But these powe[illegible]as a rule to be exe[illegible]sed when the ordinary [illegible]ceedings [illegible] proper remedy or was necessary to corre[illegible] manifest irregularity of p[illegible].

On a consideration the present case their lordships thought that the Sessions had not exercised his [illegible]judicially. He had dealt with [illegible] as to if it was an appeal[illegible] and his reasons, [illegible] mentioned the non-[illegible]frequence of fatal accidents, [illegible] desirability of a strict[illegible]ement of the law. These grounds for appeal by [illegible]nt against acquittal, but [illegible]equate to the extraordinary [illegible]ature accepted by the judg[illegible].

Under the circ[illegible]stances their lordships held [illegible]e Sessions Judge's order [illegible]tion could not stand and [illegible] the petitioner.

Branding Of Wife Call For Severe Pu[illegible]ment

But High Court Allows Compou[illegible] Of Case In View Of Reconcilia[illegible]

The application filed by Bombay Government for the enhancement of the sentence passed by the Third Presidency Magistrate on one Pranjivan Chaturbhu[illegible] came up for hearing before Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Macklin at the High Court on Friday afternoon.

The accused's wife Bai Tara[illegible]laxmi had stayed at her father's house for a longer period than was allowed by her husband. He therefore, became very indignant and, on October 10 last, branded her on the face with a live coal and on November 20 again branded her on various parts of her body with a hot "tavatha."

NOMINAL SENTENCE.

For this the accused was prosecuted on two charges of causing grievous hurt. The magistrate passed a nominal sentence binding over the accused in the sum of Rs. 100 for one year for the first offence, and detaining him till the rising of the court for the second offence.

The Government applied to the High Court for enhancement of sentence.

At the hearing of the application on Friday, the injured and his wife made a petition to the court requesting permission to compound the case as they had settled all their differences on certain terms.

LIVING TOGETHER.

Replying to the court, the wife said she was now living with her husband. She was supported by [illegible] who was also questioned.

Their lordships allowed the application, Mr. Justice Broomfield remarking that it was a grossly and serious offence and deserving of severe punishment but they had no objection to the case being compounded in view of the reconciliation that had taken place between the parties. The lower court's order was set aside.

Maj. Mitra Promoted To Lt.-Colonelship

PATNA, June 28.

Major S. L. Mitra, I.M.S., officiating Director of Public Health, Bihar and Orissa, has been promoted to the rank of Lt.-Col.

Lt.-Col. Mitra was appointed Assistant Director of Public Health for South Bihar in September, 1934, prior to which he was in military employ. He acted as the Director of Public Health in Assam from March to November, 1934. He is also the professor of Pathology [illegible]ce of Wales [illegible]na.—United Press.

TARIFF [illegible]

[illegible]ENTSHIP [illegible]

Fazal[illegible]ola To

[illegible], June 28.

The appo[illegible] Mr. Fazal Rahimtoola [illegible]ting President of the [illegible]board with effect from [illegible] has been gazetted.—[illegible]ss.

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The Gujarat Congress Socialist Conference which met in Ahmedabad last week was a great success. Acharya Narendra Dev is seen dilivering his prtsidential address

ALL OVER PAIR OF TROUSERS

Marwari Shop-keeper Injured In Melee At Kamatipura

BOMBAY, Friday.

"If you can't give me back my pair of trousers, I will have a dhoti."

This was the argument said to have been put forward to by the accused in a stabbing case to a Marwari shop-keeper at Kamatipura.

Janoo Jadhav, the accused, is alleged to have fractured the nose of the shop-keeper in a "melee" that followed the argument.

Sergeant Rimmer of the Nagpada police, when informed of the incident, came on the spot and arrested the accused.

The accused was placed before Mr Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day and ordered to be remanded into custody for a week.

Renaud Application

The Investigating Officer in applying for remand into custody of the accused stated, to-day, that the accused went to the shop of a Marwari at Kamatipura on Thursday and demanded a pair of trousers pledged with him.

The Marwari, then, rummaged the whole stack of clothes in his possession and could not find the trouser reported to have been pledged with him.

Marwari's Repl y

The accused was told by the shopkeeper that he must have made a mistake by coming to the wrong shop where he had not pledged the pair of trousers.

An altercation ensued and accused wanted to search for himself the whole pile of clothes. His request was granted by the shopkeeper.

The search having proved futile a fresh altercation ensued, when the accused said he would not mind having a dhoti in place of a pair of trousers.

The Marwari refused and from words they came to blows in which the accused was stated to have picked up a brass "lota", lying nearby, and, it is alleged, flung it right on the nose of the complainant (Marwari.)

The blow caused a fracture on the bridge of the complainant's nose and the Nagpada police were immediately informed of the "melee."

People gathered near the shop, by this time, and the accused was arrested and marched off to the nearest police "Chowki."

RELIEF OF REFUGEES IN PUNJAB

Congress President Goes To Lahore For Collecting Funds

LAHORE, June 28.

Babu Rajendra Prasad accompanied by Doctor Gopichand arrived this morning at 5-30 by the Multan Express.

The object of the visit having a tragic touch, he was given only a solemn reception, befitting the occasion as decided previously by the District Congress. No garlands and flowers were showered on him. Ladies greeted him with handspun yarns. Those present to receive him included Lala Dunichand, acting President of the Punjab Congress, Sardar Sardul Singh, Lala Sham Lal, Harimohan Chatterjee, Virendra, Secretary of Quetta Relief Committee and others.

Rajendra Babu drove to Lajpatrai Bhavan. He will be taken to many places near Lahore for collecting funds for Quetta sufferers.—United Press.

HYDERABAD WOMEN AND 'QUAKE RELIEF

HYDERABAD (DECCAN), June 27

"It is unnecessary for me to dilate on the details of the tragedy which is familiar to you all. It only remains for us to fulfil our bounden duty to the tender and helpless people in Quetta" observed Princess Durreshawar presiding over a large cosmopolitan meeting of ladies in Hyderabad this evening held to inaugurate Women's Earthquake Relief Committee.

Speakers included Lady Hydari, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu who moved the principal resolution expressing sympathy for the Quetta people.—A. P.

INDERPAL'S APPEAL

Appellant Counsel On Police Investigation Methods

LAHORE, June 26.

The hearing of the appeal of Inder Pal, approver in the Second Punjab Conspiracy Case, was resumed to-day in the Lahore High Court before Messrs. Justice Monroe and Justice Rangi Lal.

Lala Sham Lal counsel for the appellant continuing his argument submitted that the approver's magesterial statement was in the nature of a retracted confession and inadmissible, because it was not voluntary. It had been made when the accused was in police custody. All circumstances go to show that the accused was quite helpless, and made whatever statement the police asked him to.

The Counsel then referred to the Gujranwala Bomb Explosion Case and said that it was not proved that Inder Pal knew anything about the Gujranwala explosion. There was no evidence regarding his knowledge about it. If he was not in a position to give any information regarding this incident, there could be no forfeiture of pardon on that score.

LYALLPUR BOMB CASE.

Lala Sham Lal then took up the Lyallpur bomb explosion and submitted that Doulat Ram, a prosecution witness had not mentioned his son in his statement, dated 19th June, and the prosecution got information about the presence of his son, a supplementary statement of Daulat Ram was taken. He admitted his presence afterwards. The Counsel further stated that the statement of Doulat Ram of 19th June was altered, and the result of investigation incorporated in it. The Sub-Inspector of Lyallpur produced Lachman Das before a Magistrate for recording his statement. The statement of Lachman Das as recorded was proved by the evidence of the Magistrate and the Reader, but the statement was being withheld by the police and the recording of that statement was being denied.

TELEPHONIC TALK.

A telephonic talk was arranged between Khairati Ram, approver and Nazir Mohammad, a prosecution witness. It is proved by Nazir Mohd. but it is being denied by the Police. Nazir Mohammad also deposes that he made a statement different from that of Khairati Ram and that before that statement was read out, he was taken to the Fort and asked by the police to correct it.

POLICE INVESTIGATION.

All these facts, the Counsel continued, throw a good light on the investigation of the police. Proceeding L. Sham Lal took up the incident of Lahore (Goalmundi bomb explosion. He submitted that this incident was not only disapproved but proved to be false. Mr. Gulu Ram, Bar.-at-Law, stated that the boy who rented the house which was the scene of this explosion was heavier, taller and fatter than Dayanath Rai, who was alleged by the police to have rented the house. Thakur Rachpal Singh, Judge of the Allahabad High Court deposed that Dayanath Rai and Jayaprakash could not be the persons who had come to rent the house on 18th June. Thus there was positive evidence that the case against Dayanath Rai and Jayaprakash was false. In addition Dayanath Rai's alibi had been established beyond doubt.

Mr. Justice Rangi Lal intervened: Was Dayanath Rai acquitted by the Special Tribunal of the High Court?

Lala Sham Lal: Dayanath Rai was not only acquitted by the Tribunal, but the tribunal also held that his alibi had been established. The alibi was established by the evidence of the Head Master of the D. A. V. High School, the tutor and his application for leave. This incident is proved to be false. But the police had secured the identification of Dayanath Rai and Jayaprakash at the hands of various witnesses. The false statements must have been made at the instance of the police. If this false statement could be introduced in the statement of Inderpal, there was no guarantee regarding truth of the rest of the statement.

The court rose for the day at this stage.—United Press.

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ALLEGED OBJECTIONABLE WRITINGS

Miss Basanti Devi Charged Under B. C. L. A. Act

CHITTAGONG, June 26.

Miss Basanti Devi of Paralkora has been prosecuted under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act for being found in possession of alleged objectionable writings.—United Press.

Student Arrested

CHITTAGONG, June 22.

Niranjande, a student of the Feni College was arrested for not possessing the identity card. The accused stated that he did not renew his card, as he did no more live in Chittagong, but now stayed at Feni.—United Press.

V. S. SASTRI TAKES CHARGE

CHIDAMBARAM, June 25.

The Rt. Hon'ble V. S. Srinivasa Sastriar arrived here this morning from Madras by car via Pondicherry. He was accorded a warm reception by the members of the staff of the Annamalai University and was profusely garlanded.

Mr. Sastri will take charge of the Vice-Chancellorship of the University from Dr. S. N. Chakravarthi to-morrow.—A.P.

LIGHTNING KILLS THREE LABOURERS

JUBBULPORE, June 27.

According to an Akaltara message, three labourers, while working in a rice mill, owned by Mr. Manmohan Singh, at Akaltara, were struck by lightning and killed on the spot.—United Press.

METEOR BURSTS AT MUZAFFARPORE

MUZAFFARPORE, June 26.

There was a great meteoric flash last night, as has seldom been witnessed before, when a large meteor burst forth into a dazzling flash of white light, disappearing finally near the eastern horizon, leaving a glowing trail behind. The size of the meteor appeared to be big, and it took over a minute, from the time it flashed into view, to be reduced into cosmic dust.—United Press.

Workers Create New Civilisation In Land Of Proletariat

Continued From Page 16

publics. At the apex stood the All-Union Congress of Soviets, which chose a central executive committee, the nearest analogue to a Parliament. This elected a Cabinet of People's Commissars (Ministers). A recent decision announced that direct election was to be substituted and a commission had been appointed to work out a scheme. Lord Passfield said he doubted whether this would be found universally practicable in so vast and so heterogeneous a country.

THE PRODUCERS.

The elector was assumed to vote again and differently as a producer. Included among the producers were about 22,000,000 wage or salary earners in factory, institute or office, and of these some 18,00,000 were members of the entirely voluntary trade unions now 154 in number. Within each enterprise the unions settled the innumerable piecework rates and the promotion of workers from grade to grade. The central committee of the unions, representing the whole of the membership, settled annually the fundamental time-rates in negotiation with representatives of the Government. The whole of the workers in the aggregate received the entire net product, after deducting a sum for increase of capital equipment. This net product was divided between the cost of the social services and the "personal wages."

VOLUNTARY CO-OPERATION.

The other types of producers were those joined together in voluntary co-operative production societies, who managed their own affairs, including social services, through a "pyramid" of representative councils; and the membership of the quarter of a million collective farms who were not yet joined in any federation of their own but elected only to the village Soviet.

In his capacity as a consumer nearly every person over 18 is a member of the entirely voluntary consumers' co-operative societies, which had no monopoly of retail trading but which did most of the retailing especially in villages. Consumers expressed their demands and criticisms through the elected management committees of the separate societies and through a central board.

Like the British, French, and Dutch empires, the U.S.S.R. had within its borders a considerable number of backward, and even uncivilised, peoples of different colours and customs. It was the object of Soviet policy to educate and raise all these races to the highest standards of [illegible] and much more per head was spent on their educational and cultural services than upon those in the more advanced parts of the Union. Moreover, those "backward" people freely elected their own administrative officers.

THE WORKERS POSITION

Summing up the results of the system, Lord Passfield said, "You must not suppose that the average workman in the U.S.S.R. is as well off as the average Englishman in employment. They have come from such a low level, they were so backward in organisation, and progress has been so slow, that compared with British standards their level is still low. One workman said to me, 'All I know is that I used to get meat once a year. Now I get it once a week.'"

Lord Passfield added that he was inclined to think what he had been talking about was not merely a new Constitution but a new civilisation. It was certainly something we should watch with great interest.

WORKERS CONSULTED.

The audience, which numbered about five hundred, made full use of the opportunity that was given at the close to ask questions. One produced the further information that the directors of the State trusts were appointed by the Commissars and in turn appointed the managers. There was no nonsense about all the workers of a factory running the factory. But the workers were consulted about all manner of things, and the managers had to have the approval of the workers. If the workers revolted, the manager had to go.

Professor Trofimov, proposing a vote of thanks, said: "I completely share Lord Passfield's faith in the future of my country." The name of Mr. and Mrs. Webb was a household one among the older intelligentsia in Russia.

Sir Ernest Simon, who presided, described the partnership of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Webb as "unique in the annals of social research." Their "History of Trade Unionism" and their "Industrial Democracy" had been translated into Russian by Lenin himself, and in consequence Lord Passfield was treated almost with awe and reverence in Russia.

'NAV BHARAT' EDITOR FINED RS. 200

Defamation Charge Proved

(From A Correspondent).

RAJKOT, June 28.

Sit. Harjiwan Vyas, Editor of weekly "Nav Bharat" of Rajkot, is sentenced to Rs. 200, by Rajkot Agency Court, for publishing defamatory matter, regarding Mr. Ratchand Amulakh Shah of Wadhwan.

DECREASE OF CRIME IN SIND

Fall Attributed To Absence Of Political Agitation

The administration report of the Police Department in Sind for the calendar year 1934 just published states that there was a decrease of 554 in the number of reported cognizable offences during the year, the figures having fallen from 12,379 to 11,825. The number of cases under the Indian Penal Code dropped from 11,803 to 11,283 and cases under Class VI (which are principally offences under special and local laws declared to be cognizable) from 576 to 542. Offences increased in Sukkur, Larkana and Upper Sind Frontier Districts and the decrease was most marked in the Karachi and Tatta and Dadu districts.

REASONS FOR DECREASE.

The main reasons given for the decrease are the absence of political agitation during the year, the action taken under the Criminal Tribes Act against habitual cattle-thieves; and preventive measures taken and the vigilance exercised by the police.

The incidence of reported cognizable crime under the Indian Penal Code per thousand of the population was 2.90. The incidence of true crime to population was 1 to 515 inhabitants as compared with 1 to 471 in the previous year.

SESSIONS CONVICTIONS.

There was a slight increase from 70.48 to 72.34 in the perentage of convictions obtained to cases tried in the Sessions Courts.

PROPERTY RECOVERED.

Property valued at Rs. 4,28,579 was stolen in 1934 as against Rs. 5,41,639 in 1933. Of the former Rs. 1,32,528 or 42.69 per cent. was recovered as against Rs. 1,59,832 or 31.46 per cent.

The total strength of the Police executive force was 5,676 as against 5,677 in the preceding year. The total cost of the Police for the financial year 1934-35 was Rs. 37,11,370 as compared with Rs. 38,00,665 in the year 1933-34.

NOT AN EMERGENCY HOSPITAL

Carmichael Hospital For Tropical Diseases

CALCUTTA, (By Mail).

It is necessary once again to draw the attention of the public, and especially of medical practitioners, to the fact that the Carmichael Hospital for Tropical Diseases is not an emergency hospital. The hospital exists for the School, and not the School for the hospital. Only cases suitable for post-graduate teaching in tropical medicine and for research work are admitted. It is far more often the fault of the private doctor than of the patient that unsuitable cases are sent in from places as far as Delhi and Allahabad with a doctor's letter asking for immediate admission, and no previous warning, says the annual report of the Carmichael Hospital for Tropical Diseases attached to the Calcutta School of Tropical Medicine.

A perusal of the annual report of the School show that the prime object of this institution, since its very inception, has been to investigate diseases met within India. When outbreaks of any importance occur, special investigations are taken up in which different departments in the School collaborate. During the year under review cerebro-spinal meningitis and epidemic dropsy formed the subjects of such enquiry.

PASTEUR INSTITUTE

The report of the Pasteur Institute shows that in 1933 the total attendance at the institute reached the huge number of 10,058; but in 1934, with the introduction of decentralisation and the issue of vaccine to anti-rabic centres and hospitals throughout the province, the total attendance at the Calcutta institute dropped to 2,507. No less than 4,847 complete treatments were sent out by post. Jackal-bites constitute 8 per cent. of all patients seen; and the relative hydrophobia mortality is 1.56 per cent for jackal bites as against 0.33 per cent for dog-bite. Both in Assam and Bengal jackal-bite constitutes a specially important problem for the local Pasteur institutes. The total death rate for 1933 was 0.50 per cent., and the Kasauli rate 0.37 per cent—a figure which is scarcely capable of reduction.—A.P.

Mr. W. T. Halai, Special Director of the Indian Cotton Exchange, presented his cow "Mandakini", which was up to now in the Government Dairy Farm, Deolali, to the Nasik Pinjrapole. The cow gives, at present, 28 to 30 pounds of milk daily.

FLOODS AFFECT FARMERS AT SHEIKHUPURA

Punjab Red Cross Helps Those Who Have Suffered

LAHORE, June 26.

On receiving instructions from the Hon'ble Malik Sir Firoz Khan Noon, Vice-President and Chairman of the Managing Body of the Indian Red Cross Society (Punjab Branch), Chaudhri Bashir Ahmad Khan, Organising Secretary, paid a short visit to Sheikhupura to form a correct estimate of the damage done to the crops by the breaking away of the embankment of the Ghughera branch of lower Chenab a week ago. Accompanied by the Deputy Commissioner of Shikhupura he visited the various villages affected by the overflow of water, and according to him the total damage to crops and property is not very heavy.

The farmers who owned cotton and those who had kept in the open their wheat after threshing have been the worst sufferers. The total number of villages affected by the flood is not more than half a dozen. About six acres of land adjoining the canal bank has been rendered waste for a period as the sand which left the bed of the canal with the overflow of water has deposited there.

BASELESS REPORT DENIED.

Chaudhri Bashir Ahmad discounted the reports that some villagers had deliberately caused the breach. He made particular enquiry on that point and was informed by the villagers that there was no truth in such news, especially when they knew that such an action would be ruinous for their standing crops.

The question as to how the breach occurred is being investigated by the police and according to Ch. Bashir Ahmad all other rumours should be considered baseless.

It is understood that the Punab Red Cross have given Rs. 1,000 for the relief of those who have suffered from the flood of their land as the result of the breach.—A. P.

CALCUTTA BEGGAR PROBLEM

Police Must Have Powers To Arrest Them Says Basu

CALCUTTA, June 27

"Unless the beggars are permanently removed from the streets and put in some sort of homes where they will be properly looked after, the problem will never be solved" said A. D. Gordon, Commissioner of Police Calcutta, addressing a representative conference convened this evening to consider ways and means to tackle the beggar problem of the city, Mr. N.K. Basu M.L.C., presiding.

Police must have powers to arrest beggars and segregate their children and they need rescue homes, hospitals and schools for the children, the establishment of which required the joint effort of the Government, corporation and the public.

Mr. Basu referred to the efforts of the rotary club of Calcutta the members of which in cor-operation with the Commissioner of Police and Salvation army recently examined the Pickford Committee draft legislation of 1930 approving of the same with modifications

EARNINGS OF STATE-OWNED RAILWAYS

SIMLA, June 27.

The total approximate gross earnings of all State-owned Railways for the period (10 days) ending 10th June, 1935 (7th period) amount to Rs. 238 lakhs, or Rs. 13 lakhs less than the figures for the preceding period (calculated at ten-elevenths of the period of 11 days ending 31st May 1935) and Rs. 12 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year and Rs. 11 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1933-34.

The total approximate gross earnings from 1st April to 10th June 1935, amount to Rs. 13.07 crores or Rs. 48 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding period of previous year and Rs. 62 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1933-34.—A. P. Special.

QUARREL OVER MADRAS CITY

Prakasam's Reply To Satyamurti's Claim

(From A Correspondent.)

MADRAS, (By Mail)

In the course of a statement Mr. T. Prakasam, President Andhra Provincial Congress Committee says:—

In regard to the letter of the Secretaries of the Tamilnad District Congress Committee of Madras City and that of Mr. Satyamurty, I would like to point out that all the four Provincial Congress Committees of Tamil, Kerala, Karnatak and Andhra and all people of the four provinces will have to work together in common brotherhood if we wish to maintain the position and distinction we have achieved in the last elections as well as in the last 15 years. It is regrettable that any question of Andhra or Tamil should have been raised at this juncture. The question whether Madras is in Andhra province is divided by metes and bounds from the Tamil province. Until such a state reaches Andhras cannot avoid the Tamilians, Malayalis, or Karnatakis, nor can any one of them can avoid the Andhras. All the four are roped together under one yoke in one Statute with even sub-communal demarcations. If we wish to defeat the mischievous subject and motive behind the so called reform Act it is the duty of every one of us to see that all the barriers erected to keep the different groups of depressed classes, Moslems, Christians, women, labourers, and Tamils, Andhras, Keralas and Karnataks are destroyed by us and one united Congress Party consisting of all these is brought into being before the next general elections

SUGGESTION.

I suggest to my fellow Congressmen of our province and also to other provinces to organise the Congress Party in such a way that no group remains outside the Congress Party.

CABINET SECRETARY FOR INDIA GOVT.

Mieville Leaves For England

SIMLA, June 27.

Mr. E. C. Mieville, Private Secretary to the Viceroy, left Simla for England to-day.

It is understood that the Government of India have had, under consideration, the advisability of appointing a Secretary to the Governor-General's Executive Council and that Mr. Mieville has been placed on deputation to London to examine the working of the Cabinet Secretariat. Mr. Mieville is likely to be absent for about 6 weeks.

Mr. E. C. Conran Smith, C.I.E., Joint Secretary, Reforms Office, will act as Private Secretary during Mr. Mieville's absence.

The "Associated Press of India" understands that when the post of Cabinet Secretary is created, Mr. Mieville will be the first holder of the appointment. During his stay in England Mr. Mieville will be in constant touch with Sir Maurice Hankey, Secretary of the British Cabinet. It is further understood that the question as to whether the office of Cabinet Secretary and Private Secretary to Viceroy will be joint or separate is under examination and its decision will probably be left to the successor of Lord Willingdon.

SYMBOLS Competition

1st Prize	2nd Prize	3rd Prize	Consolatn Prizes
Rs. 500	Rs. 200	Rs. 100	Rs. 20

In this interesting competition you are asked to find out what each of the illustrations represents or signifies and to make matters easy a list of clues is given at the foot. For instance, "Gray Hair generally signify "wisdom" so selecting No. 3 from the clues we put it against "H" in the coupon. Similarly in common parlance we say "white as snow." So No. 11 of the clues goes against No. "P" in the coupon.

LIST OF CLUES.

1	Obstinate.	6	Friendship.	11	White.	16	S
2	Bounding.	7	Swift.	12	Wily.	17	L
3	Wisdom.	8	Faithful.	13	Useful.	18	Therous.
4	Playful.	9	Dangerous.	14	Sagacious.	19	S
5	Baby Carrier.	10	Destructive.	15	Innocent.	20	Gful.

Competition Solutions must be submitted on the Entry Coupon which will be found in the "Bombay Chronicle" Sunday Edition of 30th June, and 7th July, 1935. Closing Date 10th July, 19.

BENGAL'S EDUCATIONAL POLICY

Ministry Contemplates Improvement Of System

CALCUTTA, June 27

It is understood that the future educational policy of Bengal is now engaging the attention of the Local Government (Ministry of Education).

The defects of the present system, with special reference to primary and secondary education, are being considered from all points of view and the Government, it is understood, proposes to adopt a new line of action in order to improve the system. A Government resolution on the subject is expected to be published shortly.

EDUCATIONAL WEEK ACTIVITIES

Another important matter which is now under consideration by the Government is the holding of an educational week and exhibition in Calcutta during the next cold weather. In this connection, it is proposed to organise a conference of school teachers and students from different parts of Bengal, when demonstrations on the best methods of teaching will be given with the use of charts, graphs and other requisite for the purpose.—United Press.

MAPORE-CALCUTTA PHONE SERVICE

MIDNAPORE, June 28.

Midnapore and Calcutta will shortly be connected by telephone.

Superintendent of Telegraphs and Telephone, Bengal and Assam visited the town and discussed the matter with officials and non-officials.—United Press.

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FLEX SHOES

F 56

Mrs. Hamid Ali, who attended the recent International Women's Conference at Istambul as one of the Indian Delegates, returned by the Mail Boat on Thursday and was received at the Mole Station by her husband (garlanded).

AGED MUSLIM'S CONFESSION

Admits Stabbing Cousin And Refuses To Ask Questions

"I do not care to ask him any questions. Why should I ask him anything when I know his father is black. Yes it is true I stabbed the deceased I did it because I had some quarrel with him."

This was the statement made by Abdul Samat Bawasaheb, an aged Muslim, who is believed to be mentally deranged and is suspected of having stabbed his cousin Abdur Rahaman, with a butcher's knife at the Crawford Market on June 17.

It will be recalled that on June 17, at 3-30 a.m. Abdur Rehman, having a butcher's shop at Mazagaon visited the Crawford Market to make his daily purchase of beef, when Abdul Samat, was alleged to have suddenly darted at him and stabbed him in the abdomen and ran away. He was later arrested.

The victim of the assault died on the way to the G. T. Hospital.

Three witnesses were examined to show that the suspect stabbed the deceased. It was also stated by the witnesses that the suspect was behaving like a lunatic for the last seven years.

The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death due to shock and internal haemorrhage from a stab wound in the abdomen. It was a fatal wound inflicted by suspect Abdul Samat Bawasaheb by means of a butcher's knife.

PARDESHI'S SUICIDE

Mutilated Body Found On Railway Lines

BOMBAY, Friday.

The mutilated body of an unknown male aged about 22 years was discovered lying dead along the up Harbour Branch local line near the Masjid Railway Station on Thursday.

The head and right hand were completely severed from the body and were lying parallel to the trunk. There were several other injuries all over the body.

From a note-book which lay by the side of the deceased it is thought that the name of the deceased was Parimalsingh Thakur, a "Pardeshi" by caste.

The Coroner's jury recorded a verdict of death due to suicide at the inquest held on the body today.

PARSI AIRMAN FINED

Flew From Bombay To Poona Without Licence

A fine of Rs. 10 was imposed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Keki Rustom Gusdar for having pilot an aeroplane from Bombay to Poona on Dec. 18 last.

Inspector Naden for the prosecution stated that the accused's log book showed that he had flown from Bombay to Poona on December 18. The licence granted to Guzdar had expired in July 1934.

The accused pleaded not guilty and stated the offence was only a technical breach of the rules framed under the Indian Aircraft Act of 1934.

The Princess Royal who underwent an operation for the treatment of her thyroid gland on June 4, has made such satisfactory progress that she was able to leave the nursing home to-day.

Mr. K. P. S. Menon, I.C.S., Deputy Secretary of the Educational Department, Government of India, who had proceeded to England on a ten-months' leave after submitting his report on the Kenya situation, returned to India by Thursday's Mail Boat with his wife, consequent to the India Government's urgent call to him to return back immediately, though the leave had not expired as yet.

CONCESSION FOR WELFARE WORK

B. B. & C. I. Co. Gives Special Facilities

It may not be generally known that the B. B. and C. I. Railway offer special reduced fares on their Railway to assist welfare work amongst mill workers and labourers.

In this connection, it may be of interest to mention that the management of the Arvind Mills of Ahmedabad took advantage of this fact and the proprietor, Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, organised an excursion tour of the mill workers to Bombay. The Railway Co. provided other facilities in the way of sleeping accommodation in the special train both during the journey and the halt at Bombay. They also made arrangements with the West End Cinema to give a show for the entertainment of the workers, and obtained the co-operation of the Tramway Company in providing their comfortable omnibuses for sight seeing. The Mill party which consisted of about 340 labourers returned to Ahmedabad by the same special train; well satisfied with the arrangements made by the Railway Co. for their comfort and entertainment.

It is believed that only two such trains have so far been organised by Railways and both these were on the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

ALLEGED DEFILING OF VIHAR LAKE

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, June 28.

Three persons have been arrested by Sub-Inspector Shaikh Abdul Hakim of the Kurla police on charges of stealing fish and defiling the water of the Vihar lake, which is exclusively used for drinking purposes. They will be charged before the Resident Magistrate.

RAJEN BABU IN LAHORE

LAHORE, June 27.

Babu Rajendra Prasad accompanied by Dr. Gopi Chand Bhargava arrived in Lahore from Multan. He was received at the station by Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar, Mr. Mangal Singh, Lala Shamlal, Lala Dhuni Chand of Ambala, Lala Dhuni Chand of Lahore, Devraj Sethi and others.

FRENCH ACADEMIE HONOURS UNVALA

Indian Numismatist Invited To Russia

The Hon. Secretary of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute writes:—

The Academie des Inscriptions et Belles Lettres has awarded to Dr. Jamshed Maneckji Unvala, on the 24th May, 1935, a prize of the value of 1,200 francs from the Drouin Foundation for his work on Numismatics published in the 25th Volume of the Mission of Susiana. It is a great honour to a Parsi Numismatist to receive this prize from the Academie. Before him, this prize was awarded to the famous French Numismatist and Savant, Colonel Allotte de la Fuye. Dr. Unvala is the first Parsi to receive this distinction.

Dr. Unvala has been invited to Leningrad to attend the Congress of Oriental Art, particularly of Persian Art, which is to be held there in the beginning of September, 1935. Professor Orbeli, Curator of the Hermitage Museum, of Leningrad had kindly shown to Dr. Unvala when on his way from Susa to Paris, on the 7th May, the zealously guarded treasuries of his Museum; the gold treasures of the Hun chiefs discovered in their funeral tumuli, the Czar's treasure, objects brought from the excavations in Russian Turkistan, the unique Sassanian silver plates and jugs, with short inscriptions in the Pahlavi language, the photographs of the Sanskrit Inscription of the Hindu fire-temple at Baku one of which is dated Samvat 1675 (1819 A.D.) and a lot of Sassanian seals and Sassanian and post-Sassanian coins with Pahlavi Inscriptions.

An allowance of £3 weekly and a memorial certificate has been awarded by the Carnegie Hero Fund Trustees at a meeting in Dunfermline to the widow of Donald Dolley who was drowned in the Thames in a tragedy on April 21.

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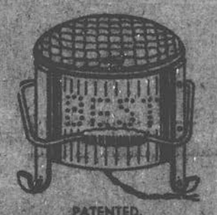

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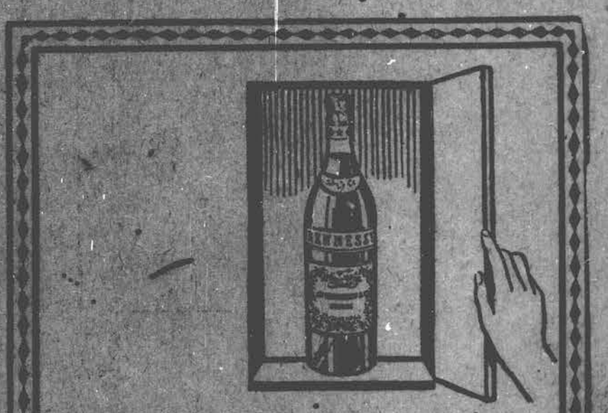

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Extra Shows To-day 1-30 p.m. and Sun. 10 a.m. & 1-30 p.m.

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Sandhurst Rd.

Time:—5-15, 8, 10-45.
Fri. Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-45.

Rabindranath Chatterjee, the well-known Bengali Swimmer entered the waters of Tilak Tank, (Poona) at 7 on Friday morning, before a large gathering. He was handcuffed by Mr. Kenjale, President of the City Municipality. Rabindra hopes to stay in the water till July 1 and break the world endurance swimming record of 87 hours. Rabindra's mother is keenly watching her son's feat.

"Brownie" Carslake rode Herr Paul Kominik's Premysl, an even-money chance, to victory in the Austrian Derby. Premysl won by a short head from Situtunga Teltschik, with Milropa Cutar three lengths away, third. Carslake rode a brilliant finish, and he was given a wonderful ovation. Premysl, a Czecho-Slovakian horse won the Czecho-Slovakian Derby on June 2. He covered the one and half miles course in 2min. 34 5-10sec.

Afghanistan News

RICH IN ITS RESOURCES

Plea For Industrialisation Of Afghanistan

NATHIAGALI, (By Mail).

Emphasizing the need for economic development, the "Islah" of Kabul in a recent issue says: "Afghanistan is one of the rich countries from the viewpoint of its resources. If these resources are worked out by machinery instead of by hand, Afghanistan will become one of the big industrial countries."

The paper urges on capitalists and businessmen to take advantage of the present peace in the country and endeavour to form companies for importing machinery. Only in this way, adds the "Islah," can Afghanistan be relieved from making demands from foreign countries.

Other reports received from Kabul show that the telegraph line between Quetta and Killa Jadid has been re-established and is working since the evening of 11th June 1935. Mail lorry service has also been established between Kabul and Khanabad.

According to information received from Gardez an Afghan civil officer was killed and a few others wounded by lightning.

A big meeting was held in Salam Khana, Kabul, to celebrate the birthday of the Prophet of Islam. The Cabinet Ministers, members of the Afghan National Parliament and other civil, military and judicial officers were present. Prayers were offered for the prosperity of Afghanistan, for the soul of late King Nadirshah and for long life of His Majesty King Zahirshah.—A. P.

MAHARASHTRA STANDS BY CONGRESS

Rajen Babu Pays Tribute To Workers In Province

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, June 26

Sjt. G. A. Deshpande, Secretary of the M. P. C. C. has received the following letter from Babu Rajendra Prasad, President of the Congress giving his personal impressions of his recent tour in Maharashtra.

My Dear Deshpande,

My tour in Maharashtra in spite of its being strenuous, was I am glad, successful. It gladdened my heart to see everywhere enthusiasm for the Congress, and readiness amongst workers to work for it.

I know the capacities of Maharashtra for selfless service and sacrifice and I feel that your workers have splendid opportunities at the present moment to strengthen the Congress Organisation. As I said at the Poona meeting it is not possible to convert all, particularly intellectuals, to one's way of thinking by argument. The strongest and the most irrefutable argument is the argument of work and service, and I trust the enthusiasm evinced at all places in Maharashtra will fructify into genuine constructive work and conquer the doubts and suspicion of all those who either suspect the motives of Congress workers or have no confidence on the wisdom of its programme.

WANTED UNOSTENTATIOUS WORK

Congress workers cannot do better than devote themselves entirely to unostentatious humdrum work of organisation, without minding the criticism that may be levelled against them and without stopping to challenge and meet them. We have to proceed on the old, but none the less true, adage "one step enough for me." Not that I wish to shut out free thought, but when once the central organisation had fixed a programme all of us have to do our best to carry it out.

I saw signs amongst you which encourage me, and it is for this reason, that I am emphasising this point. I hope Maharashtra will prove to be one of the staunchest supporters of the Congress through all these trials that await it.—Yours Sincerely,

(SD.) RAJENDRA PRASAD.
Karachi 22nd June 1935.

KIDNAPPING SCARE IN CITY

Two Muslims Arrested On Suspicion

There is a kidnapping scare in the city and Pydhoni seems to be the locality where most of the cases are reported.

In almost every instance, school-going children were the victims whom the kidnappers would decoy and after stripping them of their ornaments leave them to their fate in places far away from their homes.

The police have arrested two persons who are believed to be involved in one of the kidnapping cases.

On June 9, a Muslim girl aged 7 was playing near Kholas Mohalla after school hours. She was kidnapped and was later traced to Dhobi Galli at Thakurdwar. When she was found it was discovered that the gold bangles worn by the girl had been removed. The name of the girl is Fatmabai.

The police in making inquiries in this connection arrested two persons, named Khamoo Jaffer and Kassamali Riyasatalli, to-day. As the two accused are required in identification parade of the witnesses in the case, they applied for a remand of 11 days which was granted.

FATAL FALL FROM SCAFFOLDING

A verdict of accidental death was returned by the Coroner's jury at the inquest held on Tuka Kaloo, a 50 year-old Maratha.

It appears that while the Kaloo was engaged in dismantling a building on Thursday, the scaffolding which was 40 feet high gave way and he fell down and sustained severe injuries. He died on the way to hospital.

SENORITA ALVAREZ WITHDRAWS

Because Wimbledon Officials Will Not Postpone Match

LONDON, June 27.

Senorita de Alvarez is scratching against Miss Susan Noel (Great Britain), because the officials have refused her permission to play the match to-morrow.

In the third round: Sharpe (Great Britain) beat de Stefani (Italy) 8—6, 3—6, 8—3, 3—6, 7—5; Von Cramm (Germany) beat Caska (Czechoslovakia) 6—1, 3—6, 6—4; Austin beat Musgrove (South Africa) 6—3, 6—0, 3—6, 6—0.

Hughes (Great Britain), Menzel (Czechoslovakia), Crawford (Australia) and Mako (America) have also reached the last sixteen.

Madame Sperling has reached the last sixteen in the women's singles.—Reuter.

From Next SATURDAY—
MARATHI
USHA
Baburao Painter
The Heaven to your Pleasure

Featuring:—
Ushadevi,
Ratnaprabha,
K. Vasudeo,
Dudhale.

Gorgeous Songs AS Baburao Pater Alone can Do.

Lilting Music AS Govindrao Tnbe Alone can Do.

Being Shown in POONA FOR 8th Week

Forget not to see it AT
FROM SATURDAY 6TH JULY
MAJESTIC Cinna
DURING NEXT WK.

Excuse me, Sir!
For being Late for a Week Nre!

Beauty Caravan or KARVAN-E-HUSHN

Kanwal ovietone Rs. Stupend Hit!

Surely and Certainly
On SATURDAY Next at
MINERVA TALKIES LAMINGTN ROAD.

With Pardonable Pride
SWASTIK
(Late Carlton Talkies, Lamington Road)
presents
"AH-E-MAZLUMAN"
or
"WAILINGS OF THE OPPRESSED"

DAILY: At 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m.
Extra Show on Sat. & Sun.: At 2-30 P.M.

The most glorious Indian picture ever produced.

A New Tonkin (Calcutta's) Titanic Spectacular Production

SIZE AND BHALDE—
How Kamar, a counsel of reputation, a man of strict principles, an affectionate father, a devoted husband was dragged astray!

STARRING:
MISS INDUBALA (Nightingale of Bengal),
ABDULLAH KABULI,
MISS AZMAT BIBI (Queen of Emotion),
ROSHAN ARA (Indian Shirley Temple),
17 SWEET SONG HITS!
GORGEOUS DANCES!

Added Attraction
The first film record of
QUETTA QUAKE
Produced by:
IMPERIAL FILM CO.
SEE THE 'CITY OF DEAD' in all its horror!
Unforgivable scenes of DESTRUCTION, DEVASTATION, DESOLATION!

Running Glorious Week
SAGAR Tone's Roman Picture ....
JUDGMENT OF ALLAH
Alias
AL-HILAL
Starring:
KUMAR, YAKUB, INDIRA, SITARA.
Directions:
MEHBOOB
Photography:
IRANI
Sound:
RAMSEY
Music:
P. NAIK
AT
IMPERIAL CINEMA
Lamington Road
TIME:—
10-45, Fri., Sat., Holidays at 2-45.

MONSOON CURRENT BECOMES WEAK

Ratnagiri Gets 2 Inches Of Rain And Karwar One

POONA, June 28.

The monsoon has been weak except in Burma, Assam and north Bengal where it is active. Temperatures continue to be above normal generally in Punjab, United Provinces and Bihar. Rainfall has been nearly general in Burma, Assam, Konkan, Malabar and local in Chota Nagpur, east Central Provinces, east Rajputana, north Hyderabad and Mysore. A few falls have occurred in Bengal, Bihar and Gujrat.

Chief amounts of rainfall: Tavoy 3", Victoria Point, Tavoy and Mergui 2", Chanda 2", Jarsuguda 2", Dumraon 1", Ratnagiri 2", Karwar 1".

FORECAST:—The monsoon will remain [illegible] except in Burma, [illegible] where it will continue [illegible].

COLABA OBSERVATORY, READING [illegible]

Rainfall during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 28-6-1935.
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .020 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.5 degrees.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.8 degrees.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 86.8 degrees 0.4 (above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 76.8 degrees 2.2 (above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 88 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S S W
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 16 miles per hour
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 235 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 35 miles per hour
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. [illegible] sky cloudy eq. 10
Rain in 24 hours 0.01 inches
Total rainfall during the month 28.33 inches
Total rainfall during the year 24.34 inches
Weather remarks: Rain.

[illegible] of the instrument (above 0).

ALL REPORT

[illegible] report shows the [illegible]rring 24 hours of 28-6-1935 [illegible] the last 24 hours 0.01in; [illegible] date 20.33in; total during [illegible] last year 27.23in. [illegible] Hospital for the last 24 [illegible] from June 1 to date 20.73 [illegible]ng same period last year [illegible] fall for the last 24 hours [illegible] June 1 to date 24.34in; [illegible] period last year 27.47in. [illegible] the last 24 hours 0.01in; [illegible] date 24.33in; total during [illegible] last year 28.73in.

TRADE & FINANCE

Temporary Tightness Of Money Next Week

GILT-EDGED MARKET STEADY

Panicky Conditions In Silver Market

PERSISTENT UNLOADING IN SHARES

Weekly Market Reviewes

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, June 28

MONEY.

Conditions in the money market were quiet during the week under review, call loans being available at about 1 1/2 to 2 per cent. Towards several weeks of monetary stringency relief was experienced owing to actual financing of the bullion settlement as well as return of funds to the centres. Next week there may be a temporary tightness of money as the scheduled banks will be called upon to deposit their quota with the Reserve Bank of India by the 5th July. Three month's Treasury Bill maturing were Rs. 1 crore and this has been offset by renewals of a like amount the average rate of Rs. 1-12-0 per cent. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One to two months 2 per cent, three months 2 1/4 per cent six months 2 1/2 per cent.

GILT-EDGED MARKET

Gilt-edged were on the whole steady but dull. During the week part 3 1/2 per cent Paper moved within a narrow range between Rs. 94-4 Rs. 94-8, but towards the close the rate advanced to Rs. 94-13 and closed at Rs. 94-10 following advices from Calcutta. Medium-term bonds were offered with few buyers. 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan closed at Rs. 102-8-0 per cent 1941 bonds at Rs. 101-per cent 1960-70 loan after being fairly easier finished at Rs. 106-8 and 3 loan at Rs. 106-9 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan remained unchanged at 113-8. 3 per cent loans due 1939 were a little quieter at Rs. 100-5 and 3 loan at Rs. 109-12. 5 per cent 1945-55 tax-free loan showed no change Rs. 117-9. 3 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loss a little quieter at Rs. 108-4. per cent Bombay Development Loan quoted at Rs. 101-7 and 6 1/2 per Treasury Bonds at Rs. 100-15.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was dull with sellers of ready T.T. at 1/6 3/32 and buyers 1/6 1/32. Though of the market was maintained account of the appearance of a amount of merchandise bills in centres. Fresh business in connection with the export of gold was, however, negligible. The forward positions were steady, the quotation being 1/6 for July and 1/6 1/16d from August December.

The foreign exchange market in London was comparatively dull this week. The monetary crisis in France having been brought under control, the gold currencies and together with them the dollar have ruled steady in terms of the pound sterling. The sterling dollar cross rate closed at dol 4.93 7/8 and rose to dol but again receding to dol 4.94 closed at dol 4.94 1/2. The sterling-franc rate moved between 74.51 and 74.66, but later eased to 74.50 and closed at 74.54. The Belga and the Italian Lira finished at 29.22 and 59.59 to the £

GOLD.

The gold market presented a very dull appearance, prices being maintained throughout the period under report. The price for ready gold remained almost stationary at 34-15-0. Advices from other markets are not specially encouraging and the rates in the local market continue to rule above export parity. Business transacted for import was small. Stocks on hand are estimated at some 5 1/2 lacs tolas with a daily offtake of about 3,000 tolas. Arrivals from upcountry are smaller and average some 8 to 10 thousand tolas. The price of sovereigns remained steady at Rs. 22-8-6 for ready and Rs. 22-7-0 for forward, the discount in this connection being due to absence of demand. The quotation in London were almost steady throughout the week, moving between 141/2 1/2d. and 140/11 1/2d, but closed at 141/3 1/2d. Last week's shipment of gold per s.s. "Comorin" amounted to Rs. 65.03 lacs. The highest and lowest rates were Rs. 34-15-6 and 34-14-0 for ready and 17th June settlement, Rs 35-0-9 and Rs. 34-15-3 for 17th July settlement and Rs. 35-2-3 and Rs. 35-0-6 for 15th August settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 321,802 in bar and coin.

SILVER.

Almost panicky conditions characterised the silver market till yesterday and the price of ready silver tumbled down from Rs. 76-10 to Rs. 72 per 100 tolas during the week. Nervous and tired holders were owing to the approach of settlement, scared into liquidating their position both in the local as well as in the London market. Heavy selling on their account was chiefly responsible for the sharp fall in prices in almost all markets. After this shake-out the tone of the market appeared healthier; and following firmer advices from the London market, where purchases on account of American Treasury were reported, a better feeling prevailed. The rate for ready silver gradually advanced to Rs. 74-5 but again receded and closed at Rs 73-8. Stocks on hand are heavy at some 30,000 bars, while the daily offtake continues small at about 5 bars In Shanghai the dollar declined from 1/7 3/4 to 1/7 1/8 but again improved to 1/7 7/16d and closed at 1/7 1/4. The highest and lowest rates in London were 32 5/16d and 31d for ready and 32 9/16d and 32 1/4d for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 76-10 and Rs. 72 for ready and 21st June settlement, Rs 77-2 and Rs. 72-4 for 20th July settlement and Rs. 76-15 and Rs. 72-12 for 19th August settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to 92 bars and Rs. 69,541 in coin.

SHARES.

The share market was easy during the early part and prices in almost all scrips shed a few points. However at lower levels there was some resistance and prices moved within narrow limits. Towards the close, the undertone appeared again rather to be bearish. The turnover in the market was fair-sized owing to the approach of settlement and was largely in the nature of carry-overs. The cotton mill shares maintained the prices fairly steady, though in sympathy with other scrips, the closing quotations were lower than the previous closing level. The following were the fluctuations among the leaders:—Bombay Dyeings Rs. 826/4 810; Century Rs. 263/12 262/8 263/2 257/8; Central India Rs. 238/12 238/2; Kohinoor Rs. 201/4 195/10; New Great Rs. 142/8 137/8; Simplex Rs. 76/14 73/12 and Swadeshi Rs. 166/4 162/8.

Among the miscellaneous sections there was a large amount of business reported in steels. Owing to persistent unloading by bulls the prices, moving within a wide range, sagged. Tata Defds. opened at Rs. 657/8 and declining to as low as Rs. 625 closed at Rs. Tata Ordys. opened at Rs. 149/4 and closed at Rs. 145/4. Electricity shares maintained their levels with narrow changes in prices. Tata Hydros closed at Rs. 127/8, Tata Powers moving between Rs. 3581/4 and Rs. 1367/8 and Andhra Valleys between Rs. 1705 and Rs. 1635. Alcock shares were steady throughout, the quotation being Rs. 165 at the close. Bombay Burmahs were slightly easier at Rs. 361/8, while Bombay Trams improved from Rs. 148/2 to Rs. 150/10, finishing at Rs. Bombay Steams were almost unchanged at Rs. 298/2. Scindia steam shares fluctuated between Rs. 11/8 and Rs. 11/8 closing at Rs. 11/8. Cement shares were on the whole steady. Bundis quoting at Rs. 28, Indian Cements at Rs. 425 and Katni Ordys. at Rs. 431/14. Shahabad Cement shares declined persistently from Rs. 513/13 to Rs. 488/12, chiefly due to profit-taking. New India Ass. shares improved from Rs. 44/8 to Rs. 45, while Belapur Sugar eased from Rs. 232/12 to Rs 318/12. Industrial Investment Trust shares are quoted at Rs. 56. Railway shows little or no change in prices, Ahmd. Prantij being quoted at Rs. 865, and Tapti Valleys at Rs. 778/12.

Imperial Bank shares were steady, the price improving from Rs. 3551/4 to Rs. 1465, while Contributories were unchanged at Rs. 301/8. Bank of India those of the Central Bank of India shares were steady at Rs. 120 and Rs. 97/12.

ABSENCE OF DEMAND FOR YARN

Disparity Of English Prices

Bombay, June 26.

There has been no improvement to report in the yarn market during the whole week and prices have shown a slightly easier tendency at the close. The further sagging tendency in the cotton market combined with continued absence of satisfactory demand from almost all important consuming districts has been responsible for such a dull state of affairs in the yarn market. In addition to all this, the sharp decline in Silver prices has been adversely effecting our market and the trading conditions have been much more difficult. Cloth market has remained very dull and featureless and it is no wonder that the reports from consuming districts are again very discouraging and inquiries have continued to remain very slack. Obviously, therefore, offtake has been very negligible. Even in counts the turnover has fallen off and the sales reported by the dealers are very poor. On the whole the general activities in the yarn market during the past week has continued to remain very quiet and judging from the present circumstances, the outlook in the near future does not seem to be very hopeful.

ENGLISH YARNS.

Inquiries have increased to some extent but no business of importance has been possible in this class of yarns on account of great disparity in prices between the Manchester and the Japanese and Shanghai Yarns. Stocks of Manchester goods are not very large but on account of their quotations being higher by 10/15 per cent, dealers are not inclined to take any risk at the moment.

JAPANESE YARNS.

The undertone remains very quiet and prices have been slightly lower during the week under review. The prices of twofold yarns particularly in 2/80s and 2/42s, registered a further decline on account of the selling pressure from some of the Importing Houses. Off-take has remained moderate. In case of mercerised yarns, there has been some improvement in demand and the prices have remained fairly steady. The undertone in Sampin has remained quiet in sympathy with cotton whereas no change is reported in Japanese Exchange during the week.

ART SILK YARNS.

There has been no change in Italrayon prices during the week. Offtake has been very small on account of scarcity in popular counts. As regards Japanese yarns, demand has been fairly good but on account of heavy arrivals the stocks have been accumulating. The dealers are therefore showing nervousness to clear off their old stocks as well as fresh arrivals at prices much lower than those ruling in the market. Consequently the prices of Japanese Art Silk Yarns are undergoing continued decline and the tendency has been distinctly weak. Import Houses have been quoting very low rates for forward positions, but under the present circumstances, no fresh transactions have been possible. In case of twofold yarns what little demand has been in evidence, has been met with by the cheaper Japanese qualities and offtake in Italian qualities has been practically nil. The inquiries for delustred yarns have been rapidly increasing but no satisfactory turnover has resulted on account of the Manufacturers not being inclined to supply the goods quite freely.

INDIAN YARNS.

There have been no sales of importance in any yarns by our Mills on account of slack demand. Some of the Mills have been showing inclination to reduce their rates in order to make fresh transactions possible but owing to the unsettled condition of the market, dealers prefer to wait and watch further developments. The satisfactory beginning of the monsoon has produced a general and widespread satisfaction and it is believed that if it turns out quite satisfactory in the end, there is bound to be general improvement in the trade.

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL.

Bombay, June 28.

LONDON MARKET.

Standard Copper Cash (buyers) £28-15-0

Standard Copper Cash (sellers) £28-16-3.

Standard Copper 3 months £29-3-9.

Electrolytic copper £30

NEW YORK.

Blue Eagle unquoted.

Non-Blue Eagle 7 cent.

BOMBAY MARKET.

Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 29-4-0.

Copper Sheets Rs. 34-8-0.

Copper Ashe Rs. 35-4-0.

Yellow Metal Ashe Rs. 31 (nominal).

Tone:—Irregular.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, June 28.

	Cwts.
Wheat	14,203
Linseed	1,427
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	7
Gingellyseed	850
Groundnuts	1,789
Castorseed	7
Rice	5,442
Myrabollams	51
Cottonseed	747
Mowrahseed	44
Gram	553
Jowar	1,135
Barley	374
Bajree	840
	Tons.
Coal	1,548

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Demand For Staple Cotton

BOMBAY June 27

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co., have issued the following report:-

We have been another week of negligible fluctuations and are still as much in the dark about the future action of the American administration as we were before.

A cable of 21st instant stated that a new Bankhead excess ginning tax on the 1935 crop at 6 Cents per pound is being discussed in official circles, and also that the House of Representatives have given their consent to an export subsidy at the discretion of Mr. Wallace, but added that it is possible this may afterwards be changed by the Senate.

The Roosevelt administration seem determined to do their utmost to help cotton prices, but their task is becoming more and more difficult and, unless they are helped by a small crop this year. it appears to us that the American Government will eventually have to pay the penalty for its interference with economic laws, and take a loss on its 5 million bales.

LOAN POLICY

The only alternative will be to continue its loan policy, and risk the accumulation of double its present holdings, and in the meantime the tendency will be for the rest of the world to grow more cotton and use less American.

With growing conditions favourable, as we understand them to be, a decline seems more probable than an advance, especially in cotton markets outside America. If an export subsidy should come into force, but the next few months are always critical and a crop scare might change the entire outlook in a day.

The local market has been affected to a certain extent by the weakness of Silver and might have declined further had it not been for the support it received from option dealers, who are doing everything in their power to maintain prices round the 230 level till the expiry date of July, August options on June 30th.

The Monsoon continues to make satisfactory progress and rains are reported from all the important cotton growing districts.

The demand from Exporters continues to be negligible, but a fresh enquiry has sprung up from local Mills for staple styles, the basis of which shows a tendency to harden as stocks in the Sewri market are sufficiently small to make selection somewhat limited.

HIGH & LOW PRICES OF COPPER

	Highest. £	Lowest. £
1875	84-0-0	78-10-0
1876	81-17-6	70-0-0
1877	76-0-0	63-0-0
1878	68-10-0	55-0-0
1879	67-10-0	53-0-0
1880	74-0-0	54-10-0
1881	72-10-0	57-0-0
1882	71-10-0	63-0-0
1883	67-10-0	57-0-0
1884	58-0-0	47-5-0
1885	61-12-6	38-10-0
1886	43-15-0	58-10-0
1887	45-5-0	38-7-6
1888	105-0-0	73-0-0
1889	80-0-0	35-0-0
1890	61-12-6	46-10-0
1891	56-10-0	44-0-0
1892	48-0-0	43-10-0
1893	46-15-0	46-12-6
1894	48-0-0	37-16-3
1895	47-7-6	38-12-6
1896	50-10-0	40-10-0
1897	51-15-0	47-0-0
1898	57-8-9	49-10-0
1899	79-2-6	58-1-3
1900	78-7-6	70-15-0
1901	72-17-6	47-0-0
1902	57-0-0	45-2-6
1903	67-0-0	52-15-0
1904	68-5-0	55-2-6
1905	80-12-6	64-0-0
1906	108-0-0	76-15-0
1907	110-15-0	55-10-0
1908	65-2-6	56-2-6
1909	64-3-9	54-10-0
1910	62-1-3	52-15-0
1911	64-0-0	53-7-6
1912	80-1-3	60-17-6
1913	77-2-6	61-15-0
1914	66-15-0	49-0-0
1915	87-10-0	57-2-6
1916	153-0-0	84-0-0
1917	140-0-0	110-0-0
1918	122-0-9	100-0-0
1919	117-10-0	83-10-0
1920	122-5-0	70-0-0
1921	75-5-0	65-5-0
1922	66-2-6	57-0-0
1923	76-12-6	59-2-6
1924	63-15-0	60-7-6
1925	67-18-9	58-1-3
1926	60-11-3	56-3-9
1927	60-11-1½	52-18-9
1928	74-15-0	60-1-3
1929	97-11-3	66-5-0
1930	74-17-6	41-7-6
1931	47-8-9	37-14-4½
1932	42-16-3	25-0-7½
1933	38-18-9	27-3-9
1934	34-1-3	23-12-6

WORLD'S PRODUCTION

Year.	Tons.
1929	1,930,370
1930	1,372,818
1931	1,310,904
1932	901,974
1933	1,033,500
1934	1,228,000

WORLD'S CONSUMPTION

Year.	Tons.
1929	1,781,900
1930	1,440,200
1931	1,342,700
1932	902,200
1933	1,063,000
1934	1,220,000

SAFEGUARD
that tender baby skin
with this guaranteed pure
SANDAL SOAP

He is the cleanest baby, because I cream him over every day with MYSORE SANDAL SOAP.

It gives him a skin as sweet and fresh as a rose in the morning. Who can help kissing it every little while? This Soap makes him feel new and lovely and he likes the scent.

Available Everywhere.

MYSORE SANDAL SOAP

A MYSORE INDUSTRIAL PRODUCT

CHURCH DISPUTE INQUIRY VERDICT

AG. VICAR GIVEN CHARGE OF PROPERTY

Belfry Case Judgment

(From Our Correspondent)

KURLA, June 28.

Mr. R. W. Patnis, Resident Magistrate at Kurla, passed two orders to-day in the enquiry into the Church dispute, between the Ag. Vicar and the ex-Warden and in the Belfry Case against Mr. C. Walton and two others on charges of trespass and wounding the religious feeling of the Holy Priest.

In the enquiry, under Section 145 of the Criminal Procedure Code the Court has put Rev. Father Fernandez, the Ag. Vicar, and the newly appointed Warden, in possession of the Church property on the ground that the Archbishop of Bombay had dismissed the ex-Warden in 1934 prior to the enquiry.

In the Belfry Case, the Magistrate, in discharging the accused on the ground that the evidence produced by the complainant was not satisfactory, observed that assuming the Ag. Vicar's allegations that the accused had rung the funeral bell be true the action of the accused was at the most mischievous and that they were not fit persons to continue as Wardens.

AUTOMOBILE CLUB MANAGER ACQUITTED

Breach Of Trust Charge Held Unsustainable

RANCHI, June 28.

Mr. D. E. Reuben, District and Sessions Judge of Gaya, has on appeal acquitted Mr. C. E. H. Brown, formerly Manager of the Chota Nagpur Automobile Club who was convicted of a criminal breach of trust in his capacity as Manager of the Club in respect of Rs. 3,978-10-3 and sentenced by the lower court to two years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 2,000. On appeal the case was transferred from Ranchi to the file of Mr. Reuben.

The judge held that the conviction could not be upheld in respect of the charge upon which the appellant was convicted and acquitted him.—A. I.

EQUAL TO A FINE LIQUEUR

For health and flavour—

There is no finer drink for health than whisky. There is no finer whisky than White Horse—Scotland's senior whisky. Its rich aroma and mellowed flavour are equally refreshing in midday heat or the cool of evening.

WHITE HORSE WHISKY

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WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE WITHOUT CALOMEL

and you'll jump out of bed ling you could push a [illegible] ov

If you feel sour and sunk and the world looks punk, don't swallow a lot of sa[illegible] liquid laxative, fizzy drinks, palatable la[illegible] gives harsh purgatives, and expect them t[illegible] like a sudden sweet and buoyant and [illegible] shine.

For they can't do it. They [illegible] ive the bowels, and a mere movement [illegible] at the cause. The reason why you fe[illegible] this your liver. It should pour out two pi[illegible] acid bile into your bowels daily.

If the bile is not flowing fr[illegible] your food doesn't digest. It just decays in [illegible] Gas forms up your stomach. You he[illegible] sick, bad taste and your breath is foul, sk[illegible] in breaks out in blemishes. Your head ac[illegible] you feel sottish. Your whole system is p[illegible]

It takes those famous, sure-ac[illegible] CARTERS LITTLE LIVER PILLS to get two pints of bile flowing freely and make y[illegible] up." They contain wonderful, [illegible] up and vegetable extracts, amazingly w[illegible] gentle stones to making the bile flow freely. [illegible] suit for Carters Pills, the famous sur[illegible] kind. Look for the name Carters [illegible] package.

YOUR LU[illegible]

Simply send us a [illegible] Card with the name of any [illegible] er together with your nam[illegible] and address. And we shall [illegible] you by V.-P.P. for Rs. 1/4/- [illegible]. Postage extra, a detailed [illegible] coun of your forthcoming [illegible] months, showing among other [illegible] things pro-fit and loss in busines[illegible] promotions, transfer and re[illegible] tion in service, births, marriag[illegible] happiness and other bodily [illegible] times. Directions will also b[illegible] sent o safeguard yourself from [illegible] e coming evil influence of th[illegible] stars. trial will convince yo[illegible] of accuracy of our prophe[illegible]. C[illegible] rect answers to any five [illegible] questio for Rs. 1-4-0 only. Poste[illegible] extr Note.—A reward of [illegible] Rs. 1 shall be awarded to any [illegible] e cha lenging our statement.

Prof. G. SHUN[illegible]ER.
Post Box No. 72, LA[illegible]ORE.

AMERICAN COTTON YARNS		Stock Interior Towns		
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	218000	1246000
[illegible]	[illegible]	Stock Liverpool	698000	898000
[illegible]	[illegible]	Visible Supply		
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6246000	6994000
[illegible]	[illegible]	Consumption to date	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	7938000	11818000
[illegible]	[illegible]	Consumption 4 weeks	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1668000	1988000

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON UP BY 18 POINTS

Good Speculative Support

GOLD UNCHANGED AND SILVER SLIGHTLY EASY

Wheat, Rubber And Jute Better

BOMBAY, June 28.

On Friday movements in crossrates were confined within a narrow range.

NEW YORK COTTON FIRM.

New York cotton opened steady and gradually firmed up on good buying and short covering influenced by reports of large sales of pool cotton to Russia.

GOLD UNCHANGED BUT SILVER EASY.

London gold was unchanged but silver was slightly easy.

FIRM TONE IN CHICAGO WHEAT.

Chicago wheat maintained a firm tone on unfavourable weather reports. Linseed was quiet.

JUTE AND RUBBER PRICES IMPROVE.

Tin was steady but copper was unchanged. Jute and rubber improved a little.

GILTEDGED SECURITIES QUIET.

The London Stock Exchange did not show any particular feature with restricted business. Giltedged securities at first displayed good interest but later quietened down in the absence of further enquiry.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(OCTOBER 1935)

New York, June 28.

Previous closing	11.35
To-day's opening	11.37
Difference	+.02
To-day's closing	11.53
Difference	+.18

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1935.

Liverpool, June 28.

Previous closing	6.08
To-day's opening	6.08
Difference	unchanged
To-day's closing	6.10
Difference	+.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April/May ..... Rs. 215

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, June 28.

Sentiment to-day brightened up considerably on good speculative support and professional operators buying influenced by reports of large sales of pool cotton to Russia. Weather however continued favourable with the result that buyers did not follow up advances and the enquiry slowed down although the underlying feeling of cheerfulness was maintained.

Trading in October commenced at 11.37 i.e. 2 points higher than previous closing. Prices improved on higher Liverpool cables and active covering by shorts together with foreign purchases and October touched 11.46. At this level some liquidation appeared and October lost some ground with price receding to 11.45 with fairly good activity.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.53 with a rise of 18 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 28.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (11.60/11.60) 11.71/11.70
October (11.29/11.29) 11.38/11.37
December (11.30/11.29) 11.38/11.38

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 28.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American July (6.35) 6.40
American October (6.05) 6.09
Egyptian July (7.82) 7.83
Egyptian October (7.83) 7.85

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 28.

Broach J/A was quoted at between Rs. 227-8 and Rs. 228-12 and Broach New A/M at between Rs. 212-8 and Rs. 213-12 at night. The rates at 10-15 p.m. were Rs. 228-12 and Rs. 213-12 respectively for Broach J/A and New April/May with New York futures about 11 points up.

JUTE SHARES DULL

CALCUTTA, June 28.

In share market in jutes Howrahs and Kamarhattys were better at 57/4 and 590 but other shares were dull owing to lack of outside buying enquiry. Coals undertone continued steady but business was on a restricted scale. In teas although limited turnover resulted enquiry was in evidence for firstclass stocks. In miscellaneous section Indian Wood products showed good enquiry and have recovered few points from their recent fall while others kept unchanged. Government securities were steady. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government Securities:—3 1/2 per cent paper 94/12; Loan 1947/50 102/11 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 109/11; 1939/44 108/4 small lot.

Banks:—Imperial fully paid 1560 Reserve Bank 131/8.

Railways:—Ahmadpur Katwa 91; Arrah Sasaram Light 45 small lot; Burdwan Cutwa 91; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar rebate 90.

Cotton:—Kecoram 3/4.

Docks-Rameswar 9/6; Pearl 274/8; ex div small lot; Gopalichuck 1/1; Anion 15/12.

Jutes:—Adamjee ordy 17/11; Agarpara pref 136 ex div; Auckland 237/6; Budge Budge pref 144 small lot; Champdany 186; Delta 370 ex div; Gloster 584; Gourepore 715; Howrah 37/6; Kamarhatty 59; Kankinarrah 510; Lansdowne pref 127; Lawrence 515; National 24/12; Presidency 5/7.

Teas:—Bishnauth 24/4; East India 9/12; Hansqua 10/4; Jutlibari 14; Kilcott 63c div; Naga Hills 18/12; Teloijan 6/4;

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Chemical 15/8 Agra Elec 120/8 small lot; Bengal Telephone ordy 20/4 small lot; Jubbulpore Elec 10/8; Indian Iron and Steel 7/2; Thornycrofts pref ordy As. 6; B. I. Corpn ordy 5/7; Great Eastern Hotel 63; Indian Wood products 18/6; Basti Sugar 238 small lot; Cawnpore ordy 36 small lot; New Savan 13/2.

Debentures:—7 per cent 1919/35 Gokpur Tea 38/8 small lot; Jokai 8/.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 28.

Previous closing	4.94 1/2
To-day's opening	4.94 1/4
To-day's closing	4.94 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, June 28.

Previous closing	4.94 5/16
To-day's opening	4.94 1/2
To-day's closing	4.94 11/16
Difference	+.00 3/8

FRANC RATE

London, June 28.

Previous closing	74.54
To-day opening	74.54
To-day's closing	74.50
Difference	—.04

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 28.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar 4.94 1/2 and eased to 4.94 1/4 on the lack of support although subsequently movements were slow.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.94 11/16.

Franc opened at 74.54 and remained practically steady.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 74.50.

LONDON SILVER

London, June 28.

The market was steady.

	Last price	To-day's price
Forward	31 1/16d.	31d.
Spot	31 5/16d.	31 1/4d.

LONDON GOLD

London, June 28.

Gold per ounce (£7-1-3 1/2) £7-1-3 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, June 28.

3 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent.
4 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent.
6 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, June 28.

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1.6 1/8) 1.6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.62 1/2) 5.62 1/2
New York on Bombay (37.37) 37.37
Berlin on Bombay (0.33) 0.33
London on Milan (59.62) 59.62
London on Shanghai (1-7 3/8) 1-7 3/8
London on Kobe (1-2 1/8) 1-2 1/8

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, June 28.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 73/8, 73/14 and 74/6. Early prices eased under liquidation and speculative selling as a result of disappointing foreign cables but later the market rallied on shortcovering and local buying and closed steady at Rs. 73/12, 74/2 and 74/10.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/15/6, 35/0/3 and 35/1/3. The market was very quiet in the absence of wide movements in foreign exchange but prices were fairly steady with traders awaiting foreign developments. Prices closed steady at Rs. 34/15/6, 35/0/3 and 35/1/3.

COMMODITIES

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 28.

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 0.80 1/4. The market was fairly active to-day on improved buying and covering influenced by unfavourable weather reports.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 28.

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with July at 62 3/8 and October 63 1/2. The market became somewhat depressed on absence of speculative interest owing to lower foreign advices.

LONDON BEETS

London, June 28.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS.

Tin (£229 7/8 buyers £230 sellers. Steady) £229 7/8 buyers £230 sellers. Steady.

Linseed Calcutta June-July (£13 11/16 buyers no sellers steady.) £13 11/16 buyers £13 13/16 sellers Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£32 to £33) £32 to £33

Glasgow (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-9 3/4) 0-9 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (2-4) 2-4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-9 3/4) 0-9 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-5) 1-5

JUTE

July-August New Crop (£19 3/4 paid) £20 sellers.

Dunlop August (£24) £24

Lightning August (£22 1/2) £22 1/2

RUBBER.

Spot (5 15/16) 6 paid and buyers.

Forward (6 1/8) 6 3/16 paid and buyers.

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay June-July (£11 5/8 sellers) £11 5/8 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta June-July (£11 1/8) £11 1/8 sellers.

Linseed La Plata June-July (£9 3/16 sellers) £9 1/4 sellers.

Groundnut Coromandal July (£13 13/16 paid and sellers) £13 7/8 sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

September Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, June 28.

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	6 10 0
Rates at 12-0 noon	6 10 0
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	6 10 6
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	6 10 3
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	6 10 6
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	6 10 6
Rates at 10-30 p.m.	6 10 6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, June 28.

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat September	4 4 0
Linseed September	6 10 6

The tone was quiet.

'B' WARD ELECTION DILEMMA

Corporation To Consult Advocate-General And Bhulabhai

To avoid further embarrassment, the Corporation resolved on Friday evening to take the legal opinion of the Advocate General and Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai.

The Municipal Corporation is still on the horns of a dilemma as far as the election of 'B' ward is concerned and those retiring councillors who have walked in by virtue of the Municipal acts of theirs between the date of anxiety in the matter of their seats on the Statutory Committee.

The Municipal Solicitors opine that the persons elected at the election not only ceased to be councillors from the date of the Chief Judge's Order, but that any acts of their between the date of election and the date of the order were nullities and that although they attended various meetings of the Corporation in the interval between 1st April and 17th June, they were not Councillors or members of that body.

The Municipal Solicitors also opined that the retiring councillors from 'B' ward who have expressed their willingness to serve on the present Corporation, cease to be members of the several statutory committees to which they have been appointed by the Corporation.

On the other hand Mr. Jethmal Narrandas in a letter to the Municipal Commissioner intimated that since the election of the corporation of some of the councillors on the statutory committees has been declared invalid he being the first among the unsuccessful candidates in the [illegible] Committee should be declared a member of that committee.

Then another councillor who took his counsel's opinion on the matter was advised that the corporation cannot challenge the right of the councillor to sit on the corporation and also on the statutory committee, if he is re-elected under the Municipal [illegible]

Foreign Issues Generally Weak On Stock Exchange

PROFIT-TAKING IN INDUSTRIALS WELL ABSORBED

Rubber, Cotton And Shellac Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 28.

On the Stock Exchange foreign issues generally weaken from various causes otherwise markets were held good and despite considerable profit-taking in industrials, scarcity any marked losses were notable owing to offerings being well absorbed.

In commodities rubber made small advance and cotton again was higher while shellac was firm on good trade enquiry.

Wall Street opened steady but trading was quiet. ... ...

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, June 28.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 3/4.

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Thursday, June 20 £97 1/8
Friday, June 21 £97 1/2
Monday, June 24 £97 1/2
Tuesday June 25 97 1/2
Wednesday, June 26, £97 1/2
Thursday, June 27 £97 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 28.

3-30 p.m.

Markets generally were quiet and price movements were rather irregular. Giltedgeds were easier after being firmer. Industrials in general were firm but business was only moderate.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/4) £85 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£108) £108
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 7/8) £112
4 per cent Funding Loan (£117 7/8) £118
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 1/4) £106 1/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£116 1/4) £116 3/8

INDUSTRIALS.

British Homestores 7 per cent Preference cumulative (29-1 1/2) 29-1 1/2
Marks and Spencer Splits (3/8) 3/8) 5 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 3 1/2) dol 3 1/2
Musical Industries (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Princhin Johnson (43-9) 43-9
Imperial Chemical (35-6) 35-6
Imperial Chemical Ord (8-6) 8-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (112-7 1/2) 112-7 1/2
Realisation 1930 (£82 1/2) £81 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (44-1 1/2) 44-1 1/2
University Ordinary (29-9) 29-9
Ford Motors (34-6) 34-6
Cables and Wireless (£9 3/4) £9 1/4
British American Tobacco (122-6) 122-6
Camera A (£8 3/8) £8 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (140-6) 140-0
P and O S N Company Defd (17-9) 18-4 1/2
Distillers (94-7 1/2) 94-0
Bred and Dyers (8-10 1/2) 8-10 1/2
British Celanese (16-7 1/2) 16-7 1/2
J. and P Coates Ordinary (62-0) 62-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (60-3) 60-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-9) 6-9
Westerns Limited Ordinary (13-4 1/2) 13-10 1/2
Inter Nickels (£27 7/8) £27 7/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-7 1/2) 5-7 1/2
Tata Iron and Steel (£107) £107

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (270-0) 270-0
Goddar New (212-6) 212-6
Moddar New (76-3) 76-3
Sub Nigel (265-0) 262-8
Spring Mines Split Shares (42-6) 41-10 1/2
Union Corporation (168-9) 171-3

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (46-3) 46-3
Anglo Dutch (61-10 1/2) 61-10 1/2
Burma Oil (79-4 1/2) 79-4 1/2
Mexican Eagle (5-6) 5-6
Shell Transport (71-10 1/2) 71-10 1/2
Royal Dutch (25 1/2) 25 1/4

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western (£50) £50
L M Ford (£20 1/2) £20
L N E R Defd (£6 3/8) £6 1/8
Southern Dutch (£23) £23
London Paris 5 per cent (£134 1/2) £134
London Board G Stock (£99 3/8) £99

INDIAN LOANS

London, June 28.

4-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£85) £85 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97 1/2) £98
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-68 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£116 1/2) £116 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£115) £115
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-58 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£109 1/2) £109 3/4

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (18-9) 18-1 1/2
Donare Tea (38-1 1/2) 38-1 1/2
Empire of India and Ceylon (30-0) 29-4 1/2

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£13) £13

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (23-3) 23-3
Gula Kelampong (24-6 1/2) 24-6 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-3) 32-3

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (57-6) 57-6
Burma Corporation (9-6) 9-9
Rio Tintos (£15 3/4) £15 3/4
East Rand Proprietory (51-6) 51-6
Rand Mines (158-9) 158-9

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 28.

The following were the opening rates

General Motor (dol 32 3/4) dol 32 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 14 1/8) dol 13 3/4
U S Steel Common (dol 33 3/8) dol 33 3/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 88) dol 88 3/4

Another Quetta Day For Bombay

MRS. SABAVALA'S APPEAL

Mrs. Bapsy Sabavala has issued the following appeal:—

The monstrous tragedy of Baluchistan, that little country hidden away among the giant rocks of the north-west, must surely awaken us all to the solemn fact that Life with all its hopes and aspirations, pleasures and pains hangs by a mere thread.

Perhaps it is difficult for Bombay to realise in all its rush and bustle of commercial greed, in all its paltry differences of race, creed and politics that one huge tidal wave may turn all its bright plumed citizens into dry dead fishes.

We have much to be thankful for that we are still not all swimming. Let us, therefore, show our gratitude by mustering strong to a man and giving our mite to poor unfortunate Quetta on July 15th.

Let us forget "who and what we are" and let us all meet on the glorious common ground of charity and goodwill, that will lead us for one solitary day at least to breathe the clear, fresh and sparkling atmosphere of real brotherhood and true human fellowship.

Collections will be made in all Wards of the City and in all Suburbs houses and offices, bazaars and shops, streets and stations club and ymkhanas, theatres and Cinemas. I appeal to you all to do your best for the poor suffering survivors of Baluchistan. The dead are beyond us, but the living are still with us. Let us therefore all remember them, and all give together.

"Let us give,—be always giving,
For he, who does not give,
He does not live."

Donations towards the Quetta Day will be most gratefully received at "The Retreat", Middle Colaba and at "Readymoney Mahnion," Churchgate Street, Fort.

HUBLI MUNICIPAL ELECTION RESULTS

Prospect Of Drastic Changes In Civic Affairs

(From Our Correspondent.)

HUBLI, June 28.

The Hubli Municipal general election results announced to-day show that the Congress are losing strength while the Kshatriyas are gaining in the Municipality.

The entry of Monte, Managing Director, Electric Company and Mr. Divte, electric workers in Municipal ranks, promises drastic changes.

The Khadi worker Mr. Vishnupant Gokhale, whose nomination paper was accepted by the returning officer only four days before the election, is defeated by a loyalist mechanical practioner by seven solid votes. Mr. Natharao Gokhale, a defeated candidate contemplates filing suit against the returning officer accepting Mr. Vishnupant's nomination paper after the fixed date.

One candidate in third ward lodged a complaint regarding a clash between him and another candidate's people. It is reported, police enquiry proceeding.

AFTER 12 HRS IN WATER

RIA, June 28.

Mr. Robin Chrjee, who entered the water in an attempt to break the world endurance swimming record in the best of spirits after 12 hours of swimming with hands.

He is being given orange juice, chocolate, cigars, etc. His body is anointed with grease every four hours and medically examined every alternate hour. A large number of people are watching the [illegible] with interest.—United Press.

Bombay Chronicle Sunday Edition

LEADING FEATURES O

SUNDAY, 30th JUNE, 1935

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UTTER SENCE OF PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT

BOMBAY, June 28.

The local azar opened to-day quiet with prices unchanged as c with the previous closing. There was utter absence of ant buying and under growing selling by Bazar operat ner with some outside unloading prices tumbled down ta Steel Dfd. Shares declined to Rs. 607 at this level the overing by shorts and prices recorded sharp improvement 5 but renewed selling pressure again depressed prices, but tov close there was impressive short covering which again rices to the opening level. Tata Steel Ordinary shares we teady and after declining to Rs. 143 improved to Rs. 146.

It is said fessional operators are not supporting the market and o erators being tired are liquidating their holdings.

Reports of n of Electric local trains to Virar influenced good demand Power shares. At the opening prices were quoted at Rs. after declining to Rs. 1,557 advanced to Rs. 1,586. Co shares and Cement shares were quiet.

DETAILS

, June 28.

100	Ahm. Adv	297 8
500	Bom. Cott	40 0
250	Bombay Dy	811 4
250	Bradbury	108 12
100	Century	257 8
100	Central Ind	289 6
100	Colaba	135 0
100	Cooria	95 0
100	Crescent	7 4
250	Curria	5 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	365 0
1	E D Sassoon	0 3 3
100	Finlay	111 14
100	Gokak	191 4
1000	Hindustan	1,655 0
100	Indore	69 6
50	Kastoorchand	0 8
100	Khatau	77 8
100	Kohinoor	195 0
250	Laxmi	660 0
100	Madhavji	5 0
250	Madras Unit	45 0

ACTIVE SHARES GLANCE

, June 28

Century 257 253 23
Bombay Dyeing 8[illegible] 811/4
Kohinoor 195 192
Central India 287 289/6
New Great 135 132 8/8
Simplex 74/6 73
Swadeshi 161 160 1
Bundi 38 37/12 37
I Cement 425 417
Punjab 28/4 27/12
Shahabad 488 485 486/4
Andhra 1707 1710 1707 1708/12
Tata Hydro 178/2 177/3 177/8
Tata Power 1576 1 1570 1575 1577/8
Tram Ord 150
T Steel Defd 626 626 622 625 618 621 627 625
T Steel Ord 145/8 144/12 144/4 145/8 144 146 145
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 174/4 173/12
Bellapur 321 318 321
B Steam 297/8 296/4
B Burma 340 336 338

1000	Morarji	800 0
250	Model	49 6
50	Mysore	99 6
200	New Great	132 8
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	317 8
25	Sassoon Silk	38 0
1000	Sholapur	2,300 0
50	Simplex	73 12
100	Swadeshi	163 12
100	Swan	85 0
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1360 0
1000	Western	850 0
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda	98 8
25-50	Central	38 0
	500 Imperial	1560 0
125-500	Im. Con.	391 4
50-100	India	120 8
5	Union	5 3
	CEMENTS.	
10	Bundi	38 2
70	Gwalior	127 8
160	Indian	425 0
40	Katni Dfd.	1570 0
100	Katni Ord.	423 12
75	Okha	257 8
10	Punjab	28 0
100	Shahabad	486 4
70	United	105 0
	INSURANCE	
15-100	Jupiter	12 2
15-75	New India	44 10
200	Oriental	160 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 10
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahmedabad Old	57 8
1030	Andhra Valley	08 12
10	Ajmer	10 12
50	Bombay Tram	50 0
100	Bombay Suburbs	77 8
10	Broach	11 2
100	Karachi	30 0
100	Poona	18 12
100	Surat	95 0
100	Tata Hydro	77 8
1000	Tata Power	177 8
	RAILWAY.	
500	Ahm. Prantij	80 0
100	Amr. Patty	21 0
100	C Province	35 8
100	Dhond Baramati	34 0
100	Gujarat	72 0
100	Mandra Bhon	54 0
100	Pachora Jajmer	35 0

100	Sara Sirajgunge	93 0
500	Tapty Valley	778 12
	MININGS	
10	Shivrajpur	28 8
30	Tata Steel Dfd.	625 0
75	Tata Steel Ord.	145 8
	MISCELLANEOUS.	
100	Alcock	160 10
50	Belapur Sugar	320 0
250	Bombay Steam	297 8
125	Bombay Burma	338 12
50	Bombay Burma Conty	113 12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3-3-0
50	Bombay Telephone	110 0
100	Indian Bleaching	121 4
100	Ind. Radio Defd.	512 8
100	Ind. Radio Ordy.	502 8
1000	Port Canning	600 0
15	Scindia	11 8
30	Premier Construction	81 0
25	Tata Oil	18 2
	PREFERENCE.	
7	p c Andhra Valley	1355 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	286 4
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	81 4
5	p.c. Central India	507 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	135 0
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	143 12
7	1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	141 4
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1382 8
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	176 4
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	173 12
5	1/2 p.c. Tata Mill	13-0
7	p.c. Vishnu	680 0

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, June 28.

The local silver market opened steady to-day but prices gradually declined on renewed selling. Later on there was some short covering which saved the market from a further fall and the market displayed good tone. The market opened to-day at Rs. 73/12 and declined to Rs. 73/4 when improved demand hardened prices to Rs. 73/6. The gold market was quiet but steady and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Shanghai T T on London was quoted at 1-7 1/4.

Later on the market was quiet with scattered selling and prices recorded further decline as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	73 0 0
Ashad delivery	73 3 0
Shravan delivery	73 10 0
Ready gold	34 15 6
Ashad delivery	35 0 6
Shravan delivery	35 1 9

LONDON SILVER.
London, June 27

Market is steady.
Spot 31 1/16
Forward 31 5/16

LONDON GOLD.
London, June 27

Gold Bars Fine per oz, £7-1-3-1/2

HEAVY SILVER PURCHASES BY U. S. TREASURY

Bombay, June 28

Messrs M and B Stern state:—

After a conference, Mr. Morgenthau declared yesterday that prices will depend upon the dictum of supply and demand

Private cables from New York state that during this week, the Treasury has made heavy purchases and there are rumours of a bullish Washington announcement to be issued shortly.

This may be, it is assumed, the reaffirmation of the Government's purchasing policy to allay the nervousness of the world stock holders."

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, June 27

July 69.55 plus 05
September 70.00 —16
December 71.50 plus 20

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 26th June 8,502 bales

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 2,337,138 bales

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,213,431 bales.

Increase 123,727 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

Bombay, June 28

On Thursday, the New York cotton futures market was quiet but firm in the absence of selling influenced by foreign buying and covering by shorts. The market was very susceptible to small orders and with fair Far Eastern connections believed by covering, values closed at a rise of 2 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices improved 5 points at 12.00c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 8 to 10 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 12 cents

APPEAL TO PRESIDENT

Messrs. Langley and Co. state:—

For the third consecutive week cotton has maintained its calm and prices are almost unchanged in all three markets. An air of expectancy prevails however and an undercurrent of nervousness is very evident

The trade is left in doubt as to when the Administration may consider a reasonable date to allow of a fair estimate. Will it be the first official Bureau estimate of August 8th or a later date.

And, in the meantime, the present uncertainty will continue, with its restrictive influence on business generally.

A. A. A. APPROVED

With the amended N. R. A. through both Houses and the amended A. A. A on the point of approval by the Senate, the Administration have presumably set their house in order once again, but the issue of the unsold balance of cotton on their hands still remains. It is evident that there are two distinct schools of thought—those who would impound this stock and continue loans until such time as Nature came to their aid in the form of a semi crop failure—and those who view with alarm the accumulation, actual and potential, of large Government holdings and who would dump these forthwith upon an unwilling world through an Export Subsidy.

As we see it, America's problem is largely one of disposing of the cotton grown in excess of her domestic requirements. That 12 cents is beyond the foreign markets' capacity to pay is shown in last season's alarming falling off in shipments and this season it looks as though she will have to choose between retaining the present level and letting her foreign markets go or dropping her "peg" level to one, more in keeping with world prices, and one likely to stimulate a return to more normal world consumption of American cotton.

We suggest the latter course as the one more likely to appeal to the President and cotton growing interests generally.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 11.38 plus [illegible] (10-30 a.m.)

Lowest 11.29— (10 a.m.)

Liverpool October highest 6.08 plus 06 (3-45 p.m.)

Lowest 6.03 plus 01 (10-15 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Commission houses bought October. Selling limited.

New York: Market steady with a good demand for July from short interests and trade. Market bare of selling orders. Would buy on any declines. Small business doing in cloths and yarns.

New York: Indications are that Administration have no intention of removing process tax. Weather conditions very favourable. Have little faith in present prices.

New York: Scarcity of contracts causes buyers to bid prices up to fill orders. Think that the market is discounting small estimate of acreage.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:—

'Rumour Russia took 25,000 to 35,000 bales Pool cotton.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.
New York, June 27.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 10.0

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, June 27

July 1935	.. ..	11.68+07
October 1935	.. ..	11.35+06
December 1935	.. ..	11.38+08
January 1936	.. ..	11.39+09
March 1936	.. ..	11.41+08
May 1936	.. ..	11.43+05
Middling Spot	.. ..	12.00+05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York June 27

July 1935	.. ..	11.43+08
October 1935	.. ..	11.32+09
Dec. 1935	.. ..	11.33+10
Middling Spot	.. ..	12.00+05

NEW YORK.
New York June 27

New York, 10.55 a.m.—		
July 1935	.. ..	11.70
October 1935	.. ..	11.38
December 1935	.. ..	11.39
New York, Noon Call—		
July 1935	.. ..	11.[illegible]
October 1935	.. ..	[illegible]
December 1935	.. ..	11.[illegible]

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York June 27

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports..	7,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	7,000

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, June 27.

Wheat Rosario Santa Fe parcels
June sellers 23/6
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels
June sellers 23/3
South Australian Wheat parcels
[illegible]

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Bombay, June 28

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 2 points on Thursday with October 6.04. The feature of the market was scattered hedge selling of outsiders and transferring July to distant position, otherwise the session was featureless. Later on prices advanced on straddle buying of distant positions, trade calling and Jobbers short covering. Prices fluctuated within a range of 5 points and, finally closed at a rise of 6 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 7 points at 6.80d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 4 points. At the close July was quoted 5.88, October 5.87 and January 5.63.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

There was scattered buying in Egyptian cotton. Sakels futures closed 4 to 5 points higher and Spot cotton prices gained 6 points at 8.02d. per lb. Uppers futures advanced 8 to 5 points and Spot cotton prices improved 5 points at 7.86d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

There was fair demand in the Alexandria market and Sakels futures closed 4 to 9 points higher. Ashmouni futures ruled steady and prices advanced 7 to 5 points.

ACREAGE PROSPECTS

Messrs. M and B Stern state:—

In spite of the favourable weather, prices again advanced yesterday on trade buying and far-Eastern short covering.

Domestic textile reports are said to be showing a better reading and private estimates of acreage have now been reduced from previous higher indications.

There is also, a belief that since last few months prices having been held under 12 cent loan, farmers have realised the futility of another large acreage and may have signed more contracts with A. A. A. due to this year's favourable compensation as compared with last two seasons.

It is also, said that the large amount of fertilisers purchased by farmers have been partly used for feed crops and vegetables on account of the shortage caused by last year's drought in the South.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, June 27

	10-12 a. m. Quotations	To-day's Closing
June 1935		6.48+06
July 1935	6.34	6.38+06
August 1935		6.26+06
September 1935 ..		6.16+06
October 1935 ..	6.04	6.08+06
November 1935 ..		6.02+06
December 1935 ..		6.00+06
January 1936 ..		5.99+06
February 1936 ..		5.94+06
March 1936 ..		5.98+06
April 1936 ..		5.97+06
May 1936		5.96+06
June 1936		5.95+06
July 1936		5.94+06
Middling Spot ..		6.80+0

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, June 27

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good Staple) ..	5.72
Fine (Good Staple)	5.87
Superfine (Good Staple) ..	6.02
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.82
Superfine (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.97
Choice (No. 1 Staple) ..	6.12
BENGAL.—	
Good	3.89
Fully Good	3.99
Fine	4.09
SCINDE.—	
Fully Good	3.99
Fine	4.09
Superfine	4.19

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, June 27

E. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS:—	
July 1935	7.85
October 1935.. ..	7.83
November 1935	7.86
January 1936	7.85
March 1936	7.86
May 1936	7.86
F G F Spot	8.02

SEEDS.
London June 27.

Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton
June sellers 29/3/9.
Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F. ton
June/July sellers £11/3/9.
Linseed Bombay London C.I.F. ton
June/July sellers £11/12/6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont) C.I.F.
June/July sellers £13/0/0.e
Castorseed, Bombay Hull Cont C.I.F.
June/July sellers £12/0/0

LINSEED OIL
London, June 27.

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt
July sellers 20/4-1/2.
Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt,
Sept./Dec. sellers 20/3.

LONDON RUBBER.
London, June 27.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per
sellers 5-17/16

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London, June 27.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25—
6 and 7 Calcutta per cwt. unchanged.
3 and 4 Bombay per cwt unchanged.
5 and 7 Karachi per cwt. unchanged.

WEATHER OVER COTTON BELT

East: Partly cloudy to cloudy, probably thunders showers.
Central: Partly cloudy to unsettled.
West: Generaly fair.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 28

Following a rise of 6 points in New York cotton futures, the local forward market opened to-day at Rs. 211/12 for Broach A/M delivery and advanced to Rs. 212/4 on scattered buying. Otherwise the market was quiet and featureless. There is less inclination to operate at present.

Liverpool market opened to-day at unchanged prices and the local market was quiet with restricted business.

	Rs. a. p.
Broach J/A	227 12 0
Broach A/M	212 4 0
Oomra July	205 0 0
Oomra D/J	190 4 0
Bengal July	141 8 0
Bengal D/J	138/4/0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, June 28.

Bengal Superfine	163
Bengal Fine	154
Bengal F.G.	146
Sindh-Punjab Fine	154
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	146
Wardha-Hingt	229
Nagpur Savner	231
Pundhurna	216/217
Yeotmal	216
Arvi	213
Ellichpur	213
Berar	208/210
Khamgaon	210/213
Mulkapur	206/208
Khandesh	204/206
Jalna/Sailu	204/206
Burwah Sanavad	206/208
Broach Fine	234/236
Punjab/American	268/273
Punjab/American mix	248/253
Cambodia	303/306
Compta Good	263/268
Kampala	358
Busoga	356
Jinja	348

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, June 28.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year
Khandesh	1	252,939
Central India	333	187,153
Barsi and Nagar	40	107,560
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	46,511
Berar	89	200,878
Central Provinces	150	94,365
Total Oomras	613	1,009,402
Dholera	...	187,456
N.-W. Provinces	...	83,180
Rajputana	400	43,003
Sind-Punjab	214	311,587
Broach	30	131,372
Coompta & Dharwar	304	84,639
Westerns-Northerns	252	64,209
Cocoanada	...	396
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	992	77,829
Persian	...	2,444
American	1,282	62,598
Egyptian & African	...	330,125
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		711
Total	4,347	2,541,495

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 26th June.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1,549	353,401
Japan and China	1,798	1,043,772
Coast Ports	...	26,318
Up-country by Rail	...	276,695
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	80,308
Total	3,347	1,630,494

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, June 28.

Ready Javas Rs. 13-11.
S. S. Hilda Rs. 4-6-3.
S. S. Gogra Rs. 4-6-3.
Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 4-1-3.
Shipment Oct-Dec. Rs. 4-1-9.
Kesar Rs. 14-3.
Sarasa Rs. 13-13.
Harinagar Rs. 13-13.
Java spot F. 4.00.

BHAVNAGAR QUOTATIONS
(From Sheth Bros.)
Bhavnagar, June 28.

	Rs. a. p.
Groundnut Oil Ashad	4 15 0
Teji Mandi	0 2 0
Bhadarva delivery	5 3 0
Teji Mandi	0 3 6
Badlo	0 1 6
Business done tins	250 0 0
Groundnuts Sept.	2 14 0
Groundnuts January	2 8 6
Yarn Gold Mahar	114 3 0
Sugar Ready	4 13 3
Shipment	4 1 6
British	3 8 6
Tata	3 7 3

Bhadarva opened at Rs. 5/3/3 and declined to Rs. 4/14 on selling by Tarvalas. Later on there was buying by Khandesh operators prices improved and closed at Rs. 5/4/6. Belgium steamer is expected to-day.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 27

Broach J/A opening 227 3/4; highest 228; lowest 226 1/4; closing 227 1/4

Broach A/M 1936 opening 212 1/2; highest 212 3/6; lowest 211; closing 211 1/2

Oomra July opening 206; highest 206; lowest 204 3/4; closing 205 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 190 1/2; highest 190 1/2; lowest 188 1/2; closing 189 3/4

Bengal July opening 143; highest 143; lowest 141 1/2; closing 141 3/4

Bengal D/J opening 138 1/4; highest 138 1/4; lowest 138; closing 138.

Tejimandi for Broach J/A 1935 (30-6-35) Rs. 2

Tejimandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 30 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (31-7-35) Rs. 6

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION
Bombay, June 28.

Castorseeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 32/7; Highest Rs. 32/15; Lowest Rs. 32/6/6; Closing Rs. 32/8.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August Opening Rs 39/4; Highest Rs. 39/14/6; Lowest Rs. 38/13/6; Closing Rs. 39/6.

Cotton Seeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 23; Highest Rs. [illegible]; Lowest Rs. [illegible]; Closing Rs. 23/11.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, June 27

Messrs Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Forn Power Com	A
Amer Forn Power Gold D	68
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	25
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	52
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	58
Columbia Gas	7
American Tel and Tel	124
Western Union Telg	33 1/2
Radio Corporation	6
Chesapeake and Ohio	42
New York Central	17
Baltimore and Ohio R R	11
Great North Pfd	20
National Distillers	26
National Distillers	30
Amr Cyanamid B	21
Norway 6 per cent	106 3/4
United States Steel	33 1/2
American Smelting	42
Noranda Mines	36
Int Nickel of Canada	27 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	14
Cerro de Pasco Copper	56
General Motor	32 3/4
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	26
St Oil of N J	46
Socony	13
Chase Bank	24 1/4
National City Bank	22 3/4
National Dairy	17

Total business 3/4 million.
Unsettled market. Brokers loans up 45 million dollars.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES
London, June 27

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0-13/16 per cent to 0-13/16 per cent
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 0-13/16 per cent to 0-13/16 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan 1/4 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, June 27

T. London on—	
Berlin	12.22-1/2
Amsterdam	7.24-1/2
Brussels	29.22
Madrid	35.06
Milan	89.59
Berne	15.06-3/4
Paris	74.54
Prague	117.75
T. London on New York	
Closing rate ..	4.94-5/16

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, June 27

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent ..	70
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later ..	85-1/4
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent 1931 or later	97-3/4
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent 1950/55	112-1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent ..	85-1/4
Conversion Loan, 3 1/2 per cent, 1961	108
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	106-1/4
Funding Loan, 4 per cent 1960/90	117-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent ..	116-1/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	14-5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Rez.	123
National Bank of India ..	48-1/2
P. & O. Bankiez Corporation	10

LONDON METALS.
London, June 27.

	£
Copper Brazeau	42.1/2
Yellow Metal	36
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	14.1/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge..	12 3/4
Tin English Ingots Liverpool	
S.	228

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, June 27.

September 2.41
December 2.45—01
March 2.16—02
May 2.21—02

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, June 27

July 11.84—03
August 11.97—03
September 12.05—04

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, June 27

July 90—3/8c
September 80 7/8—1/8c
December 83 1/8—1/8c

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, June 27

July 62 5/8—5/8d
October 63 3/8—1/4
December 63 5/8—
March 63 1/8 plus 1/4d.

WORLD COTTON PARITIES

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool—
July 134 October 134 January 33 March 69 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/2
Bombay Liverpool—
Broach J/A 227/12 Liverpool July 6.37 Rs. 48 1/2 at Exchange 1/6
Bombay Liverpool—
Broach A/M 1936 213 Liverpool May 1936 5.93 Rs. 47 1/4 at Exchange 1/6
Bombay New York—
Broach J/A 227/12 New York July 11.68 Rs. 34 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/2
Bombay New York—
Broach A/M 1936 213 New York May 11.33 Rs. 45 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/2

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT SCRIPS.
Bombay, June 28

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 94/12
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 94/12
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 106/9
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 106/9
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 117/9
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117/9

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 106/4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 117/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107/8
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 101/6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH)

3 per cent 1941 102/4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 102/8
4 per cent 1943 108/9
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 113/8
5 per cent 1939/44 108/4
5 per cent 1940/43 109/12
5 per cent 1935 100/2
5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 108/5
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 100/14

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 103/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974 102/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959 114
6 per cent M Deb 1954 126
6 per cent K P T 1956 126
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 94/12 and declined to Rs. 94/10/6 and rallied to Rs. 94/13/6 on improved demand but prices declined to Rs. 94/11/6 on realising and closed as above.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, June 28

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/16
LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 8/32 15th July
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 July-Dec
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 Jan-Mar
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8
Banks buying D D 1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 7/32 Mail.
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 July
NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 271
Banks selling T T 269
Banks buying T T 266 1/4
PARIS—
Banks selling D D 559
Banks buying D D 563
AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 54 1/8
JAVA—
Banks selling D D 53 7/8
JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 76 1/4
Banks buying T T 77 5/8
HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 151 1/2
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 107 3/4
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 136
BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 90 1/2
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.94 1/2 27th instant
Shanghai/London 1/7 1/4 28th instant
Japan/London 1/2 5/32 28th instant
Java/London 7.18 28th instant
London/Paris 74.54 27th instant
London/Belgium 29.22 27th instant
London/Switzerland 15.06 3/4 27th instant
London/Italy 89.59 27th instant
London/Berlin 12.22 1/2 27th instant
London/Stockholm 19.30 1/2 27th instant
London/New York 4.94 5/16 27th instant
London/Amsterdam 7.24 1/4 27th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet
Gold 27-1-2 28th instant 27-1-3 1/2 27th instant
Silver London Ready 31 28th instant 31 1/16 27th instant
Silver London Forward 31 1/4 28th instant 31 5/16 27th instant
Silver New York Ready 69 3/4 28th instant 69 3/4 27th instant
London discounts 3 mos 13/16 per cent 28th instant 13/16 per cent 27th instant.
London discounts 6 mos 13/16 per cent 28th instant 13/16 per cent 27th instant
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 1/4 per cent
3 Mos 2 1/2 per cent.
6 Mos 2 1/4 per cent
Tone: Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, June 27

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 85 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 97 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59 105 5/8
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 108 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55 112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 116 1/2
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 115
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38 104 7/8
6 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1935/37 101 5/8
2 1/2 per cent British Consols 85 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion 105 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan 108 1/4

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Official Report

The official weather report, states that the weather for the past week was mostly fairly favourable. The crop in Texas has improved in the South and made fair progress elsewhere though cultivation is backward. In Oklahoma good progress was recorded in the West but conditions elsewhere were under normal with the crop deteriorating locally. Growth in the South of the central belt has been more favourable and in the North it is improving but dry warmth is needed. With regard to the Eastern belt rain is needed in South Carolina to the South.

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JUPITER
AND
INSURANCE
go hand in hand.
J1

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1935

JUPITER
GENERAL
is doing all kinds of
INSURANCE.
J2

Workers Create New Civilisation In Land Of Proletariat

SOVIET REGIME AT WORK

Labour Peer Explodes Many Myths About Russian Dictatorship

Speaking on the Constitution of U.S.S.R. at Manchester University in mail week, Lord Passfield said that Russia presented the spectacle of not only a new plan of living but a new civilisation. The conventional constitutional terminology would not help one to answer the question whether the U.S.S.R. was a democracy or autocracy. The old values did not fit the facts of the U.S.S.R.

Lord Passfield observed that the constitution was remarkable for the unparalleled amount of active popular participation in Government, which was the chief peculiarity of the Soviet Union. The voting was based on the widest franchise in the world, irrespective of race, religion, sex and nationality. Everybody over eighteen was represented either as a citizen producer or consumer.

UPLIFT OF BACKWARDCLASSES

Like the British Empire, the U.S.S.R. had within its borders a considerable number of backward and even uncivilised peoples of different colours and customs. It was the object of the Soviet policy to raise all these races to the highest standard of civilisation.

THE OUTCOME OF THE CHANGE

His Lordship summed up the change wrought under the Soviet dispensation, by quoting a workman who said.—"All I know is that I used to get meat once a year. Now I get it once a week."

"The Constitution of the U.S.S.R." was the subject of the Ludwig Mond Lecture delivered by Lord Passfield at Manchester University. Lord Passfield (says a "Manchester Guardian" report) said that he used the word Constitution in the way in which Russians understood it, as meaning the entire structure of the community the anatomy of the social organism, though without its physiology.

The answer to the question whether the U.S.S.R. should be described as democracy or an autocracy was that here, as elsewhere, the categories of other countries did not fit the facts of the U.S.S.R. The spectacle was presented of a great people working out a new plan of living in what seemed like a new civilisation. This could only be studied as a whole; but nobody belonging to an older civilisation was likely to appraise it fairly or without bias.

FUNCTION OF LEADERSHIP.

Perhaps the most important part of the Constitution was the function of leadership, which oddly enough, was not mentioned in any law or constitutional document. This function, indispensable to any community which wanted to achieve any corporate action, was discharged in the U.S.S.R. by a voluntarily formed, highly organised vocation, to which the people habitually looked for guidance. This was called the Communist Party but it was unlike anything that the Western world knew as a political party. It was a select body, numbering between two and three million members of either sex. It was recruited by co-option, upon definite qualifications of character, knowledge, and zeal, joined with an ungrudging acceptance of the principles upon which the regime was based.

AN EXACTING VOCATION.

Membership was a privilege not lightly granted, and always subject to a prolonged probation. Members were held to a higher standard of conduct than was expected from the ordinary citizen; but the only sanction was reprimand and eventually expulsion from the vocation. As many as one-fifth of the membership was thus "purged" out every few years. Members were pledged to poverty, in the sense of not getting more than a prescribed maximum income whatever their position; and to implicit obedience to the corporate commands of their vocation.

The curious thing about this very influential vocation was that neither the corporate body nor any of its members had any legal power. It could give orders only to its own members. About half of them continued to work at wages at the bench or in the forge. The other half got elected to one or other of the innumerable administrative offices, of which however, they had no monopoly. The vocation itself was governed by a sort of pyramid of committees, formed by indirect election from the basic meetings of the members in their tens of thousands of cells or nuclei.

Stalin, who was the Chief Secretary of the party, held no position in the U.S.S.R. Government, except that of membership of one or two official committees. His great influence was merely that exercised through the organised vocation to which the people looked for leadership. Thus, if he was a dictator he was clearly one of a very different order from Hitler or Mussolini, who, by law, united in themselves all the powers of government. The policy decisions of the Communist party of the U.S.S.R. would be of no force unless they were continuously ratified, not only by acquiescence of public opinion but also by the active co-operation of the unparalleled amount of active popular participation in government which was a peculiar characteristic of the Soviet Union.

WIDEST FRANCHISE.

The Constitution was marked by quite exceptional multiformity; complete equality, social as well as legal, among all the hundred or more races and nationalities, without colour or racial prejudice, as well as between the sexes, and a unique and unprecedented organisation of the leadership without which democracy was a mob. Practically everybody over eighteen was represented in three different capacities as a citizen, as a producer, and as a consumer. Outside the franchise were the nomadic tribes on the one hand and the priests on the other, together with the dwindling remnant of ex-landlords and ex employers who had not yet managed to qualify by a period of service in some lawful and socially useful occupation.

In each capacity voting was on the widest franchise in the world irrespective of sex, race, religion, period of residence, and even nationality. Election was always in relatively small meetings, usually of fewer than a thousand, and there were always more candidates than persons to be elected. The electors as citizens chose Soviets in town or village. These councils ran the local government and also elected the district councils, for larger areas. These, in turn, elected provincial councils, and these again the councils or constituent and autonomous re-

(Continued on Page 9).

30 PERSONS POISONED?

Surgeon's Wife Committed To Sessions On Grave Charges

STORY OF A PUDDING

LAHORE, June 26.

Maryam, aged 40, wife of the Civil Surgeon of Khandhar, was committed to Sessions by the City Magistrate on charges of murder and attempted murder.

The accused came to Lahore last March from Khandhar. The next day after her arrival, she prepared a pudding and distributed it through her servant among prominent Muslim families of Lahore with whom she had strained relations. More than thirty persons including women and children who partook of the pudding developed symptoms of poisoning. Two of them, a girl and her aged grandmother, died subsequently and others were saved by timely medical assistance.

The accused pleaded 'not guilty' to the charge.—A. P.

RS. TWO LAKHS FOR T. B. SANATORIUM

CALCUTTA, June 28.

Mr. Ramkumar Bangur, a prominent merchant of Calcutta has given a cheque for Rs. 80,000 and 3½ per cent Government securities to the value of Rs. 2 lakhs as his contribution towards the proposed Tuberculosis Sanatorium at Kalimpong.—United Press.

FIRE IN SOAP FACTORY

AHMEDABAD, June 28.

A disastrous fire broke out early this morning in a soap factory here. The fire spread to the adjoining shops in which oil seeds were stored and completely burnt them.

The fire was put out after four hours. Damage is estimated at Rs. 20,000.—United Press.

Ban On Five Youths

NARAINGANJ, June 28.

The District Magistrate served notices under the Criminal Law Amendment Act, on five young men of the town, directing them not to stir out of their houses, between sunset and sunrise, and not to leave the limits of Naraingan] Municipality.—United Press.

HEAVY DAMAGES WANTED

Jubbulpore Cafe Proprietor Claims Rs. 15,000 From "Times Of India"

ALLEGED UNTRUE REPORT

JUBBULPORE, June 23.

A notice, to recover a sum of Rs. 15,000 as damages, is reported to have been served on the editor and publisher of the "Times of India" Bombay by Mr. J. R. Bastin, proprietor of the New Central Cafe, Jubbulpore, for publishing an account in the issue of the "Times of India" dated June 17. to the effect that a raid was made by the authorities of the excise department on the premises of the new Central Cafe, and liquors which had been sold to Mr. Bastin by a canteen caterer in an unauthorised and illegal manner, were seized from there.

Mr. Bastin maintains that this is untrue in fact, and that the account omits certain important and necessary details which would have gone to show that he was quite innocent of any contravention of any provision of the law whatsoever.—United Press.

BIGGER BROADCASTING STATIONS

C. B. Sethna To Be In Charge At New Delhi For Six Months

NEW DELHI, June 28.

The necessity for country-wide dissemination of correct news that might arise in times other than normal, is believed to be one of the reasons that have urged the Government of India in proceeding simultaneously with the work of transforming the four Broadcasting stations in Bombay, New Delhi, Calcutta and Madras into major one having capacity of 21 Kilowat each.

It is expected in informed circles here that by the beginning of 1936, broadcasting from each of the four stations would be possible. Services in the Broadcasting department would be Indianised on a greater scale than hitherto, which it is hoped, would go to popularise the programme.

Mr. Lionel Fielden, formerly the head of the Talks Department of the B. B. C. and who had been recently appointed controller of Broadcasting in India will arrive at Delhi by the first week of August next. Mr. C. B. Sethna, station Director of Bombay, will be in charge of the Broadcasting station here for a period of six months.—United Press.

LABOUR LEADERS APOLOGISE

Bulsar Doctor Withdraws Case Against Jhabvala, Menon & Fernandez

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, June 27.

Mr Faramroz Pardiwala, a Railway Doctor of Bulsar, B. B. and C. I. Rly., had filed a complaint against Messrs. Jhabwala, Menon and Marcel Fernandez for writing and publishing a defamatory article in their railway labour magazine "Railway Herald" in the Court of the Divisional First Class Magistrate Mr. Ekran I.C.S., through Mr. Pardiwala, a pleader of Bulsar.

On June 12 when the case was before the Court Mr. Fernandez submitted a written apology and the complainant withdrew the case against him. The Court then postponed the case for hearing till the 27th instant as Messrs. Jhabwala and Menon requested the Court for time.

To-day as Messrs. Jhabwala and Menon submitted their written apologies through their pleader, the complainant Dr. Faramroz withdrew the case against them also.

INCORRECT STATEMENTS.

The written apology which is signed by Messrs. Jhabwala and Menon runs as follows:—

Dr. F. H. Pardiwalla Medical Officer B. B. and C. I. Rly. Bombay.

We, the undersigned, state that certain allegations were published concerning you in our paper, "The Railway Herald" dated 17th November and 3rd December 1934 and you have filed a complaint against us for defamation in connection with these allegations.

We assure you that we had no ill-will or malice against you and we published them in good faith believing them to be true at the time of publication. Now we find that these allegations were incorrect and we ought not be have published them without proper enquiry. We are sorry for it.

We think this explanation will satisfy you and on your withdrawing the complaint against us we shall publish this letter in our issue and you are at liberty to make any reasonable use of this letter as you like.

A similar apology was tendered by Mr. Marcel Fernandez, Printer and publisher of "The Railway Herald."

Privy Council Dismisses Advocate-General's Petition

Declines To Interfere With High Court Judgment In C. D. Lawyers' Case

Mr. P. R. Bharucha, one of the Bombay Barristers against whom Sir Jamshedjee has ex-Advocate-General, Bombay High Court has two petitions in the Privy Council for special to appeal against the Bombay High Court's Full Judgment in connection with the disciplinary action under the Bar Council's Act for participation in Civil Disobedience Movement, has received a from Mr. Henry Polak, his solicitor in London, ming him that the petitions have been dismissed. able reads "all petitions against you and colleagues missed today subject to formal statement of reasons later."

It will be recalled that the Bombay Government prosecuted Messrs. P. R. Bharucha, Dr. K. B. Bharucha and M. R. Masani, three Bombay barristers under the Bar Council's Act with a view to taking disciplinary action against them for their participation in the Civil Disobedience Movement and assisting in an unlawful association. The Full Bench of the Bombay High Court which heard the petition dismissed the same opining that there was no ground to take disciplinary action under the Bar Council's Act.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga, ex-Advocate-General, Bombay High Court filed petitions in the Privy Council for leave to appeal against this decision of the Full Bench of the Bombay High Court, which has now been dismissed.

Mr. Henry Polak, Mr. D. N. Pritt, K. C. and Mr. William Wallach appeared as counsels for the Bombay barristers.

"LEADER" TEMPT APPEAL

Privy Council Committee Decides At Granting Leave

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, June 28.

A special case "The Leader" states that their" Contempt Case applicati special leave to appeal was by the Judicial Committee Privy Council.

The Board composed of Lords Blan MacMillan and Sanderso William Jowitt K.C. Mr. Pand Mr. Sidney Smith appea for the petitioners and pondent were represented Dunse K. C. and Mr. Wa

After hearing arguments, without giving reasons, their lordships not to advise His Majesty t special leave.

PRISONER'S ESCAPE FROM CUSTODY

Two Police Officers Of Moga Suspended

MOGA, June 27.

One Sub-Inspector and a footconstable have been suspended following the escape of an undertrial prisoner, Indar Singh, from their custody while being escorted along with other dacoits to Moga. The prisoner has, however, been rearrested.—United Press.

5 LAKHS FOR VILLAGE IMPROVEMENT

India Govt. Grant To Central Provinces

NAGPUR, June 26.

The Government of India, it is understood, have allotted 5 lakhs of rupees towards village improvement in the Central Provinces. The Central Provinces Government are now considering the proposal of setting apart one lakh of rupees from this amount for establishing five new Debt Conciliation Boards.—A. P.

TRIBAL FIGHTING ENDS

NATHIAGALI, June 28.

According to reports received here from Malakand the total number of casualties in the tribal fight at Bajaur caused by an old standing feud between Khans of Khar and Nawagai was twenty-three. Each of the tribes was trying to extend its jurisdiction at the expense of the other.

The fight has now stopped and efforts are being made to conclude a peace.—A.P.

In order to assist the Chief of the Air Staff in supervising the expansion of the Air Force, the Air Minister has temporarily revived the post of Inspector-General of the Air Force, and has appointed Air Chief Marshal Sir Robert Brooke-Popham, to the post. Sir John Steel will relieve Sir Brooke-Popham.

"B. F." TOORD BBOURNE

Suggest Few Points" For His ellency's Visit Karachi

Your Exce

It is rted in semi-official circles, that you are coming to Karachi f and that after visiting hospitals here, you might pr to Quetta as well. Now that the Government of India has the wisdom of terminating the military control of Quetta of restoring the civil administration in that centre, I suggest a few points for Excellency?

(1) As might be aware, the greatest sufferers in the Quetta Earthqu are the people of Shikarpur of Dera Ghazikhan.

(2) Shikarpur is in Sindh, and it a place, where you had op a splendid hospital just six months back, you will no doubt pained to know, that out of e thousand Shikarpuris staying Quetta, (4,000) four thousa and six hundred have perish and the survivors are render homeless and helpless. Will pay a visit to Shikarpur and the Leaders, and listen their demand for accelerating operations at Quetta to save rther damage to their belongings?

(3) If such is the plea of the military discontinuing salvage work will not Your Excellency press for the use of requisite Mass?

(4) Will not your Excellency see Rajendra Prasad and co-operate with the Congress in the Relief work?

B. F. BHARUCHA.

Free Distribution Of Milk For Poor

The Nasik Pinjrapole is distributing daily milk free of charge to children upto the age of three. For others they are charging at the concessional rate of two annas a seer.

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